

# Package ‘carnation’

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**Title** Interactive Exploration & Management of RNA-Seq Analyses

**Version** 1.1.0

**Description** Highly interactive & modular shiny app to explore three facets of RNA-Seq analysis: differential expression (DE), functional enrichment and pattern analysis. Several visualizations are implemented to provide a wide-ranging view of data sets. For DE analysis, we provide PCA plot, MA plot, Upset plot & heatmaps, in addition to a highly customizable gene plot. Seven different visualizations are available for functional enrichment analysis, and we also support gene pattern analysis. Genes of interest can be tracked across all modules using the gene scratchpad. In addition, carnation provides an integrated platform to manage multiple projects and user access that can be run on a central server to share with collaborators.

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carnation-package	<i>carnation</i>
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**Description**

carnation is an interactive Shiny dashboard that makes complex bulk RNA-Seq data more accessible and intuitive, integrating all facets of bulk RNA-Seq analysis using three modules - differential expression analysis, functional enrichment and pattern analysis.

## Details

- Deeply explore analysis results from complex experiments using interactive plots.
- Easily keep track of genes of interest using the 'Gene scratchpad'.
- Use fuzzy search to filter and search functional enrichment results.
- Visualize complex patterns using highly customizable gene plot.
- Manage local data in single-user mode or deploy on a server to share with collaborators using in-built user management system.

Main function to run the app: `run_carnation()`

## Author(s)

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## See Also

Useful links:

- <https://nichd-bspc.github.io/carnation/>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/NICHD-BSPC/carnation/issues>

---

add.set.column

*Add set column to UpSet plot matrix*

---

## Description

This function adds a column denoting set number to a matrix generated for an upset plot with `fromList.with.names()`

## Usage

```
add.set.column(df)
```

## Arguments

`df` binary matrix where row = genes & columns are gene sets, with 1 indicating that a gene is present in that gene set and vice-versa

## Value

data.frame with added set column

**Examples**

```
# list of genes
lst <- list(group1 = c(a = "gene1", b = "gene2", c = "gene3", d = "gene4"),
            group2 = c(c = "gene3", d = "gene4"))

# binarized matrix with group membership
df <- fromList.with.names(lst)

# matrix with added set column
ldf <- add.set.column(df)
```

---

add_metadata	<i>Add metadata to counts data frame</i>
--------------	------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Add metadata to counts data frame

**Usage**

```
add_metadata(df, coldata, exclude.intgroups)
```

**Arguments**

df	data.frame with gene counts
coldata	data.frame with metadata
exclude.intgroups	metadata columns to ignore

**Value**

counts data frame with added metadata

**Examples**

```
library(DESeq2)

# make example DESeq data set
dds <- makeExampleDESeqDataSet()

# extract counts and metadata
df <- assay(dds)
coldata <- colData(dds)

# get gene counts df
counts_df <- get_gene_counts(dds, paste0('gene', seq_len(10)))

# add metadata
counts_df <- add_metadata(counts_df, coldata, exclude.intgroups=NULL)
```

---

`alluvialmod`*Alluvial plot module*

---

## Description

UI & module to generate alluvial plots.

## Usage

```
alluvialUI(id, panel)
```

```
alluvialServer(id, obj, res_obj, config)
```

## Arguments

<code>id</code>	Module id
<code>panel</code>	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
<code>obj</code>	reactiveValues object containing GeneTonic object
<code>res_obj</code>	reactive, dataframe containing enrichment results
<code>config</code>	reactive list with config settings

## Value

UI returns tagList with plot UI server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects)

## Examples

```
library(shiny)

# get DESeqResults object
data(res_dex, package='carnation')

# get enrichResult object
data(eres_dex, package='carnation')

# convert to GeneTonic object
gt <- GeneTonic::shake_enrichResult(eres_dex)

obj <- reactive({
  list(l_gs = gt$l_gs,
       anno_df = gt$anno_df,
       label = 'comp1')
})

res_obj <- reactive({ res })

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

# run simple shiny app with plot
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
```

```

    ui = fluidPage(
      sidebarPanel(alluvialUI('p', 'sidebar')),
      mainPanel(alluvialUI('p', 'main'))
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      alluvialServer('p', obj, res_obj, config)
    }
  )
}

```

---

check\_user\_access      *Get data areas a user has access to*

---

## Description

This function takes a username and returns a list with two elements:

## Usage

```
check_user_access(al, u, admin = "admin")
```

## Arguments

al	list with access settings; should have two elements - user_group & data_area
u	user name
admin	Admin user group

## Details

user\_group: one element vector data\_area: vector of data areas

## Value

list of user groups and data areas

## Examples

```

# save access details to file
home <- Sys.getenv('HOME')

# create carnation data area if it doesn't exist
carnation_home <- file.path(home, 'carnation/data')
if(!dir.exists(carnation_home)) dir.create(carnation_home)

create_access_yaml(user = 'admin',
                  user_group = 'admin',
                  data_area = carnation_home)

# get current user access details
al <- read_access_yaml()

lst <- check_user_access(al, u='admin')

```

---

cnetmod

*Cnetplot module*

---

## Description

UI & module to generate Cnetplots.

## Usage

```
cnetPlotUI(id, panel)
```

```
cnetPlotServer(id, obj, config)
```

## Arguments

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
obj	reactive, dataframe containing enrichment results
config	reactive list with config settings

## Value

UI returns tagList with plot UI server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects)

## Examples

```
library(shiny)

# get DESeqResults object
data(res_dex, package='carnation')

obj <- reactive({ res })

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

# run simple shiny app with plot
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
    ui = fluidPage(
      sidebarPanel(cnetPlotUI('p', 'sidebar')),
      mainPanel(cnetPlotUI('p', 'main'))
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      cnetPlotServer('p', obj, config)
    }
  )
}
```

---

create_access_yaml	<i>Create access yaml</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

### Description

This function creates an access yaml file. This is primarily intended for the first run.

### Usage

```
create_access_yaml(user, user_group, data_area)
```

### Arguments

user	User name
user_group	User group
data_area	Path to data area containing RDS files

### Value

Invisibly returns NULL. This function is primarily used for its side effect of saving a yaml file with access settings

### Examples

```
# save access details to file
home <- Sys.getenv('HOME')

# create carnation data area if it doesn't exist
carnation_home <- file.path(home, 'carnation/data')
if(!dir.exists(carnation_home)) dir.create(carnation_home)

create_access_yaml(user = 'admin',
                  user_group = 'admin',
                  data_area = carnation_home)
```

---

degmod	<i>Pattern plot module</i>
--------	----------------------------

---

### Description

Module UI & server to generate pattern plots.

### Usage

```
patternPlotUI(id, panel, tab)
```

```
patternPlotServer(id, obj, coldata, gene_scratchpad, upset_data, config)
```

**Arguments**

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
tab	string, if 'plot' show plot settings, if 'table' show table settings; if 'both', show settings for both.
obj	reactiveValues object containing carnation object
coldata	reactiveValues object containing object metadata
gene_scratchpad	reactive containing genes selected in scratchpad
upset_data	reactive containing list with data from upset plot module
config	reactive list with config settings

**Value**

UI returns tagList with module UI server returns reactive with selected genes for scratchpad updates

**Examples**

```
library(shiny)
library(DESeq2)

# Create reactive values to simulate app state
oobj <- make_example_carnation_object()

obj <- reactiveValues(
  dds = oobj$dds,
  rld = oobj$rld,
  res = oobj$res,
  all_dds = oobj$all_dds,
  all_rld = oobj$all_rld,
  dds_mapping = oobj$dds_mapping
)

cdata <- lapply(oobj$rld, function(x) colData(x))

coldata <- reactiveValues( all=cdata, curr=cdata )

gene_scratchpad <- reactive({ c('gene1', 'gene2') })
upset_data <- reactive({ list(genes=NULL, labels=NULL) })

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(
    sidebarPanel(
      patternPlotUI('p', 'sidebar', 'both'),
      conditionalPanel(condition = "input.pattern_mode == 'Plot'",
        patternPlotUI('p', 'sidebar', 'plot')
      ),
      conditionalPanel(condition = "input.pattern_mode == 'Table'",
        patternPlotUI('p', 'sidebar', 'table')
      )
    )
  ),

```

```

    mainPanel(
      tabsetPanel(id='pattern_mode',
        tabPanel('Plot',
          patternPlotUI('p', 'plot')
        ), # tabPanel plot

        tabPanel('Cluster membership',
          patternPlotUI('p', 'table')
        ) # tabPanel cluster_membership

      ) # tabsetPanel pattern_mode
    ) # tabPanel pattern_analysis
  ),
  server = function(input, output, session){
    patternPlotServer('deg_plot', obj, coldata,
                      gene_scratchpad, upset_data, config)
  }
)

```

degpatterns\_dex

*A degPatterns object for differentially expressed genes in the dexamethasone treatment comparison.*

## Description

A degPatterns object for differentially expressed genes in the dexamethasone treatment comparison.

## Format

A degPatterns object, generated with the degPatterns function from the DEGreport package.

## Details

This degPatterns object was created to test for groups of coexpressed genes in the top 100 differentially expressed genes from the dexamethasone treatment comparison.

Details on how this object has been created are included in the create\_carnation\_data.R script, included in the scripts folder of the Carnation package.

## References

Himes BE, Jiang X, Wagner P, Hu R, Wang Q, Klanderman B, Whitaker RM, Duan Q, Lasky-Su J, Nikolos C, Jester W, Johnson M, Panettieri R Jr, Tantisira KG, Weiss ST, Lu Q. "RNA-Seq Transcriptome Profiling Identifies CRISPLD2 as a Glucocorticoid Responsive Gene that Modulates Cytokine Function in Airway Smooth Muscle Cells." PLoS One. 2014 Jun 13;9(6):e99625. PMID: 24926665. GEO: GSE52778

---

dendromod                      *Dendrogram module*

---

## Description

UI & module to generate dendrograms.

## Usage

```
dendrogramUI(id, panel)
```

```
dendrogramServer(id, obj, config)
```

## Arguments

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
obj	reactiveValues object containing GeneTonic object
config	reactive list with config settings

## Value

UI returns tagList with plot UI server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects)

## Examples

```
library(shiny)

# get enrichResult object
data(eres_dex, package='carnation')

# convert to GeneTonic object
gt <- GeneTonic::shake_enrichResult(eres_dex)

obj <- reactive({
  list(l_gs = gt$l_gs,
       anno_df = gt$anno_df,
       label = 'comp1')
})

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

# run simple shiny app with plot
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
    ui = fluidPage(
      sidebarPanel(dendrogramUI('p', 'sidebar')),
      mainPanel(dendrogramUI('p', 'main'))
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      dendrogramServer('p', obj, config)
    }
  )
}
```

```
}

```

---

 distillmod

*Distilled enrichment map module*


---

## Description

UI & module to generate distill enrichment map plots.

## Usage

```
distillPlotUI(id, panel)

distillPlotServer(id, obj, args, config)
```

## Arguments

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
obj	reactive containing 'distilled' enrichment results
args	reactive, list with plot arguments, 'numcat' (number of categories to plot)
config	reactive list with config settings

## Value

UI returns tagList with plot UI server returns reactive with number of plotted terms

## Examples

```
library(GeneTonic)
library(shiny)

# get DESeqResults object
data(res_dex, package='carnation')

# get enrichResult object
data(eres_dex, package='carnation')

# preprocess & convert to GeneTonic object
eres2 <- GeneTonic::shake_enrichResult(eres_dex)
gt <- enrich_to_genetonic(eres_dex, res_dex)

# get distilled results
df <- distill_enrichment(
  eres2,
  res_dex,
  gt$anno_df,
  n_gs = 10,
  cluster_fun = "cluster_markov"
)
```

```

# number of plotted terms
args <- reactive({ list(numcat=10) })

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

# run simple shiny app with plot
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
    ui = fluidPage(
      sidebarPanel(distillPlotUI('p', 'sidebar')),
      mainPanel(distillPlotUI('p', 'main'))
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      numcat <- observe({
        distillPlotServer('p',
                          reactive({ df }),
                          args,
                          config)
      })
    }
  )
}

```

---

dlmod

*Download button module*


---

## Description

Module UI & server for download buttons.

## Usage

```
downloadButtonUI(id)
```

```
downloadButtonServer(id, outplot, plot_type)
```

## Arguments

id	Module id
outplot	reactive plot handle
plot_type	reactive/static value used for output filename

## Value

UI returns tagList with download button UI. Server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects).

## Examples

```

library(shiny)
library(ggplot2)

# get example object

```

```

obj <- make_example_carnation_object()
res <- as.data.frame(obj$res[[1]])

# make MA plot
p <- ggplot(res, aes(x=baseMean, y=log2foldChange)) +
  geom_point(color='black', alpha=0.5)

outplot <- reactive({ p })

# app with a single button to download a plot
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
    ui = fluidPage(
      downloadButtonUI('p')
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      downloadButtonServer('p', outplot, 'maplot')
    }
  )
}

```

---

dummy_genetonic	<i>Make dummy GeneTonic object</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Make dummy GeneTonic object

**Usage**

```
dummy_genetonic(eres)
```

**Arguments**

eres                    enrichResult object

**Value**

GeneTonic object

---

emapmod	<i>Enrichment map plot module</i>
---------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

UI & module to generate enrichment map plots.

**Usage**

```

enrichmapUI(id, panel)

enrichmapServer(id, obj, res_obj, config)

```

**Arguments**

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
obj	reactiveValues object containing GeneTonic object
res_obj	reactive, dataframe containing enrichment results
config	reactive list with config settings

**Value**

UI returns tagList with plot UI server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects)

**Examples**

```
library(shiny)

# get DESeqResults object
data(res_dex, package='carnation')

# get enrichResult object
data(eres_dex, package='carnation')

# convert to GeneTonic object
gt <- GeneTonic::shake_enrichResult(eres_dex)

obj <- reactive({
  list(l_gs = gt$l_gs,
       anno_df = gt$anno_df,
       label = 'comp1')
})

res_obj <- reactive({ res })

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

# run simple shiny app with plot
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
    ui = fluidPage(
      sidebarPanel(enrichmapUI('p', 'sidebar')),
      mainPanel(enrichmapUI('p', 'main'))
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      enrichmapServer('p', obj, res_obj, config)
    }
  )
}
```

---

enrich\_to\_genetonic     *Convert enrichResult to GeneTonic object*

---

### Description

This function takes an enrichResult object and DE analysis results and creates a GeneTonic object.

### Usage

```
enrich_to_genetonic(enrich, res)
```

### Arguments

enrich	enrichResult object
res	data frame with DE analysis results

### Value

GeneTonic object

### Examples

```
# get enrich & res objects
data(res_dex, package="carnation")
data(eres_dex, package="carnation")

# convert to GeneTonic object
gt <- enrich_to_genetonic(eres_dex, res_dex)
```

---

eres\_cell     *An enrichResult object for differentially expressed genes in the cell line comparison.*

---

### Description

An enrichResult object for differentially expressed genes in the cell line comparison.

### Format

An enrichResult object, generated with the enrichGO function from the clusterProfiler package.

### Details

This enrichResult object was created to test for functional enrichment using the GO Biological Process (BP) ontology on the top 100 differentially expressed genes from the cell line comparison.

Details on how this object has been created are included in the create\_carnation\_data.R script, included in the scripts folder of the Carnation package.

## References

Himes BE, Jiang X, Wagner P, Hu R, Wang Q, Klanderman B, Whitaker RM, Duan Q, Lasky-Su J, Nikolos C, Jester W, Johnson M, Panettieri R Jr, Tantisira KG, Weiss ST, Lu Q. "RNA-Seq Transcriptome Profiling Identifies CRISPLD2 as a Glucocorticoid Responsive Gene that Modulates Cytokine Function in Airway Smooth Muscle Cells." PLoS One. 2014 Jun 13;9(6):e99625. PMID: 24926665. GEO: GSE52778

---

eres_dex	<i>An enrichResult object for differentially expressed genes in the dexamethasone treatment comparison.</i>
----------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

---

## Description

An enrichResult object for differentially expressed genes in the dexamethasone treatment comparison.

## Format

An enrichResult object, generated with the enrichGO function from the clusterProfiler package.

## Details

This enrichResult object was created to test for functional enrichment using the GO Biological Process (BP) ontology on the top 100 differentially expressed genes from the dexamethasone treatment comparison.

Details on how this object has been created are included in the create\_carnation\_data.R script, included in the scripts folder of the Carnation package.

## References

Himes BE, Jiang X, Wagner P, Hu R, Wang Q, Klanderman B, Whitaker RM, Duan Q, Lasky-Su J, Nikolos C, Jester W, Johnson M, Panettieri R Jr, Tantisira KG, Weiss ST, Lu Q. "RNA-Seq Transcriptome Profiling Identifies CRISPLD2 as a Glucocorticoid Responsive Gene that Modulates Cytokine Function in Airway Smooth Muscle Cells." PLoS One. 2014 Jun 13;9(6):e99625. PMID: 24926665. GEO: GSE52778

---

format_genes	<i>format gene names to look pretty in table output</i>
--------------	---------------------------------------------------------

---

## Description

This function works by grouping long lists of genes into groups of a specified size. Each group is collapsed using commas, while groups are separated by spaces so that datatable formatting is tricked into separating space-separated groups and not comma-separated groups

## Usage

```
format_genes(g, sep = "\\ ", genes.per.line = 6)
```

**Arguments**

g                    vector of gene names  
sep                  gene name separator  
genes.per.line    number of genes to show in a line

**Value**

vector of gene names prettified for data.table output

**Examples**

```
# string with genes separated by '/'  
g <- "gene1/gene2/gene3/gene4/gene5/gene6/gene7"  
  
gg <- format_genes(g, genes.per.line=3)
```

---

fromList.with.names    *Prepare list for UpSet plots, but include rownames*

---

**Description**

Prepare list for UpSet plots, but include rownames

**Usage**

```
fromList.with.names(lst)
```

**Arguments**

lst                  List of sets to compare (same input as to UpSetR::fromList)

**Value**

data.frame of 1 and 0 showing which genes are in which sets

**Examples**

```
# list of genes  
lst <- list(group1 = c(a = "gene1", b = "gene2", c = "gene3", d = "gene4"),  
          group2 = c(c = "gene3", d = "gene4"))  
  
# binarized matrix with group membership  
df <- fromList.with.names(lst)
```

---

funenrichmod

*Functional enrichment module*


---

## Description

UI & module to show functional enrichment tables & plots.

## Usage

```
enrichUI(id, panel, tab = "none")
```

```
enrichServer(id, obj, upset_table, gene_scratchpad, reset_genes, config)
```

## Arguments

id	ID string used to match the ID used to call the module UI function
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
tab	string, if 'table' show table settings, if 'plots' show plot settings; if 'compare_results', show comparison settings.
obj	reactiveValues object containing carnation object
upset_table	reactive, data from upset plot module
gene_scratchpad	reactive, genes selected in gene scratchpad
reset_genes	reactive to reset genes in scratchpad
config	reactive list with config settings

## Value

UI returns tagList with plot UI server returns reactive with gene selected from functional enrichment tables.

## Examples

```
library(shiny)
library(DESeq2)

# Create reactive values to simulate app state
oobj <- make_example_carnation_object()

obj <- reactiveValues(
  dds = oobj$dds,
  rld = oobj$rld,
  res = oobj$res,
  all_dds = oobj$all_dds,
  all_rld = oobj$all_rld,
  dds_mapping = oobj$dds_mapping
)

upset_table <- reactiveValues(tbl=NULL, intersections=NULL, set_labels=NULL)

gene_scratchpad <- reactive({ c('gene1', 'gene2') })
```

```

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(
    sidebarPanel(
      conditionalPanel(condition = "input.func == 'Table'",
        enrichUI('p', 'sidebar', 'table')
      ),
      conditionalPanel(condition = "input.func == 'Plot'",
        enrichUI('p', 'sidebar', 'plot')
      ),
      conditionalPanel(condition = "input.func == 'Compare results'",
        enrichUI('p', 'sidebar', 'compare_results')
      )
    ),
    mainPanel(
      tabsetPanel(id='func',
        tabPanel('Table',
          enrichUI('p', 'main', 'table')
        ), # tabPanel table

        tabPanel('Plot',
          enrichUI('p', 'main', 'plot')
        ), # tabPanel plot

        tabPanel('Compare results',
          enrichUI('p', 'main', 'compare_results')
        ) # tabPanel compare_results

      ) # tabsetPanel func
    ) # tabPanel
  ),
  server = function(input, output, session){
    enrich_data <- enrichServer('p', obj,
                                upset_table,
                                gene_scratchpad,
                                reactive({ FALSE }),
                                config)
  }
)

```

---

fuzzymod

*Fuzzy enrichment map module*


---

### Description

UI & module to generate fuzzy enrichment map plots.

### Usage

```
fuzzyPlotUI(id, panel)
```

```
fuzzyPlotServer(id, obj, args, config)
```

**Arguments**

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
obj	reactive containing 'distilled' enrichment results
args	reactive, list with plot arguments, 'numcat' (number of categories to plot)
config	reactive list with config settings

**Value**

UI returns tagList with plot UI server returns reactive with number of plotted terms

**Examples**

```

library(shiny)

# get enrichResult object
data(eres_dex, package='carnation')

# preprocess & convert to GeneTonic object
gt <- GeneTonic::shake_enrichResult(eres_dex)

# get distilled results
df <- GeneTonic::gs_fuzzyclustering(gt[seq_len(10)],,
  similarity_threshold = 0.35,
  fuzzy_seeding_initial_neighbors = 3,
  fuzzy_multilinkage_rule = 0.5)

# number of plotted terms
args <- reactive({ list(numcat=10) })

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

# run simple shiny app with plot
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
    ui = fluidPage(
      sidebarPanel(fuzzyPlotUI('p', 'sidebar')),
      mainPanel(fuzzyPlotUI('p', 'main'))
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      numcat <- observe({
        fuzzyPlotServer('p',
          reactive({ df }),
          args,
          config)
      })
    }
  )
}

```

geneplotmod

*Gene plot module***Description**

UI & server for module to create gene plot

**Usage**

```
genePlotUI(id, panel)
```

```
genePlotServer(id, obj, coldata, plot_args, config)
```

**Arguments**

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
obj	reactiveValues object containing carnation object
coldata	reactiveValues object containing object metadata
plot_args	reactive list with 3 elements: 'gene.id' (all gene IDs) & 'gene_scratchpad' (genes selected in scratchpad) & 'comp_all' (selected comparison)
config	reactive list with config settings

**Value**

UI returns tagList with gene plot UI. Server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects).

**Examples**

```
library(shiny)
library(DESeq2)

# Create reactive values to simulate app state
oobj <- make_example_carnation_object()

obj <- reactiveValues(
  dds = oobj$dds,
  rld = oobj$rld,
  res = oobj$res,
  all_dds = oobj$all_dds,
  all_rld = oobj$all_rld,
  dds_mapping = oobj$dds_mapping
)

# Set up coldata structure that the module expects
coldata <- reactiveValues(
  curr = list(
    all_samples = colData(oobj$dds$main),
    main = colData(oobj$dds$main)
  )
)
```

```

plot_args <- reactive({
  list(
    gene.to.plot = c("gene1", "gene2"),
    gene.id = rownames(oobj$dds$main),
    comp_all = "comp1"
  )
})

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(
    sidebarPanel(genePlotUI('p', 'sidebar')),
    mainPanel(genePlotUI('p', 'main'))
  ),
  server = function(input, output, session){
    genePlotServer('p', obj, coldata, plot_args, config)
  }
)

```

---

getcountplot

*Create gene plot*


---

## Description

This function creates the gene plot.

## Usage

```

getcountplot(
  df,
  intgroup = "group",
  factor.levels,
  title = NULL,
  ylab = "Normalized counts",
  color = "gene",
  nrow = 2,
  ymin = NULL,
  ymax = NULL,
  log = TRUE,
  freey = FALSE,
  trendline = "smooth",
  facet = NULL,
  legend = TRUE,
  boxes = TRUE,
  rotate_x_labels = 30
)

```

## Arguments

df	data.frame with gene counts
intgroup	metadata variable to plot on x-axis

factor.levels	levels of intgroup to show on x-axis
title	title of plot
ylab	y-axis label
color	metadata variable to color by
nrow	number of rows to plot if faceting
ymin	y-axis lower limit
ymax	y-axis upper limit
log	should y-axis be log10-transformed?
freey	should y-axes of faceted plots have independent scales?
trendline	type of trendline to draw
facet	metadata variable to facet by
legend	show legend?
boxes	show boxes?
rotate_x_labels	angle to rotate x-axis labels (default=30)

**Value**

ggplot handle

**Examples**

```
# make example DESeq dataset
dds <- DESeq2::makeExampleDESeqDataSet()

# get gene counts
df <- get_gene_counts(dds, gene = c('gene1', 'gene2'))

# standard gene plot
p <- getcountplot(df, intgroup = "condition", factor.levels = c("A", "B"))

# with genes faceted
p1 <- getcountplot(df, intgroup = "condition", factor.levels = c("A", "B"), facet = "gene")
```

---

get_access_path	<i>Get path to access yaml file</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This function checks for an environment variable 'CARNATION\_ACCESS\_YAML' to specify directory to save access yaml. If env variable does not exist uses home directory as save location.

**Usage**

```
get_access_path()
```

**Value**

path to access yaml

**Examples**

```
p <- get_access_path()
```

---

<code>get_config</code>	<i>Get config</i>
-------------------------	-------------------

---

**Description**

This function reads the bundled package config and returns it. If a local config yaml exists, only supported user-editable settings are merged into the returned config.

**Usage**

```
get_config(config_path = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`config_path` optional path to a local config yaml. If NULL, uses the path returned by `get_config_path()`.

**Value**

list containing config items

**Examples**

```
cfg <- get_config()
```

---

<code>get_config_path</code>	<i>Get path to local config yaml file</i>
------------------------------	-------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This function checks for an environment variable `CARNATION_CONFIG_YAML` to specify the local config yaml path. If the variable is not set, a default path in the home directory is used.

**Usage**

```
get_config_path()
```

**Value**

path to local config yaml

**Examples**

```
p <- get_config_path()
```

---

`get_degplot`*Plot a degPatterns object*

---

## Description

This function plots a degPatterns object.

## Usage

```
get_degplot(  
  obj,  
  time,  
  color = NULL,  
  cluster_column = "cluster",  
  cluster_to_show,  
  x_order,  
  points = TRUE,  
  boxes = TRUE,  
  smooth = "smooth",  
  lines = TRUE,  
  facet = TRUE,  
  prefix_title = "Cluster ",  
  genes_to_label = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>obj</code>	degPatterns object
<code>time</code>	metadata variable to plot on x-axis
<code>color</code>	variable to color plot
<code>cluster_column</code>	column to use for grouping genes
<code>cluster_to_show</code>	which clusters to show in plot
<code>x_order</code>	order of x-axis values
<code>points</code>	boolean, show samples on plot? Default: TRUE
<code>boxes</code>	boolean, show boxes on plot? Default: TRUE
<code>smooth</code>	what type of trendline to use? can be 'smooth' (default) or 'line'.
<code>lines</code>	show lines joining samples? Default: TRUE
<code>facet</code>	boolean, should plot be faceted? Default: TRUE
<code>prefix_title</code>	string, prefix for facet titles
<code>genes_to_label</code>	genes to label on plot

## Value

ggplot handle

## Examples

```
# get degpatterns object
data(degpatterns_dex, package = 'carnation')

# get pattern plot
all_clusters <- unique(degpatterns_dex$normalized$cluster)

dp <- get_degplot(degpatterns_dex, time='dex',
                  cluster_to_show=all_clusters,
                  x_order=c('untrt', 'trt'))
```

---

get_gene_counts	<i>Get read counts for gene</i>
-----------------	---------------------------------

---

## Description

This is a simple function to obtain read counts for a specified gene, based on the DESeq2::plotCounts function.

## Usage

```
get_gene_counts(dds, gene, intgroup = "condition", norm_method = "libsize")
```

## Arguments

dds	DESeqDataSet object
gene	gene name vector
intgroup	metadata variable to attach to counts
norm_method	normalization method, can be 'libsize' (default) or 'vst'

## Value

data.frame with gene counts

## Examples

```
# make example DESeq data set
dds <- DESeq2::makeExampleDESeqDataSet()

# get counts for gene1
gg <- get_gene_counts(dds, 'gene1')
```

---

```
get_project_name_from_path
```

*Get project name from path*

---

**Description**

This function takes in a path to an RDS file and returns a string to be used as project name

**Usage**

```
get_project_name_from_path(
  x,
  depth = 2,
  end_offset = 0,
  staging_dir = "dev",
  fsep = .Platform$file.sep
)
```

**Arguments**

x	character path to RDS file
depth	integer how many levels below path to look?
end_offset	integer how far from the end of path to end?
staging_dir	name of staging directory
fsep	file separator to split path with

**Value**

project name parsed from path to object

**Examples**

```
# path to carnation object
obj_path <- "/path/to/project/test/main.rnaseq.rds"

# parsed project name
get_project_name_from_path(obj_path, depth = 2, end_offset = 0)
```

---

```
get_upset_table
```

*Generate upset plot table*

---

**Description**

Generate upset plot table

**Usage**

```
get_upset_table(gene.lists, comp_split_pattern = ";")
```

**Arguments**

gene.lists        list with character vectors of gene names  
 comp\_split\_pattern  
                   character used to separate gene set names

**Value**

list with upset table elements

**Examples**

```
lst <- list(group1 = c(a = "gene1", b = "gene2", c = "gene3", d = "gene4"),
            group2 = c(b = "gene2", d = "gene4", e = "gene5"),
            group3 = c(d = "gene4", e = "gene5", f = "gene6"))

df <- get_upset_table(lst)
str(df)
```

---

 get\_y\_init

*Get initial y-axis limits*


---

**Description**

Get initial y-axis limits

**Usage**

```
get_y_init(df, y_delta, pseudocount)
```

**Arguments**

df                data.frame with counts. Must have column 'count'  
 y\_delta         y-axis padding for visualization, must be between 0 and 1  
 pseudocount     pseudo-count to add to the data.frame

**Value**

min and max limits for count column, padded for visualization

**Examples**

```
# make example DESeq dataset
dds <- DESeq2::makeExampleDESeqDataSet()

# get gene counts
df <- get_gene_counts(dds, gene = c('gene1', 'gene2'))

# get y axis limits
get_y_init(df, y_delta = 0.01, pseudocount = 1)
```

---

`gs_radar`*Radar plot*

---

### Description

This is a copy of `gs_radar` from GeneTonic where the labels of gene sets are converted to parameters

### Usage

```
gs_radar(  
  res_enrich,  
  res_enrich2 = NULL,  
  label1 = "scenario 1",  
  label2 = "scenario 2",  
  n_gs = 20,  
  p_value_column = "gs_pvalue"  
)
```

### Arguments

<code>res_enrich</code>	GeneTonic object for comparison 1
<code>res_enrich2</code>	GeneTonic object for comparison 2 (default = NULL)
<code>label1</code>	label for comparison 1
<code>label2</code>	label for comparison 2
<code>n_gs</code>	number of gene sets (default = 20)
<code>p_value_column</code>	column to use as p-value (default = 'gs_pvalue')

### Value

ggplot handle

### Examples

```
library(GeneTonic)  
  
# get DESeqResults object  
data(res_dex, package='carnation')  
  
# get enrichResult object  
data(eres_dex, package='carnation')  
  
# convert to GeneTonic object  
gt <- shake_enrichResult(eres_dex)  
  
# get annotation df  
idx <- match(c('gene', 'symbol'), tolower(colnames(res_dex)))  
anno_df <- res_dex[,idx]  
colnames(anno_df) <- c('gene_id', 'gene_name')  
  
# add aggregate score columns  
gt <- get_aggrscores(gt, res_dex, anno_df)
```

```
# make radar plot
p <- gs_radar(gt)
```

---

heatmapmod

*Heatmap module*


---

## Description

Module UI & server to generate heatmap.

## Usage

```
heatmapUI(id, panel)
```

```
heatmapServer(id, obj, coldata, plot_args, gene_scratchpad, config)
```

## Arguments

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
obj	reactiveValues object containing carnation object
coldata	reactiveValues object containing object metadata
plot_args	reactive containing 'fdr.thres' (padj threshold), 'fc.thres' (log2FC) & 'upset_data' (list containing data from upset plot module)
gene_scratchpad	reactiveValues object containing genes selected in scratchpad which will be labeled
config	reactive list with config settings

## Value

UI returns tagList with heatmap UI. Server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects).

## Examples

```
library(shiny)
library(DESeq2)

# Create reactive values to simulate app state
oobj <- make_example_carnation_object()

obj <- reactiveValues(
  dds = oobj$dds,
  rld = oobj$rld,
  res = oobj$res,
  all_dds = oobj$all_dds,
  all_rld = oobj$all_rld,
  dds_mapping = oobj$dds_mapping
)
```

```

cdata <- lapply(oobj$rld, function(x) colData(x))

coldata <- reactiveValues( all=cdata, curr=cdata )

plot_args <- reactive({
  list(
    fdr.thres=0.1,
    fc.thres=0,
    upset_data=list(genes=NULL, labels=NULL)
  )
})

gene_scratchpad <- reactive({ c('gene1', 'gene2') })

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(
    sidebarPanel(heatmapUI('p', 'sidebar')),
    mainPanel(heatmapUI('p', 'sidebar'))
  ),
  server = function(input, output, session){
    heatmapServer('p', obj, coldata,
                  plot_args, gene_scratchpad, config)
  }
)

```

---

helpmod

*Help button module*


---

## Description

Module UI & server for help buttons.

## Usage

```
helpButtonUI(id)
```

```
helpButtonServer(id, ...)
```

## Arguments

id	Module id. This also doubles as prefixes for help text files.
...	other params passed to helpModal()

## Value

UI returns tagList with help button UI. Server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects).

**Examples**

```

library(shiny)

# app with a single help button to show DE summary table details
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
    ui = fluidPage(
      helpButtonUI('de_summary_help')
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      helpButtonServer('de_summary_help')
    }
  )
}

```

---

**helpModal***Help modal*

---

**Description**

This generates a modal dialog that includes text from a markdown file.

**Usage**

```
helpModal(mdfile, title = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

mdfile	path to markdown file
title	Title of modal dialog
...	other params passed to modalDialog()

**Value**

Modal dialog with help documentation.

---

**horizonmod***Horizon plot module*

---

**Description**

UI & module to generate horizon plots.

**Usage**

```
horizonUI(id, panel)
```

```
horizonServer(id, obj, config)
```

**Arguments**

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
obj	reactiveValues object containing two GeneTonic objects
config	reactive list with config settings

**Value**

UI returns tagList with plot UI server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects)

**Examples**

```
library(shiny)

# get enrichResult object
data(eres_dex, package='carnation')

# convert to GeneTonic object
gt <- GeneTonic::shake_enrichResult(eres_dex)

# get second enrichResult object
data(eres_cell, package='carnation')

# convert to GeneTonic object
gt1 <- GeneTonic::shake_enrichResult(eres_cell)

obj <- reactive({
  list(
    obj1 = list(l_gs = gt$l_gs,
               anno_df = gt$anno_df,
               label = 'comp1'),
    obj2 = list(l_gs = gt1$l_gs,
               anno_df = gt1$anno_df,
               label = 'comp2')
  )
})

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

# run simple shiny app with plot
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
    ui = fluidPage(
      sidebarPanel(horizonUI('p', 'sidebar')),
      mainPanel(horizonUI('p', 'main'))
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      horizonServer('p', obj, config)
    }
  )
}
```

---

`init_local_config`      *Initialize local config*

---

### Description

This function copies the bundled package config to a user-writable local config yaml. This is intended for users who want to customize the supported config settings without editing the installed package.

### Usage

```
init_local_config(config_path = get_config_path(), overwrite = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

`config_path`      path to the local config yaml to create. Defaults to `get_config_path()`.  
`overwrite`      logical indicating whether to overwrite an existing file.

### Value

Path to the local config yaml, invisibly.

### Examples

```
cfg_out <- tempfile(fileext = ".yaml")
init_local_config(cfg_out)
```

---

`install_carnation`      *Create carnation python environment*

---

### Description

This function installs 'plotly' and 'kaleido' python packages in an environment to allow PDF downloads from plotly plots.

### Usage

```
install_carnation(envname, ...)
```

### Arguments

`envname`      name of the python environment  
`...`      parameters passed to `reticulate::py_install`

### Value

NULL, invisibly. The function is called for its side effects.

**Examples**

```
if(interactive()){
  install_carnation()
}
```

---

in_admin_group	<i>is user is in admin group?</i>
----------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

is user is in admin group?

**Usage**

```
in_admin_group(u)
```

**Arguments**

u	username
---	----------

**Value**

TRUE/FALSE to indicate if the user is part of the admin group

**Examples**

```
# save access details to file
home <- Sys.getenv('HOME')

# create carnation data area if it doesn't exist
carnation_home <- file.path(home, 'carnation/data')
if(!dir.exists(carnation_home)) dir.create(carnation_home)

create_access_yaml(user = 'admin',
                  user_group = 'admin',
                  data_area = carnation_home)

check <- in_admin_group('user')
```

---

is_site_admin	<i>is user an admin?</i>
---------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

is user an admin?

**Usage**

```
is_site_admin(u)
```

**Arguments**

u	username
---	----------

**Value**

boolean to indicate is user is in admin group

**Examples**

```
# check if default user is admin
yy <- is_site_admin(u='admin')
```

---

is_valid_pattern_obj	<i>Validate Pattern Analysis Object Schema</i>
----------------------	------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Validate the schema for a single degpatterns analysis element used by the pattern analysis module.

**Usage**

```
is_valid_pattern_obj(pattern_obj, require_symbol = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

pattern_obj	A single pattern analysis element. Must be either a data.frame or a list containing a normalized data.frame.
require_symbol	Logical, if TRUE require a symbol column in the analysis table.

**Value**

Returns TRUE when validation succeeds, otherwise returns FALSE after emitting a message describing the issue.

**Examples**

```
data(degpatterns_dex, package = "carnation")

is_valid_pattern_obj(degpatterns_dex)
```

---

loadmod	<i>Load data module</i>
---------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Module UI & server to load new data

**Usage**

```
loadDataUI(id)
```

```
loadDataServer(id, username, config, rds = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

id	Module id
username	user name
config	reactive list with config settings
rds	Object to be edited

**Value**

UI returns tagList with module UI Server returns reactive with app reload trigger

**Examples**

```
library(shiny)

username <- 'admin'

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

obj <- make_example_carnation_object()

rds <- reactive({ obj=obj })

shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(
    loadDataUI('p')
  ),
  server = function(input, output, session){
    loadDataServer('p', username=username, config, rds)
  }
)
```

---

makeEnrichResult	<i>Make an enrichResult obj from a data frame</i>
------------------	---------------------------------------------------

---

### Description

Most of the parameters are just placeholders and the dataframe must contain the columns 'ID' and 'geneID'

### Usage

```
makeEnrichResult(  
  df,  
  split = "/",  
  keytype = "UNKNOWN",  
  ontology = "UNKNOWN",  
  type = "enrichResult"  
)
```

### Arguments

df	data frame with functional enrichment results
split	string, character used to split gene IDs
keytype	type of gene ID
ontology	ontology database being used
type	string, can be 'enrichResult' or 'gseaResult'

### Value

enrichResult object

### Examples

```
# get enrichResult object  
data(eres_dex, package='carnation')  
  
# extract the results  
df <- as.data.frame(eres_dex)  
  
# convert to a stripped down enrichResult object  
eres2 <- makeEnrichResult(df)
```

---

make\_example\_carnation\_object  
*Make example carnation object*

---

**Description**

Returns example carnation object used in examples & testing

**Usage**

```
make_example_carnation_object()
```

**Value**

reactiveValues object containing carnation object

**Examples**

```
obj <- make_example_carnation_object()
```

---

make\_final\_object      *Make final object for internal use by the app*

---

**Description**

This function takes an uploaded object and sanitizes it to make sure it is suitable for internal use along with other additions:

- adds a 'dds\_mapping' element that maps dds\_list keys to res\_list objects.
- if there are multiple dds\_list objects, it adds a 'all\_dds' element combining all samples.

**Usage**

```
make_final_object(obj)
```

**Arguments**

obj                      list object containing lists of DE analysis results, functional enrichment objects, pattern analysis objects & raw and normalized counts objects.

**Value**

final carnation object with additional pre-processing

**Examples**

```

library(DESeq2)

# make example DESeq dataset
dds <- makeExampleDESeqDataSet()

# run DE analysis
dds <- DESeq(dds)

# extract comparison of interest
res <- results(dds, contrast = c("condition", "A", "B"))

# perform VST normalization
rld <- varianceStabilizingTransformation(dds, blind = TRUE)

# build minimal object
obj <- list(
  res_list = list(
    comp = list(
      res = res,
      dds = "main",
      label = "A vs B"
    )
  ),
  dds_list = list(main = dds),
  rld_list = list(main = rld)
)

# final object
final_obj <- make_final_object(obj)

```

---

maplotmod

*MA plot module*


---

**Description**

UI & server for module to create MA plot

**Usage**

```
maPlotUI(id, panel)
```

```
maPlotServer(id, obj, plot_args, config)
```

**Arguments**

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
obj	reactiveValues object containing carnation object
plot_args	reactive containing 'fdr.thres' (padj threshold), 'fc.thres' (log2FC threshold) & 'gene.to.plot' (genes selected in scratchpad)
config	reactive list with config settings

**Value**

UI returns tagList with MA plot UI. Server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects).

**Examples**

```
library(shiny)
library(DESeq2)

# Create reactive values to simulate app state
oobj <- make_example_carnation_object()

obj <- reactiveValues(
  dds = oobj$dds,
  rld = oobj$rld,
  res = oobj$res,
  all_dds = oobj$all_dds,
  all_rld = oobj$all_rld,
  dds_mapping = oobj$dds_mapping
)

# Set up coldata structure that the module expects
coldata <- reactiveValues(
  curr = list(
    all_samples = colData(oobj$dds$main),
    main = colData(oobj$dds$main)
  )
)

plot_args <- reactive({
  list(
    fdr.thres=0.1,
    fc.thres=0,
    gene.to.plot=c('gene1', 'gene2')
  )
})

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(
    sidebarPanel(maPlotUI('p', 'sidebar')),
    mainPanel(maPlotUI('p', 'main'))
  ),
  server = function(input, output, session){
    maPlotServer('p', obj, plot_args, config)
  }
)
```

**Description**

This function materializes expensive derived pieces for a validated carnation object, including DESeqDataSet creation from raw count matrices, variance-stabilized counts, and GeneTonic conversions.

**Usage**

```
materialize_carnation_object(obj, config = NULL, cores = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`obj` A validated object returned by `validate_carnation_object()` or `validate_loaded_carnation_object()`.  
`config` Optional config list. If NULL, will use `get_config()`.  
`cores` Optional number of worker processes. If NULL, uses `config$server$cores`.

**Value**

The input object with materialized `dds_list`, `rld_list`, and optional genetonic slots.

**Examples**

```
# Minimal example with DE results and counts
library(DESeq2)

# Create example data
dds <- makeExampleDESeqDataSet()
dds <- DESeq(dds)
res <- results(dds, contrast = c("condition", "A", "B"))
rld <- varianceStabilizingTransformation(dds, blind = TRUE)

# Validate object inputs
obj <- validate_carnation_object(
  res_list = list(
    comp1 = list(
      res = as.data.frame(res),
      dds = "main",
      label = "A vs B"
    )
  ),
  dds_list = list(main = dds),
  rld_list = list(main = rld)
)

materialized <- materialize_carnation_object(obj, cores = 1)
```

---

metamod

*Metadata module*


---

**Description**

This module generates the metadata tab that allows users to view the metadata associated with the loaded carnation object.

**Usage**

```

metadataUI(id, panel)

metadataServer(id, obj, cols.to.drop)

```

**Arguments**

id	Module id
panel	context for generating ui elements ('sidebar' or 'main')
obj	reactiveValues object containing carnation object
cols.to.drop	columns to hide from table

**Value**

UI returns tagList with metadata UI. Server returns reactive object with metadata.

**Examples**

```

library(shiny)

# Create reactive values to simulate app state
oobj <- make_example_carnation_object()

obj <- reactiveValues(
  dds = oobj$dds,
  rld = oobj$rld,
  res = oobj$res,
  all_dds = oobj$all_dds,
  all_rld = oobj$all_rld,
  dds_mapping = oobj$dds_mapping
)

config <- get_config()
cols.to.drop <- config$server$cols.to.drop

shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(
    sidebarPanel(metadataUI('p', 'sidebar')),
    mainPanel(metadataUI('p', 'main'))
  ),
  server = function(input, output, session){
    # reactiveVal to save updates
    saved_data <- reactiveVal()

    cdata <- metadataServer('p', obj, cols.to.drop)

    observeEvent(cdata(), {
      saved_data(cdata())
    })
  }
)

```

---

my.summary	<i>Summarize DESeq2 results into a dataframe</i>
------------	--------------------------------------------------

---

### Description

summary(res) prints out info; this function captures it into a dataframe

### Usage

```
my.summary(res, dds, alpha, lfc.thresh = 0)
```

### Arguments

res	DESeq2 results object
dds	DESeq2 object
alpha	Alpha level at which to call significantly changing genes
lfc.thresh	log2FoldChange threshold

### Value

Dataframe of summarized results

### Examples

```
n_genes <- 100

# make mock dds list
dds <- DESeq2::makeExampleDESeqDataSet(n=n_genes)

# make mock results df
res <- data.frame(
  baseMean = runif(n_genes, 10, 1000),
  log2FoldChange = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 2),
  lfcSE = runif(n_genes, 0.1, 0.5),
  stat = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 3),
  pvalue = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  padj = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  symbol = paste0("GENE", 1:n_genes),
  row.names = paste0("gene", 1:n_genes)
)

# get summary
df <- my.summary(res, dds, alpha=0.1)
```

---

pcamod *PCA plot module*

---

### Description

Module UI + server to generate a pca plot.

### Usage

```
pcaPlotUI(id, panel)
```

```
pcaPlotServer(id, obj, coldata, config)
```

### Arguments

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
obj	reactiveValues object containing carnation object
coldata	reactiveValues object containing object metadata
config	reactive list with config settings

### Value

UI returns tagList with PCA plot UI. Server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects).

### Examples

```
library(shiny)
library(DESeq2)

# Create reactive values to simulate app state
oobj <- make_example_carnation_object()

obj <- reactiveValues(
  dds = oobj$dds,
  rld = oobj$rld,
  res = oobj$res,
  all_dds = oobj$all_dds,
  all_rld = oobj$all_rld,
  dds_mapping = oobj$dds_mapping
)

# Set up coldata structure that the module expects
coldata <- reactiveValues(
  curr = list(
    all_samples = colData(oobj$dds$main),
    main = colData(oobj$dds$main)
  )
)

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())
```

```
shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(
    sidebarPanel(pcaPlotUI('p', 'sidebar')),
    mainPanel(pcaPlotUI('p', 'main'))
  ),
  server = function(input, output, session){
    pcaPlotServer('p', obj, coldata, config)
  }
)
```

---

plotMA.label

*Create a labeled MA plot*


---

## Description

This function creates an MA plot from a data.frame containing DE analysis results.

## Usage

```
plotMA.label(
  res,
  fdr.thres = 0.01,
  fc.thres = 0,
  fc.lim = NULL,
  lab.genes = NULL,
  tolower.cols = c("SYMBOL", "ALIAS")
)
```

## Arguments

res	data.frame with DE analysis results. Must contain "padj" & "log2FoldChange" columns
fdr.thres	False discovery rate (FDR) threshold
fc.thres	log2FoldChange threshold
fc.lim	y-axis limits
lab.genes	genes to label on MA plot
tolower.cols	column names that will be converted to lower case

## Value

ggplot handle

## Examples

```
# make mock results df
n_genes <- 100
res <- data.frame(
  baseMean = runif(n_genes, 10, 1000),
  log2FoldChange = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 2),
  lfcSE = runif(n_genes, 0.1, 0.5),
```

```
stat = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 3),
pvalue = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
padj = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
symbol = paste0("GENE", 1:n_genes),
row.names = paste0("gene", 1:n_genes)
)

plotMA.label(res, lab.genes = c("gene1", "gene2"))
```

---

plotMA.label\_ly

*Create an interactive labeled MA plot*

---

## Description

This function creates an MA plot from a data.frame containing DE analysis results using plot\_ly

## Usage

```
plotMA.label_ly(
  res,
  fdr.thres = 0.01,
  fc.thres = 0,
  fc.lim = NULL,
  lab.genes = NULL,
  tolower.cols = c("SYMBOL", "ALIAS")
)
```

## Arguments

res	data.frame with DE analysis results. Must contain "padj" & "log2FoldChange" columns
fdr.thres	False discovery rate (FDR) threshold
fc.thres	log2FoldChange threshold
fc.lim	y-axis limits
lab.genes	genes to label on MA plot
tolower.cols	column names that will be converted to lower case

## Value

plotly handle

## Examples

```
# make mock results df
n_genes <- 100
res <- data.frame(
  baseMean = runif(n_genes, 10, 1000),
  log2FoldChange = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 2),
  lfcSE = runif(n_genes, 0.1, 0.5),
  stat = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 3),
```

```
pvalue = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
padj = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
symbol = paste0("GENE", 1:n_genes),
row.names = paste0("gene", 1:n_genes)
)

plotMA.label_ly(res, lab.genes = c("gene1", "gene2"))
```

---

plotPCA.ly

*Plot an interactive PCA plot*

---

### Description

Plot an interactive PCA plot

### Usage

```
plotPCA.ly(rld, intgroup)
```

### Arguments

**rld** DESeqTransform object output by `varianceStabilizingTransformation()` or `rlog()`  
**intgroup** character vector of names in `colData(x)` to use for grouping

### Value

Handle to `ggplot` with added label field in `aes_string()` for plotting with `ggplotly()`

### Examples

```
# make example dds object
dds <- DESeq2::makeExampleDESeqDataSet()

# normalize
rld <- DESeq2::varianceStabilizingTransformation(dds, blind=TRUE)

# make pca plot
p <- plotPCA.ly(rld, intgroup='condition')
```

---

plotPCA.san	<i>Adjustable PCA plot</i>
-------------	----------------------------

---

### Description

Create a PCA plot with specified PCs on x- and y-axis

### Usage

```
plotPCA.san(  
  object,  
  intgroup = "group",  
  pcx,  
  pcy,  
  pcz = NULL,  
  ntop = 500,  
  samples = NULL,  
  loadings = FALSE,  
  loadings_ngenes = 10  
)
```

### Arguments

object	normalized DESeqDataSet object
intgroup	metadata variable to use for grouping samples
pcx	principal component to plot on x-axis
pcy	principal component to plot on y-axis
pcz	principal component to plot on z-axis. If not NULL, function returns a 3-D PCA plot.
ntop	number of most-variable genes to use
samples	vector of sample names to show on plot
loadings	boolean, show gene loadings? Default is FALSE.
loadings_ngenes	integer, # genes to show loadings for (default=10)

### Value

ggplot handle

### Examples

```
# make example dds object  
dds <- DESeq2::makeExampleDESeqDataSet()  
  
# normalize  
rld <- DESeq2::varianceStabilizingTransformation(dds, blind=TRUE)  
  
# make pca plot  
p <- plotPCA.san(rld, intgroup='condition', pcx='PC1', pcy='PC2')
```

---

plotScatter.label      *Plot a scatterplot to compare two contrasts*

---

## Description

Plot a scatterplot to compare two contrasts

## Usage

```
plotScatter.label(
  compare,
  df,
  label_x,
  label_y,
  lim.x,
  lim.y,
  color.palette,
  lab.genes = NULL,
  plot_all = "no",
  name.col = "geneid",
  lines = c("yes", "yes", "yes"),
  alpha = 1,
  size = 4,
  show.grid = "yes"
)
```

## Arguments

compare	string, what values to plot? can be 'log2FoldChange' or 'P-adj'
df	data frame with log2FoldChange & padj values to plot from 2 contrasts
label_x	string, label for x-axis
label_y	string, label for y-axis
lim.x	x-axis limits
lim.y	y-axis limits
color.palette	character vector of colors to use for significance categories 'Both - same LFC sign', 'Both - opposite LFC sign', 'None', label_x, label_y
lab.genes	genes to label (default=NULL)
plot_all	string, can be 'yes' or 'no'. if 'yes', points outside axis limits are plotted along x/y axis lines (default='no').
name.col	gene name column to merge the 2 results, also used for labeling points
lines	3-element character vector to plot gridlines in the order (x=0, y=0, x=y), with 'yes' or 'no' values. E.g. ('yes', 'yes', 'no') will plot dotted lines for x = 0 & y = 0, but not the x = y diagonal.
alpha	float, marker opacity (default=1).
size	float, marker size (default=4).
show.grid	string, can be 'yes' (default) or 'no'.

**Value**

ggplot handle

**Examples**

```
# make mock results df
n_genes <- 100
res1 <- data.frame(
  baseMean = runif(n_genes, 10, 1000),
  log2FoldChange = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 2),
  lfcSE = runif(n_genes, 0.1, 0.5),
  stat = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 3),
  pvalue = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  padj = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  symbol = paste0("GENE", 1:n_genes),
  row.names = paste0("gene", 1:n_genes)
)

res2 <- data.frame(
  baseMean = runif(n_genes, 10, 1000),
  log2FoldChange = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 2),
  lfcSE = runif(n_genes, 0.1, 0.5),
  stat = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 3),
  pvalue = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  padj = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  symbol = paste0("GENE", 1:n_genes),
  row.names = paste0("gene", 1:n_genes)
)

# add geneid column
res1 <- cbind(geneid=row.names(res1), res1)
res2 <- cbind(geneid=row.names(res2), res2)

# make merged df from the two comparisons
cols.sub <- c('log2FoldChange', 'padj', 'geneid')
df_full <- dplyr::inner_join(
  dplyr::select(as.data.frame(res1), all_of(cols.sub)),
  dplyr::select(as.data.frame(res2), all_of(cols.sub)),
  by = 'geneid',
  suffix = c('.x', '.y')
)

# calculate x & y limits for log2FoldChange
xlim <- range(df_full[[ 'log2FoldChange.x' ]])
ylim <- range(df_full[[ 'log2FoldChange.y' ]])

# get color palette
color.palette <- RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(n=5, name='Set2')

# add significance column
sig.x <- df_full$padj.x < 0.1 & !is.na(df_full$padj.x)
sig.y <- df_full$padj.y < 0.1 & !is.na(df_full$padj.y)
up.x <- df_full$log2FoldChange.x >= 0
up.y <- df_full$log2FoldChange.y >= 0
significance <- rep('None', nrow(df_full))
significance[ sig.x & sig.y & ((up.x & up.y) | (!up.x & !up.y)) ] <- 'Both - same LFC sign'
```

```

significance[ sig.x & sig.y & ((up.x & !up.y) | (!up.x & up.y)) ] <- 'Both - opposite LFC sign'
significance[ sig.x & !sig.y ] <- 'A vs B'
significance[ !sig.x & sig.y ] <- 'B vs A'
df_full$significance <- significance

# generate scatter plot
p <- plotScatter.label(compare = 'log2FoldChange',
                       df = df_full,
                       label_x = 'A vs B',
                       label_y = 'B vs A',
                       lim.x = xlim,
                       lim.y = ylim,
                       color.palette = color.palette)

```

---

plotScatter.label\_ly *Plot an interactive scatterplot to compare two contrasts*

---

### Description

Plot an interactive scatterplot to compare two contrasts

### Usage

```

plotScatter.label_ly(
  compare,
  df,
  label_x,
  label_y,
  lim.x,
  lim.y,
  color.palette,
  lab.genes = NULL,
  name.col = "geneid",
  lines = c("yes", "yes", "yes"),
  alpha = 1,
  size = 4,
  show.grid = "yes",
  source = "A"
)

```

### Arguments

compare	string, what values to plot? can be 'log2FoldChange' or 'P-adj'
df	data frame with log2FoldChange & padj values to plot from 2 contrasts
label_x	string, label for x-axis
label_y	string, label for y-axis
lim.x	x-axis limits
lim.y	y-axis limits
color.palette	character vector of colors to use for significance categories 'Both - same LFC sign', 'Both - opposite LFC sign', 'None', label_x, label_y

lab.genes	genes to label (default=NULL)
name.col	gene name column to merge the 2 results, also used for labeling points
lines	3-element character vector to plot gridlines in the order (x=0, y=0, x=y), with 'yes' or 'no' values. E.g. ('yes', 'yes', 'no') will plot dotted lines for x = 0 & y = 0, but not the x = y diagonal.
alpha	float, marker opacity (default=1).
size	float, marker size (default=4).
show.grid	string, can be 'yes' (default) or 'no'.
source	name of source to return event_data from

## Value

plotly handle

## Examples

```
# make mock results df
n_genes <- 100
res1 <- data.frame(
  baseMean = runif(n_genes, 10, 1000),
  log2FoldChange = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 2),
  lfcSE = runif(n_genes, 0.1, 0.5),
  stat = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 3),
  pvalue = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  padj = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  symbol = paste0("GENE", 1:n_genes),
  row.names = paste0("gene", 1:n_genes)
)

res2 <- data.frame(
  baseMean = runif(n_genes, 10, 1000),
  log2FoldChange = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 2),
  lfcSE = runif(n_genes, 0.1, 0.5),
  stat = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 3),
  pvalue = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  padj = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  symbol = paste0("GENE", 1:n_genes),
  row.names = paste0("gene", 1:n_genes)
)

# add geneid column
res1 <- cbind(geneid=row.names(res1), res1)
res2 <- cbind(geneid=row.names(res2), res2)

# make merged df from the two comparisons
cols.sub <- c('log2FoldChange', 'padj', 'geneid')
df_full <- dplyr::inner_join(
  dplyr::select(as.data.frame(res1), all_of(cols.sub)),
  dplyr::select(as.data.frame(res2), all_of(cols.sub)),
  by = 'geneid',
  suffix = c('.x', '.y')
)

# calculate x & y limits for log2FoldChange
```

```

xlim <- range(df_full[[ 'log2FoldChange.x' ]])
ylim <- range(df_full[[ 'log2FoldChange.y' ]])

# get color palette
color.palette <- RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(n=5, name='Set2')

# add significance column
sig.x <- df_full$padj.x < 0.1 & !is.na(df_full$padj.x)
sig.y <- df_full$padj.y < 0.1 & !is.na(df_full$padj.y)
up.x <- df_full$log2FoldChange.x >= 0
up.y <- df_full$log2FoldChange.y >= 0
significance <- rep('None', nrow(df_full))
significance[ sig.x & sig.y & ((up.x & up.y) | (!up.x & !up.y)) ] <- 'Both - same LFC sign'
significance[ sig.x & sig.y & ((up.x & !up.y) | (!up.x & up.y)) ] <- 'Both - opposite LFC sign'
significance[ sig.x & !sig.y ] <- 'A vs B'
significance[ !sig.x & sig.y ] <- 'B vs A'
df_full$significance <- significance

# generate scatter plot
p <- plotScatter.label_ly(compare = 'log2FoldChange',
                           df = df_full,
                           label_x = 'A vs B',
                           label_y = 'B vs A',
                           lim.x = xlim,
                           lim.y = ylim,
                           color.palette = color.palette)

```

---

radarmod

*Radar plot module*


---

## Description

UI & module to generate radar plots.

## Usage

```
radarUI(id, panel, type = "")
```

```
radarServer(id, obj, config, type = "")
```

## Arguments

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
type	string, if 'comp' then show the comparison view
obj	reactiveValues object containing GeneTonic object
config	reactive list with config settings

## Value

UI returns tagList with plot UI server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects)

**Examples**

```

library(shiny)

# get enrichResult object
data(eres_dex, package='carnation')

# convert to GeneTonic object
gt <- GeneTonic::shake_enrichResult(eres_dex)

obj <- reactive({
  list(l_gs = gt$l_gs,
       anno_df = gt$anno_df,
       label = 'comp1')
})

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

# run simple shiny app with plot
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
    ui = fluidPage(
      sidebarPanel(radarUI('p', 'sidebar')),
      mainPanel(radarUI('p', 'main'))
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      radarServer('p', obj, config)
    }
  )
}

```

---

read\_access\_yaml

*Read access yaml with user groups and data areas*


---

**Description**

This function reads the access yaml file and returns user groups and data areas as a list of data frames.

**Usage**

```
read_access_yaml()
```

**Value**

return carnation access settings from yaml file

**Examples**

```

# save access details to file
home <- Sys.getenv('HOME')

# create carnation data area if it doesn't exist
carnation_home <- file.path(home, 'carnation/data')

```

```

if(!dir.exists(carnation_home)) dir.create(carnation_home)

create_access_yaml(user = 'admin',
                  user_group = 'admin',
                  data_area = carnation_home)

al <- read_access_yaml()

```

---

res_cell	<i>A DESeqResults object testing the difference between two cell lines of smooth muscle cells</i>
----------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

---

### Description

A DESeqResults object testing the difference between two cell lines of smooth muscle cells

### Format

A DESeqResults object, generated in the DESeq2 framework

### Details

This DESeqResults object on the data from the airway package has been created comparing two smooth muscle cell lines, accounting for the effect of dexamethasone treatment.

Details on how this object has been created are included in the create\_carnation\_data.R script, included in the scripts folder of the Carnation package.

### References

Himes BE, Jiang X, Wagner P, Hu R, Wang Q, Klanderman B, Whitaker RM, Duan Q, Lasky-Su J, Nikolos C, Jester W, Johnson M, Panettieri R Jr, Tantisira KG, Weiss ST, Lu Q. “RNA-Seq Transcriptome Profiling Identifies CRISPLD2 as a Glucocorticoid Responsive Gene that Modulates Cytokine Function in Airway Smooth Muscle Cells.” PLoS One. 2014 Jun 13;9(6):e99625. PMID: 24926665. GEO: GSE52778

---

res_dex	<i>A DESeqResults object testing the effect of dexamethasone on smooth muscle cells</i>
---------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

---

### Description

A DESeqResults object testing the effect of dexamethasone on smooth muscle cells

### Format

A DESeqResults object, generated in the DESeq2 framework

**Details**

This DESeqResults object on the data from the airway package has been created comparing dexamethasone treated vs untreated samples, accounting for the different cell lines included.

Details on how this object has been created are included in the create\_carnation\_data.R script, included in the scripts folder of the Carnation package.

**References**

Himes BE, Jiang X, Wagner P, Hu R, Wang Q, Klanderman B, Whitaker RM, Duan Q, Lasky-Su J, Nikolos C, Jester W, Johnson M, Panettieri R Jr, Tantisira KG, Weiss ST, Lu Q. “RNA-Seq Transcriptome Profiling Identifies CRISPLD2 as a Glucocorticoid Responsive Gene that Modulates Cytokine Function in Airway Smooth Muscle Cells.” PLoS One. 2014 Jun 13;9(6):e99625. PMID: 24926665. GEO: GSE52778

---

run_carnation	<i>Carnation</i>
---------------	------------------

---

**Description**

Interactive shiny dashboard for exploring RNA-Seq analysis.

**Usage**

```
run_carnation(
  credentials = NULL,
  passphrase = NULL,
  enable_admin = TRUE,
  config_path = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

credentials	path to encrypted sqlite db with user credentials.
passphrase	passphrase for credentials db.
enable_admin	if TRUE, admin view is shown. Note, this is only available if credentials have sqlite backend.
config_path	optional path to a local config yaml override.
...	parameters passed to shinyApp() call

**Value**

shinyApp object

**Examples**

```
if(interactive()){
  shiny::runApp(
    run_carnation()
  )
}
```

savemod

*Save object module UI***Description**

Module UI & server to save carnation object.

**Usage**

```
saveUI(id)
```

```
saveServer(id, original, current, coldata, pattern, username, config)
```

**Arguments**

id	Module id
original	original carnation object
current	current carnation object
coldata	reactiveValues object containing object metadata
pattern	regex pattern for finding carnation data
username	user name
config	reactive list with config settings

**Value**

UI returns actionButton Server returns reactive with trigger to refresh the app

**Examples**

```
library(shiny)
library(DESeq2)

# default username
username <- reactive({ NULL })

# internal carnation config
config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

# regex to find carnation files
pattern <- reactive({ config()$server$pattern })

# get example object
obj <- make_example_carnation_object()

# make reactive with obj & path
original <- reactiveValues( obj = obj, path = "/path/to/carnation/obj.rds" )

# extract metadata
coldata <- reactive({ lapply(obj$dds, colData) })

# edit metadata
```

```

coldata_edit <- lapply(coldata, function(x){
  x$type <- 'new'; x
})

# add to object
edit_obj <- obj
for(name in names(edit_obj$dds)){
  colData(edit_obj$dds[[ name ]]) <- coldata_edit[[ name ]]
}

# run simple shiny app with plot
shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(
    saveUI('p')
  ),
  server = function(input, output, session){
    save_event <- saveServer('save_object',
                             original=original,
                             current=reactive({ edit_obj }),
                             coldata=coldata,
                             pattern=pattern(),
                             username=username,
                             config)
  }
)

```

---

save_access_yaml	<i>Save access yaml to file</i>
------------------	---------------------------------

---

## Description

This function saves access details (user groups and data areas) to the designated access yaml file.

## Usage

```
save_access_yaml(lst)
```

## Arguments

lst                    list of data frames with user\_groups and data\_areas

## Value

save access settings to yaml file

## Examples

```

# save access details to file
home <- Sys.getenv('HOME')

# create carnation data area if it doesn't exist
carnation_home <- file.path(home, 'carnation/data')
if(!dir.exists(carnation_home)) dir.create(carnation_home)

```

```

create_access_yaml(user = 'admin',
                  user_group = 'admin',
                  data_area = carnation_home)

# read access yaml
lst <- read_access_yaml()

# add new user
lst$user_group$admin <- c(lst$user_group$admin, 'user1')

# save to access settings
save_access_yaml(lst)

```

---

scattermod

*Scatterplot module*


---

### Description

Module UI + server for generating scatter plots.

### Usage

```

scatterPlotUI(id, panel)

scatterPlotServer(id, obj, plot_args, gene_scratchpad, reset_genes, config)

```

### Arguments

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main' passed to UI
obj	reactiveValues object containing carnation object passed to server
plot_args	reactive containing 'fdr.thres' (padj threshold), 'fc.thres' (log2FC)
gene_scratchpad	reactive containing gene scratchpad genes
reset_genes	reactive to reset gene scratchpad selection
config	reactive list with config settings passed to server

### Value

UI returns tagList with scatter plot UI. Server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects).

### Examples

```

library(shiny)

# Create reactive values to simulate app state
oobj <- make_example_carnation_object()

obj <- reactiveValues(

```

```

    dds = oobj$dds,
    rld = oobj$rld,
    res = oobj$res,
    all_dds = oobj$all_dds,
    all_rld = oobj$all_rld,
    dds_mapping = oobj$dds_mapping
  )

plot_args <- reactive({
  list(
    fdr.thres=0.1,
    fc.thres=0
  )
})

gene_scratchpad <- reactive({ c('gene1', 'gene2') })
reset_genes <- reactiveVal()

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

shinyApp(
  ui = fluidPage(
    sidebarPanel(scatterPlotUI('p', 'sidebar')),
    mainPanel(scatterPlotUI('p', 'main'))
  ),
  server = function(input, output, session){
    scatter_data <- scatterPlotServer('p', obj, plot_args,
                                     gene_scratchpad, reset_genes, config)
  }
)

```

---

 settingsmod

*Settings module*


---

### Description

Module UI & server for user access details interface.

Server code for settings module

### Usage

```
settingsUI(id, panel, username)
```

```
settingsServer(id, details, depth, end_offset, assay_fun, config)
```

### Arguments

id	Module id
panel	context for generating ui elements ('sidebar' or 'main')
username	user name
details	reactive list with user name & app location details



---

set_config	<i>Set config</i>
------------	-------------------

---

### Description

This function updates a limited subset of the package config YAML. Only stable user-facing settings are writable; style settings and other internal options are intentionally left untouched.

### Usage

```
set_config(
  config_path = get_config_path(),
  de_analysis = NULL,
  fdr_threshold = NULL,
  log2fc_threshold = NULL,
  max_upload_size = NULL,
  cores = NULL,
  pattern = NULL
)
```

### Arguments

config_path	character path to the config YAML file to update. Defaults to the local config returned by <code>get_config_path()</code> . If the file does not exist yet, it is initialized from the bundled package config.
de_analysis	optional list with DE analysis config updates. Currently only <code>de_analysis\$column_names</code> is supported, and the provided aliases are merged into the existing column-name mappings.
fdr_threshold	optional numeric FDR threshold between 0 and 1.
log2fc_threshold	optional numeric log2 fold-change threshold greater than or equal to 0.
max_upload_size	optional positive numeric upload limit in MB.
cores	optional positive integer number of cores to use.
pattern	optional character suffix pattern used to match dataset filenames before the trailing <code>.rds</code> . Use <code>""</code> to match all RDS files.

### Value

Updated config list, invisibly.

**Examples**

```

cfg_out <- tempfile(fileext = ".yaml")

set_config(
  config_path = cfg_out,
  de_analysis = list(
    column_names = list(
      padj = "qvalue",
      log2FoldChange = c("logFC", "avg_log2FC")
    )
  ),
  fdr_threshold = 0.05,
  log2fc_threshold = 1,
  max_upload_size = 50,
  cores = 2,
  pattern = "carnation"
)

```

---

summarize\_res\_list      *Combine everything in the results list into a single table*

---

**Description**

Combine everything in the results list into a single table

**Usage**

```

summarize_res_list(
  res.list,
  dds.list,
  dds_mapping,
  alpha,
  lfc.thresh,
  labels = NULL
)

```

**Arguments**

res.list	Named list of lists, where each sublist contains the following names: c('res', 'dds', 'label'). "res" is a DESeqResults object, "dds" is either the indexing label for the dds.list object or the DESeq object, and "label" is a nicer-looking label to use. NOTE: backwards compatibility with older versions of lcdb-wf depends on no dds.list object being passed.
dds.list	List of DESeqDataSet objects whose names are expected to match 'dds' slots in the 'res.list' object
dds_mapping	List mapping names of dds.list to res.list elements
alpha	false-discovery rate threshold
lfc.thresh	log2FoldChange threshold
labels	list of descriptions for res.list elements

**Value**

Dataframe

**Examples**

```
n_genes <- 100

# make mock dds list
dds_list <- list(main=DESeq2::makeExampleDESeqDataSet(n=n_genes))

# make mock results df
res1 <- data.frame(
  baseMean = runif(n_genes, 10, 1000),
  log2FoldChange = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 2),
  lfcSE = runif(n_genes, 0.1, 0.5),
  stat = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 3),
  pvalue = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  padj = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  symbol = paste0("GENE", 1:n_genes),
  row.names = paste0("gene", 1:n_genes)
)

res2 <- data.frame(
  baseMean = runif(n_genes, 10, 1000),
  log2FoldChange = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 2),
  lfcSE = runif(n_genes, 0.1, 0.5),
  stat = rnorm(n_genes, 0, 3),
  pvalue = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  padj = runif(n_genes, 0, 1),
  symbol = paste0("GENE", 1:n_genes),
  row.names = paste0("gene", 1:n_genes)
)

# make list of results
res_list <- list(
  comp1=res1,
  comp2=res2
)

# make dds mapping
dds_mapping <- list(comp1='main', comp2='main')

# get summary
df <- summarize_res_list(res_list, dds_list, dds_mapping, alpha=0.1, lfc.thresh=0)
```

---

sumovmod

*Summary overview plot module*

---

**Description**

UI & module to generate summary overview plots.

**Usage**

```
sumovPlotUI(id, panel, type = "")
sumovPlotServer(id, obj, config, type = "")
```

**Arguments**

id	Module id
panel	string, can be 'sidebar' or 'main'
type	string, if 'comp' then show the comparison view
obj	reactiveValues object containing GeneTonic object
config	reactive list with config settings

**Value**

UI returns tagList with plot UI server invisibly returns NULL (used for side effects)

**Examples**

```
library(shiny)

# get enrichResult object
data(eres_dex, package='carnation')

# convert to GeneTonic object
gt <- GeneTonic::shake_enrichResult(eres_dex)

obj <- reactive({
  list(l_gs = gt$l_gs,
       anno_df = gt$anno_df,
       label = 'comp1')
})

config <- reactiveVal(get_config())

# run simple shiny app with plot
if(interactive()){
  shinyApp(
    ui = fluidPage(
      sidebarPanel(sumovPlotUI('p', 'sidebar')),
      mainPanel(sumovPlotUI('p', 'main'))
    ),
    server = function(input, output, session){
      sumovPlotServer('p', obj, config)
    }
  )
}
```

---

top.genes	<i>Get top DE genes by log2FoldChange or adjusted p-value</i>
-----------	---------------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Get top DE genes by log2FoldChange or adjusted p-value

**Usage**

```
top.genes(res, fdr.thres = 0.01, fc.thres = 0, n = 10, by = "log2FoldChange")
```

**Arguments**

res	data.frame with DE analysis results
fdr.thres	FDR threshold
fc.thres	log2FoldChange threshold
n	number of genes to return
by	metric to determine top genes ('log2FoldChange' or 'padj')

**Value**

vector of gene symbols

**Examples**

```
# get DE results
data(res_dex, package='carnation')

g <- top.genes(res_dex)
```

---

upsetmod	<i>Upset plot module</i>
----------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Module UI & server to generate upset plots.

**Usage**

```
upsetPlotUI(id, panel)

upsetPlotServer(id, obj, plot_args, gene_scratchpad, reset_genes, config)
```



---

 validate\_carnation\_object

*Validate a carnation object*


---

## Description

This function takes various input data types (DE results, counts, enrichment, pattern analysis) and validates them according to carnation's requirements, returning a normalized intermediate object. Expensive derived-object creation steps such as variance-stabilized counts and GeneTonic conversion are handled separately by `materialize_carnation_object()`.

## Usage

```
validate_carnation_object(
  res_list,
  dds_list,
  rld_list = NULL,
  labels = NULL,
  enrich_list = NULL,
  degpatterns = NULL,
  metadata = NULL,
  dds_mapping = NULL,
  config = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

- |                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>res_list</code>    | Named list of DE results. Each element should be either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A data frame with DE results containing gene, symbol, pvalue, padj, log2FoldChange, and baseMean columns (or tool-specific alternatives)</li> <li>• A list with slots: <code>res</code> (data frame), <code>dds</code> (name reference to <code>dds_list</code> element), <code>label</code> (comparison label)</li> </ul>                                                  |
| <code>dds_list</code>    | Named list of count data. Each element should be either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A <code>DESeqDataSet</code> object</li> <li>• A data frame or matrix of raw counts (first column=gene IDs, remaining=samples)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>rld_list</code>    | Optional named list of variance-stabilized count objects. If <code>NULL</code> , these can be generated later via <code>materialize_carnation_object()</code> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <code>labels</code>      | Optional named list of comparison labels. If <code>NULL</code> and <code>res_list</code> contains nested structure with <code>label</code> slots, labels will be extracted.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <code>enrich_list</code> | Optional named list of functional enrichment results. Should be structured as: <code>enrich_list[[func_id]][[effect]][[pathway]]</code> . Each enrichment result must be a data frame in <code>clusterProfiler</code> format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Over-representation: ID, Description, GeneRatio, BgRatio, pvalue, p.adjust, qvalue, geneID, Count</li> <li>• GSEA: ID, Description, core_enrichment, setSize, pvalue, p.adjust, qvalue, NES</li> </ul> |

degpatterns	Optional named list of pattern analysis results. Each element should be either a data frame or a list with \$normalized slot containing a data frame with columns: genes, value, and either cluster or columns starting with "cutoff".
metadata	Optional data frame with sample metadata. Required if dds_list contains count matrices instead of DESeqDataSet objects. First column should be sample names matching column names in count matrices.
dds_mapping	Optional named list mapping res_list elements to dds_list objects. Required if res_list is a list of data frames.
config	Optional config list. If NULL, will use get_config(), including any supported local config overrides.

## Details

This function performs comprehensive validation of all input data:

- DE results: Checks for required columns (with support for DESeq2, edgeR, limma), ensures gene and symbol columns exist
- Counts: Validates structure, checks sample name matching with metadata
- Enrichment: Validates clusterProfiler format (OR or GSEA)
- Pattern analysis: Checks for required columns (genes, value, cluster)

If validation fails, the function will stop with an informative error message.

## Value

A validated list with canonical slots res\_list, dds\_list, optional rld\_list, labels, dds\_mapping, enrich\_list, degpatterns, and metadata when supplied.

A list containing normalized inputs with elements res\_list, dds\_list, optional rld\_list, labels, dds\_mapping, and optional enrich\_list, degpatterns, and metadata.

## Examples

```
# Minimal example with DE results and counts
library(DESeq2)

# Create example data
dds <- makeExampleDESeqDataSet()
dds <- DESeq(dds)
res <- results(dds, contrast = c("condition", "A", "B"))
rld <- varianceStabilizingTransformation(dds, blind = TRUE)

# Validate object inputs
obj <- validate_carnation_object(
  res_list = list(
    comp1 = list(
      res = as.data.frame(res),
      dds = "main",
      label = "A vs B"
    )
  ),
  dds_list = list(main = dds),
  rld_list = list(main = rld)
)
```

```
materialized <- materialize_carnation_object(obj, cores = 1)
final_obj <- make_final_object(materialized)

# Save for use with carnation
saveRDS(final_obj, "my_analysis.rds")

# Alternative: start from count matrix and metadata
counts <- as.data.frame(counts(dds))
counts$gene <- rownames(counts)
counts <- counts[, c(ncol(counts), 1:(ncol(counts)-1))]
metadata <- as.data.frame(colData(dds))
metadata$sample <- rownames(metadata)
metadata <- metadata[, c(ncol(metadata), 1:(ncol(metadata)-1))]

obj <- validate_carnation_object(
  res_list = list(comp1 = as.data.frame(res)),
  dds_list = list(main = counts),
  metadata = metadata,
  dds_mapping = list(comp1 = "main")
)
```

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