

# Package ‘ATACseqQC’

October 17, 2017

**Type** Package

**Title** ATAC-seq Quality Control

**Version** 1.0.5

**Author** Jianhong Ou, Jun Yu, Michelle Kelliher, Lucio Castilla, Nathan Lawson, Lihua Julie Zhu

**Maintainer** Jianhong Ou <jianhong.ou@umassmed.edu>

**Description** ATAC-seq, an assay for Transposase-Accessible Chromatin using sequencing, is a rapid and sensitive method for chromatin accessibility analysis. It was developed as an alternative method to MNase-seq, FAIRE-seq and DNase-seq. Comparing to the other methods, ATAC-seq requires less amount of the biological samples and time to process. In the process of analyzing several ATAC-seq dataset produced in our labs, we learned some of the unique aspects of the quality assessment for ATAC-seq data. To help users to quickly assess whether their ATAC-seq experiment is successful, we developed ATACseqQC package partially following the guideline published in Nature Method 2013 (Greenleaf et al.), including diagnostic plot of fragment size distribution, proportion of mitochondria reads, nucleosome positioning pattern, and CTCF or other Transcript Factor footprints.

**Depends** R (>= 3.4), BiocGenerics, S4Vectors

**Imports** BSgenome, Biostrings, ChIPpeakAnno, IRanges, GenomicRanges, GenomicAlignments, GenomeInfoDb, GenomicScores, graphics, grid, limma, Rsamtools, randomForest, rtracklayer, stats, stringr

**Suggests** RUnit, BiocStyle, knitr, BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19, TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene, phastCons100way.UCSC.hg19, motifStack, MotifDb, trackViewer

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**LazyData** TRUE

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**RoxygenNote** 6.0.1

**biocViews** Sequencing, DNaseSeq, GeneRegulation, QualityControl, Coverage, NucleosomePositioning

**NeedsCompilation** no

## R topics documented:

ATACseqQC-package . . . . .	2
enrichedFragments . . . . .	2
factorFootprints . . . . .	4
fragSizeDist . . . . .	5
plotFootprints . . . . .	6
pwmScores . . . . .	7
readBamFile . . . . .	7
shiftGAlignmentsList . . . . .	8
shiftReads . . . . .	9
splitBam . . . . .	9
splitGAlignmentsByCut . . . . .	11
writeListOfGAlignments . . . . .	12
<b>Index</b>	<b>14</b>

---

ATACseqQC-package	<i>ATAC-seq Quality Control</i>
-------------------	---------------------------------

---

### Description

ATAC-seq, an assay for Transposase-Accessible Chromatin using sequencing, is a rapid and sensitive method for chromatin accessibility analysis. It was developed as an alternative method to MNase-seq, FAIRE-seq and DNase-seq. Comparing to the other methods, ATAC-seq requires less amount of the biological samples and time to process. In the process of analyzing several ATAC-seq dataset produced in our labs, we learned some of the unique aspects of the quality assessment for ATAC-seq data. To help users to quickly assess whether their ATAC-seq experiment is successful, we developed ATACseqQC package partially following the guideline published in Nature Method 2013 (Greenleaf et al.), including diagnostic plot of fragment size distribution, proportion of mitochondria reads, nucleosome positioning pattern, and CTCF or other Transcript Factor footprints.

---

enrichedFragments	<i>enrichment for nucleosome-free fragments and nucleosome signals</i>
-------------------	--

---

### Description

Get the enrichment signals for nucleosome-free fragments and nucleosomes.

### Usage

```
enrichedFragments(bamfiles, index = bamfiles, TSS, librarySize,
  upstream = 1010L, downstream = 1010L, n.tile = 101L,
  normal.method = "quantile", adjustFragmentLength = 80L,
  TSS.filter = 0.5, seqlev = paste0("chr", c(1:22, "X", "Y")))
```



---

factorFootprints      *plot ATAC-seq footprints infer factor occupancy genome wide*

---

### Description

Aggregate ATAC-seq footprint for a given motif generated over binding sites within the genome.

### Usage

```
factorFootprints(bamfiles, index = bamfiles, pfm, genome,
  min.score = "95%", bindingSites, seqlev = paste0("chr", c(1:22, "X",
  "Y")), upstream = 100, downstream = 100)
```

### Arguments

bamfiles	A vector of characters indicates the file names of bams.
index	The names of the index file of the 'BAM' file being processed; This is given without the '.bai' extension.
pfm	A Position frequency Matrix represented as a numeric matrix with row names A, C, G and T.
genome	An object of <a href="#">BSgenome</a> .
min.score	The minimum score for counting a match. Can be given as a character string containing a percentage (e.g. "95 score or as a single number. See <a href="#">matchPWM</a> .
bindingSites	A object of <a href="#">GRanges</a> indicates candidate binding sites (eg. the output of fimo).
seqlev	A vector of characters indicates the sequence levels.
upstream, downstream	numeric(1) or integer(1). Upstream and downstream of the binding region for aggregate ATAC-seq footprint.

### Value

an invisible list of matrixes with the signals for plot.

### Author(s)

Jianhong Ou

### References

Chen, K., Xi, Y., Pan, X., Li, Z., Kaestner, K., Tyler, J., Dent, S., He, X. and Li, W., 2013. DANPOS: dynamic analysis of nucleosome position and occupancy by sequencing. *Genome research*, 23(2), pp.341-351.

**Examples**

```
shiftedBamfile <- system.file("extdata", "GL1.bam",
                             package="ATACseqQC")
library(MotifDb)
CTCF <- query(MotifDb, c("CTCF"))
CTCF <- as.list(CTCF)
library(BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19)
factorFootprints(shiftedBamfile, pfm=CTCF[[1]],
                 genome=Hsapiens,
                 min.score="95%", seqlev="chr1",
                 upstream=100, downstream=100)
```

---

fragSizeDist	<i>fragment size distribution</i>
--------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

estimate the fragment size of bams

**Usage**

```
fragSizeDist(bamFiles, bamFiles.labels, ylim = NULL, logYlim = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

bamFiles	A vector of characters indicates the file names of bams.
bamFiles.labels	labels of the bam files, used for pdf file naming.
ylim	numeric(2). ylim of the histogram.
logYlim	numeric(2). ylim of log-transformed histogram for the insert.

**Value**

Invisible fragment length distribution list.

**Author(s)**

Jianhong Ou

**Examples**

```
bamFiles <- system.file("extdata", "GL1.bam", package="ATACseqQC")
bamFiles.labels <- "GL1"
fragSizeDist(bamFiles, bamFiles.labels,
             ylim=c(0, 1e4), logYlim=log10(c(5e-3, 2)))
```

---

plotFootprints      *Plots a footprint estimated by Centipede*

---

## Description

Visualizing the footprint profile

## Usage

```
plotFootprints(Profile, Mlen = 0, xlab = "Dist. to motif (bp)",
  ylab = "Cut-site probability", legTitle, newpage = TRUE, motif)
```

## Arguments

Profile	A vector with the profile estimated by CENTIPEDE
Mlen	Length of the motif for drawing vertical lines delimiting it
xlab	Label of the x axis
ylab	Label for the y axis
legTitle	Title for one of the plot corners
newpage	Plot the figure in a new page?
motif	a pfm object.

## Value

Null.

## Author(s)

Jianhong Ou

## Examples

```
library(MotifDb)
CTCF <- query(MotifDb, c("CTCF"))
CTCF <- as.list(CTCF)
motif <- new("pfm", mat=CTCF[[1]], name="CTCF")
ATACseqQC:::plotFootprints(Profile=sample.int(500),
  Mlen=ncol(CTCF[[1]]), motif=motif)
```

---

pwmcores *max PWM scores for sequences*

---

### Description

calculate the maximal PWM scores for each given sequences

### Usage

```
pwmcores(pwm, subject)
```

### Arguments

pwm	A Position Weight Matrix represented as a numeric matrix with row names A, C, G and T.
subject	Typically a <a href="#">DNAStrng</a> object. A <a href="#">Views</a> object on a <a href="#">DNAStrng</a> subject, a <a href="#">MaskedDNAS-trng</a> object, or a single character string, are also supported. IUPAC ambiguity letters in subject are ignored (i.e. assigned weight 0) with a warning.

### Value

a numeric vector

### Author(s)

Jianhong

---

readBamFile *read in bam files*

---

### Description

wrapper for readGAlignments/readGAlignmentsList to read in bam files.

### Usage

```
readBamFile(bamFile, which, tag = character(0), what = c("qname", "flag",
  "mapq", "isize", "seq", "qual", "mrnm"),
  flag = scanBamFlag(isSecondaryAlignment = FALSE, isUnmappedQuery = FALSE,
  isNotPassingQualityControls = FALSE), asMates = FALSE, ...)
```

### Arguments

bamFile	character(1). Bam file name.
which	A <a href="#">GRanges</a> , <a href="#">RangesList</a> , or any object that can be coerced to a <a href="#">RangesList</a> , or missing object, from which a <a href="#">IRangesList</a> instance will be constructed. See <a href="#">ScanBamParam</a> .
tag	A vector of characters indicates the tag names to be read. See <a href="#">ScanBamParam</a> .

what	A character vector naming the fields to return. Fields are described on the <a href="#">Rsamtools[scanBam]</a> help page.
flag	An integer(2) vector used to filter reads based on their 'flag' entry. This is most easily created with the <a href="#">Rsamtools[scanBamFlag]</a> helper function.
asMates	logical(1). Paired ends or not
...	parameters used by <a href="#">readGAlignmentsList</a> or <a href="#">readGAlignments</a>

**Value**

A GAlignmentsList object when asMats=TRUE, otherwise A GAlignments object.

**Author(s)**

Jianhong Ou

**Examples**

```
library(BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19)
which <- as(seqinfo(Hsapiens)[chr1], "GRanges")
bamfile <- system.file("extdata", "GL1.bam",
                      package="ATACseqQC", mustWork=TRUE)
readBamFile(bamfile, which=which, asMates=TRUE)
```

---

shiftGAlignmentsList *shift 5' ends*

---

**Description**

shift the GAlignmentsLists by 5' ends. All reads aligning to the positive strand will be offset by +4bp, and all reads aligning to the negative strand will be offset -5bp by default.

**Usage**

```
shiftGAlignmentsList(gal, positive = 4L, negative = 5L)
```

**Arguments**

gal	An object of <a href="#">GAlignmentsList</a> .
positive	integer(1). the size to be shift for positive strand
negative	integer(1). the size to be shift for negative strand

**Value**

An object of [GAlignments](#) with 5' end shifted reads.

**Author(s)**

Jianhong Ou



**Examples**

```
bamfile <- system.file("extdata", "GL1.bam", package="ATACseqQC")
tags <- c("AS", "XN", "XM", "XO", "XG", "NM", "MD", "YS", "YT")
library(BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19)
which <- as(seqinfo(Hsapiens)["chr1"], "GRanges")
gal <- readBamFile(bamfile, tag=tags, which=which, asMates=TRUE)
objs <- shiftGAlignmentsList(gal)
export(objs, "shift.bam")
```

---

 shiftReads

*shift read for 5'end*


---

**Description**

shift reads for 5'ends

**Usage**

```
shiftReads(x, positive = 4L, negative = 5L)
```

**Arguments**

x	an object of GAlignments
positive	integer(1). the size to be shift for positive strand
negative	integer(1). the size to be shift for negative strand

**Value**

an object of GAlignments

**Author(s)**

Jianhong Ou

---

 splitBam

*prepare bam files for downstream analysis*


---

**Description**

shift the bam files by 5'ends and split the bam files.

**Usage**

```
splitBam(bamfile, tags, outPath = NULL, txs, genome, conservation,
positive = 4L, negative = 5L, breaks = c(0, 100, 180, 247, 315, 473,
558, 615, Inf), labels = c("NucleosomeFree", "inter1", "mononucleosome",
"inter2", "dinucleosome", "inter3", "trinucleosome", "others"),
seqlev = paste0("chr", c(1:22, "X", "Y")), cutoff = 0.8)
```

**Arguments**

bamfile	character(1). File name of bam.
tags	A vector of characters indicates the tags in bam file.
outPath	Output file path.
txs	<a href="#">GRanges</a> of transcripts.
genome	An object of <a href="#">BSgenome</a>
conservation	An object of <a href="#">GScores</a> .
positive	integer(1). the size to be shift for positive strand
negative	integer(1). the size to be shift for negative strand
breaks	A numeric vector for fragment size of nucleosome freee, mononucleosome, dinucleosome and trinucleosome
labels	A vector of characters indicates the labels for the levels of the resulting category. The length of labels = length of breaks - 1
seqlev	A vector of characters indicates the sequence levels.
cutoff	numeric(1). Cutoff value for prediction by <a href="#">randomForest</a> .

**Value**

an invisible list of [GAlignments](#)

**Author(s)**

Jianhong Ou

**See Also**

[shiftGAlignmentsList](#), [splitGAlignmentsByCut](#), and [writeListOfGAlignments](#)

**Examples**

```
bamfile <- system.file("extdata", "GL1.bam", package="ATACseqQC")
tags <- c("AS", "XN", "XM", "XO", "XG", "NM", "MD", "YS", "YT")
library(BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19)
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
txs <- transcripts(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
library(phastCons100way.UCSC.hg19)
objs <- splitBam(bamfile, tags,
                 txs=txs, genome=Hsapiens,
                 conservation=phastCons100way.UCSC.hg19,
                 seqlev="chr1")
```

---

splitGAlignmentsByCut *split bam into nucleosome free, mononucleosome, dinucleosome and trinucleosome*

---

## Description

use random forest to split the reads into nucleosome free, mononucleosome, dinucleosome and trinucleosome. The features used in random forest including fragment length, GC content, and UCSC phastCons conservation scores.

## Usage

```
splitGAlignmentsByCut(obj, txs, genome, conservation, breaks = c(0, 100, 180,
  247, 315, 473, 558, 615, Inf), labels = c("NucleosomeFree", "inter1",
  "mononucleosome", "inter2", "dinucleosome", "inter3", "trinucleosome",
  "others"), labelsOfNucleosomeFree = "NucleosomeFree",
  labelsOfMononucleosome = "mononucleosome", trainingSetPercentage = 0.15,
  cutoff = 0.8, halfSizeOfNucleosome = 80L)
```

## Arguments

obj	an object of <a href="#">GAlignments</a>
txs	GRanges of transcripts
genome	an object of <a href="#">BSgenome</a>
conservation	an object of <a href="#">GScores</a> .
breaks	a numeric vector for fragment size of nucleosome free, mononucleosome, dinucleosome and trinucleosome. The breaks pre-defined here is following the description of Greenleaf's paper (see reference).
labels	a character vector for labels of the levels of the resulting category.
labelsOfNucleosomeFree, labelsOfMononucleosome	character(1). The label for nucleosome free and mononucleosome.
trainingSetPercentage	numeric(1) between 0 and 1. Percentage of training set from top coverage.
cutoff	numeric(1) between 0 and 1. cutoff value for prediction.
halfSizeOfNucleosome	numeric(1) or integer(1). The read length will be adjusted to half of the nucleosome size to enhance the signal-to-noise ratio.

## Value

a list of [GAlignments](#)

## Author(s)

Jianhong Ou

## References

Buenrostro, J.D., Giresi, P.G., Zaba, L.C., Chang, H.Y. and Greenleaf, W.J., 2013. Transposition of native chromatin for fast and sensitive epigenomic profiling of open chromatin, DNA-binding proteins and nucleosome position. *Nature methods*, 10(12), pp.1213-1218.

Chen, K., Xi, Y., Pan, X., Li, Z., Kaestner, K., Tyler, J., Dent, S., He, X. and Li, W., 2013. DANPOS: dynamic analysis of nucleosome position and occupancy by sequencing. *Genome research*, 23(2), pp.341-351.

## Examples

```
library(GenomicRanges)
bamfile <- system.file("extdata", "GL1.bam",
                      package="ATACseqQC", mustWork=TRUE)
tags <- c("AS", "XN", "XM", "XO", "XG", "NM", "MD", "YS", "YT")
gal1 <- readBamFile(bamFile=bamfile, tag=tags,
                  which=GRanges("chr1", IRanges(1, 1e6)),
                  asMates=FALSE)
names(gal1) <- mcols(gal1)$qname
library(BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19)
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
txs <- transcripts(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)
library(phastCons100way.UCSC.hg19)
splitGAlignmentsByCut(gal1, txs=txs, genome=Hsapiens,
                      conservation=phastCons100way.UCSC.hg19)
```

---

writeListOfGAlignments

*export list of GAlignments into bam files*

---

## Description

wrapper for [export](#) to export list of GAlignment into bam files.

## Usage

```
writeListOfGAlignments(objs, outPath = ".")
```

## Arguments

objs	A list of <a href="#">GAlignments</a> .
outPath	character(1). Output file path.

## Value

status of export.

## Author(s)

Jianhong Ou

**Examples**

```
library(GenomicAlignments)
gal1 <- GAlignments(seqnames=Rle("chr1"), pos=1L, cigar="10M",
                    strand=Rle(strand(c("+"))), names="a", score=1)
galist <- GAlignmentsList(a=gal1)
writeListOfGAlignments(galist)
```

# Index

ATACseqQC (ATACseqQC-package), 2  
ATACseqQC-package, 2

BSgenome, 4, 10

DNAStrng, 7

enrichedFragments, 2  
estLibSize, 3  
export, 12

factorFootprints, 4  
fragSizeDist, 5

GAlignments, 8, 10–12  
GAlignmentsList, 8  
GRanges, 3, 4, 7, 10  
GScores, 10, 11

MaskedDNAStrng, 7  
matchPWM, 4

normalizeBetweenArrays, 3

plotFootprints, 6  
pwmscores, 7

randomForest, 10  
RangesList, 7  
readBamFile, 7  
readGAlignments, 8  
readGAlignmentsList, 8  
Rsamtools, 8

ScanBamParam, 7  
shiftGAlignmentsList, 8, 10  
shiftReads, 9  
splitBam, 9  
splitGAlignmentsByCut, 10, 11

Views, 7

writeListOfGAlignments, 10, 12