

Package ‘BiocBaseUtils’

May 25, 2026

Title Utility and internal functions for Bioconductor packages

Version 1.15.1

Description The package coalesces typical helper functions that are scattered throughout the Bioconductor ecosystem. It aims to reduce code redundancy by formalizing functions often used by Bioconductor developers. These functions include operations such as replacing slots in an object, selecting observations for show methods, labeling function life cycles, and more.

Imports methods, utils

Depends R (>= 4.6.0)

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, BiocStyle, tinytest

License Artistic-2.0

Encoding UTF-8

biocViews Software, Infrastructure

BugReports <https://www.github.com/Bioconductor/BiocBaseUtils/issues>

URL <https://www.github.com/Bioconductor/BiocBaseUtils>

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

VignetteBuilder knitr

Date 2026-05-08

Config/roxygen2/version 8.0.0

git_url <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/BiocBaseUtils>

git_branch devel

git_last_commit 481d51b

git_last_commit_date 2026-05-08

Repository Bioconductor 3.24

Date/Publication 2026-05-25

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BiocBaseUtils-package *BiocBaseUtils: Utility and internal functions for Bioconductor packages*

Description

The package coalesces typical helper functions that are scattered throughout the Bioconductor ecosystem. It aims to reduce code redundancy by formalizing functions often used by Bioconductor developers. These functions include operations such as replacing slots in an object, selecting observations for show methods, labeling function life cycles, and more.

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See Also

Useful links:

- <https://www.github.com/Bioconductor/BiocBaseUtils>
- Report bugs at <https://www.github.com/Bioconductor/BiocBaseUtils/issues>

askUserYesNo	<i>Ask user for a yes/no response</i>
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Description

Ask user for a yes/no response

Usage

```
askUserYesNo(prompt, interactive.only = TRUE)
```

Arguments

`prompt` `character()` A close-ended yes or no question to pose to the user e.g., "Do you want to continue?". Note that the question must include a question mark (?).

`interactive.only` `logical(1)` If TRUE, the function will only prompt the user when the R session is interactive. If FALSE, the function will always prompt the user.

Value

TRUE when user replies with 'yes' to prompt, FALSE when 'no'

Author(s)

Martin M.

Examples

```
askUserYesNo("Do you want to continue?")
```

Assertions	<i>Suite of helper functions to test for types</i>
------------	--

Description

These are a group of helper functions that allow the developer to easily check for common data types in Bioconductor. These include logical, character, and numeric (& integer).

Usage

```
isTRUEorFALSE(x, na.ok = FALSE)
```

```
isScalarCharacter(x, na.ok = FALSE, zchar = FALSE)
```

```
isScalarInteger(x, na.ok = FALSE)
```

```
isScalarNumber(x, na.ok = FALSE, infinite.ok = FALSE)
```

```
isScalarLogical(x, na.ok = FALSE)
```

```
isCharacter(x, na.ok = FALSE, zchar = FALSE)
```

```
isZeroOneCharacter(x, na.ok = FALSE, zchar = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	The input vector whose type is to be checked
<code>na.ok</code>	logical(1L) Whether it is acceptable to consider NA type inputs (default: FALSE).
<code>zchar</code>	logical(1L) Whether it is acceptable to consider 'zero' characters as defined by <code>nchar</code> , e.g., <code>nchar("")</code> (default: FALSE).
<code>infinite.ok</code>	logical(1L) Whether it is acceptable to consider infinite values as identified by <code>is.finite</code> (default: FALSE).

Details

Some functions such as `isScalarCharacter` allow exceptions to the type checks via the `na.ok` and `zchar` arguments. Others, for example `isScalarNumber` can permit `Inf` with the `infinite.ok` argument.

Value

Either TRUE or FALSE

Functions

- `isTRUEorFALSE()`: Is the input a single logical vector?
- `isScalarCharacter()`: Is the input a single character vector?
- `isScalarInteger()`: Is the input a single integer vector?
- `isScalarNumber()`: Is the input a single numeric vector?
- `isScalarLogical()`: Is the input a single logical vector?
- `isCharacter()`: Is the input a character vector?
- `isZeroOneCharacter()`: Is the input a character vector of zero or one length?

Author(s)

M. Morgan, H. Pagès

Examples

```
isTRUEorFALSE(TRUE)
isTRUEorFALSE(FALSE)
isTRUEorFALSE(NA, na.ok = TRUE)

isScalarCharacter(LETTERS)
isScalarCharacter("L")
isCharacter(LETTERS)
isCharacter(NA_character_, na.ok = TRUE)
isZeroOneCharacter("")
isZeroOneCharacter("", zchar = TRUE)
```

```
isScalarInteger(1L)
isScalarInteger(1)

isScalarNumber(1)
isScalarNumber(1:2)
```

checkInstalled	<i>Check packages are installed otherwise suggest</i>
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Description

checkInstalled allows to check if a package is installed. If the package is not available, a convenient copy-and-paste message is provided for package installation with BiocManager. The function is typically used within functions that check for package availability from the Suggests field.

Usage

```
checkInstalled(pkgs)
```

Arguments

pkgs character() package names required for a function

Value

TRUE if all packages are installed, otherwise stops with a message and suggests installation of missing packages

Author(s)

M. Morgan, M. Ramos

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  checkInstalled(
    c("BiocParallel", "SummarizedExperiment")
  )
}
```

lifeCycle	<i>Set the life cycle stage of a function</i>
-----------	---

Description

The `lifeCycle` function is used to set the life cycle stage of a function. It is to be used within the body of the function that is being deprecated or defunct. It is a wrapper around both `.Deprecated` and `.Defunct` base R functions.

Usage

```
lifeCycle(
  newfun = oldfun,
  newpackage,
  package,
  cycle = c("deprecated", "defunct"),
  title = package
)
```

Arguments

<code>newfun</code>	<code>character(1)</code> The name of the function to use instead. It can be a specific function within another package (e.g., <code>package::function</code>) or a function in the current package (e.g., <code>function</code>). If <code>newfun</code> is not specified, the calling function <code>oldfun</code> is assumed to be the replacement.
<code>newpackage</code>	<code>character(1)</code> If a function is moved to a new package, the name of the new package can be specified here. This is equivalent to specifying <code>newfun = paste0(newpackage, "::", newfun)</code> .
<code>package</code>	<code>character(1)</code> The name of the package where the deprecated or defunct function resides. It corresponds to the package from where the <code>lifeCycle</code> function is called.
<code>cycle</code>	<code>character(1)</code> The life cycle stage of the function. This can be either "deprecated" or "defunct".
<code>title</code>	<code>character(1)</code> The Rd name prefix of the documentation page where deprecated or defunct functions are documented (e.g., "summary" for "summary-deprecated"). By default, the package name is used.

Value

Called for the side effect of issuing a warning or error message when a function is deprecated or defunct, respectively. The message includes the name of the function, the life cycle stage, and a suggestion for an alternative function to use.'

Examples

```
test_fun <- function() {
  lifeCycle(newfun = "new_test", package = "BiocBaseUtils")
}
## catch warning and convert to message
tryCatch(test_fun(), warning = function(w) message(w))
```

```
test_fun <- function() {  
  lifeCycle(  
    newfun = "new_test", package = "BiocBaseUtils", cycle = "defunct"  
  )  
}  
## catch error and convert to message  
tryCatch(test_fun(), error = function(e) message(e))
```

selectSome

Select and return only some entries from a vector

Description

selectSome works well in show methods. It abbreviates a vector input depending on the maxToShow argument.

Usage

```
selectSome(  
  obj,  
  maxToShow = 5,  
  ellipsis = "...",  
  ellipsisPos = c("middle", "end", "start"),  
  quote = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

obj	character() A vector to be abbreviated for display purposes
maxToShow	numeric(1) The maximum number of values to show in the output (default: 5)
ellipsis	character(1) The symbol used to abbreviate values in the vector (default: "...")
ellipsisPos	character(1) The location for the ellipsis in the output, by default in the "middle" but can be moved to either the "end" or the "start".
quote	logical(1) Whether or not to add a single quote around the obj input. This only works for character type inputs.

Value

An abbreviated output of obj

Author(s)

M. Morgan, H. Pagès

Examples

```
letters  
  
selectSome(letters)
```

`setSlots`*Convenience function to set slot values*

Description

Given the current object, the function `setSlots` will take name-value pair inputs either as named arguments or a list and replace the values of the specified slots. This is a convenient function for updating slots in an S4 class object.

Usage

```
setSlots(object, ..., check = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An S4 object with slots to replace
<code>...</code>	Slot name and value pairs either as named arguments or a named list, e.g., <code>slotName = value</code> .
<code>check</code>	logical(1L) Whether to run <code>validObject</code> after the slot replacement

Value

The object input with updated slot data

Author(s)

H. Pagès

Examples

```
setClass("A", representation = representation(slotA = "character"))  
  
aclass <- new("A", slotA = "A")  
  
setSlots(aclass, slotA = "B")
```

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