

Package ‘SummarizedExperiment’

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Title A container (S4 class) for matrix-like assays

Description The SummarizedExperiment container contains one or more assays, each represented by a matrix-like object of numeric or other mode. The rows typically represent genomic ranges of interest and the columns represent samples.

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Assays-class	<i>Assays objects</i>
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Description

The Assays virtual class and its methods provide a formal abstraction of the assays slot of [SummarizedExperiment](#) objects.

SimpleAssays and ShallowSimpleListAssays are concrete subclasses of Assays with the former being currently the default implementation of Assays objects. Other implementations (e.g. disk-based) could easily be added.

Note that these classes are not meant to be used directly by the end user and the material in this man page is aimed at package developers.

Details

Assays objects have a list-like semantics with elements having matrix- or array-like semantics (e.g., dim, dimnames).

The Assays API consists of:

- (a) The Assays() constructor function.
- (b) Lossless back and forth coercion from/to [SimpleList](#). The coercion method from [SimpleList](#) doesn't need (and should not) validate the returned object.
- (c) length, names, `names<-`, getListElement, setListElement, dim, [, `[<-`, rbind, cbind.

An Assays concrete subclass needs to implement (b) (required) plus, optionally any of the methods in (c).

IMPORTANT:

1. Nobody in the Assays hierarchy is allowed to inherit from [SimpleList](#) because of the conflicting semantic of `[]`.
2. Methods that return a modified Assays object (a.k.a. endomorphisms), that is, `[]` as well as replacement methods `names<=`, `setListElement`, and `[]<=`, must respect the *copy-on-change contract*. With objects that don't make use of references internally, the developer doesn't need to take any special action for that because it's automatically taken care of by R itself. However, for objects that do make use of references internally (e.g. environments, external pointers, pointer to a file on disk, etc...), the developer needs to be careful to implement endomorphisms with copy-on-change semantics. This can easily be achieved (and is what the default methods for Assays objects do) by performing a full (deep) copy of the object before modifying it instead of trying to modify it in-place. However note that this full (deep) copy can be very expensive and is actually not necessary in order to achieve copy-on-change semantics: it's enough (and often preferable for performance reasons) to copy only the parts of the object that need to be modified.

Assays has currently 3 implementations which are formalized by concrete subclasses `SimpleAssays`, `ShallowSimpleListAssays`, and `AssaysInEnv`. `SimpleAssays` is the default (prior to SummarizedExperiment 1.15.4, `ShallowSimpleListAssays` was the default). `AssaysInEnv` is a *broken* alternative to `ShallowSimpleListAssays` that does NOT respect the *copy-on-change contract*. It is only provided for illustration purposes (see source file `Assays-class.R` for the details).

A little more detail about `ShallowSimpleListAssays`: a small reference class hierarchy (not exported from the **GenomicRanges** name space) defines a reference class `ShallowData` with a single field `data` of type `ANY`, and a derived class `ShallowSimpleListAssays` that specializes the type of data as [SimpleList](#), and contains `c("ShallowData", "Assays")`. The `assays` slot of a [SummarizedExperiment](#) object contains an instance of `ShallowSimpleListAssays`.

Author(s)

Martin Morgan and Hervé Pagès

See Also

- [SummarizedExperiment](#) objects.
- [SimpleList](#) objects in the **S4Vectors** package.

Examples

```
## -----
## DIRECT MANIPULATION OF Assays OBJECTS
## -----
m1 <- matrix(runif(24), ncol=3)
m2 <- matrix(runif(24), ncol=3)
a <- Assays(SimpleList(m1, m2))
a

as(a, "SimpleList")

length(a)
getListElement(a, 2)
dim(a)
```

```

b <- a[-4, 2]
b
length(b)
getListElement(b, 2)
dim(b)

names(a)
names(a) <- c("a1", "a2")
names(a)
getListElement(a, "a2")

rbind(a, a)
cbind(a, a)

## -----
## COPY-ON-CHANGE CONTRACT
## -----

## ShallowSimpleListAssays objects have copy-on-change semantics but not
## AssaysInEnv objects. For example:
ssla <- as(SimpleList(m1, m2), "ShallowSimpleListAssays")
aie <- as(SimpleList(m1, m2), "AssaysInEnv")

## No names on 'ssla' and 'aie':
names(ssla)
names(aie)

ssla2 <- ssla
aie2 <- aie
names(ssla2) <- names(aie2) <- c("A1", "A2")

names(ssla) # still NULL (as expected)

names(aie) # changed! (because the names<-, AssaysInEnv method is not
# implemented in a way that respects the copy-on-change
# contract)

```

coverage-methods

Coverage of a RangedSummarizedExperiment object

Description

This man page documents the coverage method for [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.

Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
coverage(x, shift=0L, width=NULL, weight=1L,
         method=c("auto", "sort", "hash"))

```

Arguments

x A [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object.

shift, width, weight, method

See [?coverage](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package.

Details

This method operates on the rowRanges component of the [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object, which can be a [GenomicRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object.

More precisely, on [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object x, `coverage(x, ...)` is equivalent to `coverage(rowRanges(x), ...)`.

See [?coverage](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package for the details of how coverage operates on a [GenomicRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object.

Value

See [?coverage](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package.

See Also

- [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.
- The [coverage](#) man page in the **GenomicRanges** package where the coverage methods for [GenomicRanges](#) and [GRangesList](#) objects are documented.

Examples

```
nrows <- 20; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(5, 15)),
                     IRanges(sample(1000L, 20), width=100),
                     strand=Rle(c("+", "-"), c(12, 8)),
                     seqlengths=c(chr1=1800, chr2=1300))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
                     row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
rse <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
                           rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)

cvg <- coverage(rse)
cvg
stopifnot(identical(cvg, coverage(rowRanges(rse))))
```

findOverlaps-methods *Finding overlapping ranges in RangedSummarizedExperiment objects*

Description

This man page documents the findOverlaps methods for [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.

[RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects also support countOverlaps, overlapsAny, and subsetByOverlaps thanks to the default methods defined in the **IRanges** package and to the findOverlaps methods defined in this package and documented below.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,Vector'
findOverlaps(query, subject,
  maxgap=-1L, minoverlap=0L,
  type=c("any", "start", "end", "within", "equal"),
  select=c("all", "first", "last", "arbitrary"),
  ignore.strand=FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'Vector,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
findOverlaps(query, subject,
  maxgap=-1L, minoverlap=0L,
  type=c("any", "start", "end", "within", "equal"),
  select=c("all", "first", "last", "arbitrary"),
  ignore.strand=FALSE)
```

Arguments

query, subject One of these two arguments must be a [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object.

maxgap, minoverlap, type See [?findOverlaps](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package.

select, ignore.strand See [?findOverlaps](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package.

Details

These methods operate on the rowRanges component of the [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object, which can be a [GenomicRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object.

More precisely, if any of the above functions is passed a [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object thru the query and/or subject argument, then it behaves as if rowRanges(query) and/or rowRanges(subject) had been passed instead.

See [?findOverlaps](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package for the details of how findOverlaps and family operate on [GenomicRanges](#) and [GRangesList](#) objects.

Value

See [?findOverlaps](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package.

See Also

- [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.
- The [findOverlaps](#) man page in the **GenomicRanges** package where the findOverlaps family of methods for [GenomicRanges](#) and [GRangesList](#) objects is documented.

Examples

```
nrows <- 20; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(5, 15)),
  IRanges(sample(1000L, 20), width=100),
  strand=Rle(c("+", "-"), c(12, 8)))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
  row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
rse0 <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
```

```

                                rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)
rse1 <- shift(rse0, 100)

hits <- findOverlaps(rse0, rse1)
hits
stopifnot(identical(hits, findOverlaps(rowRanges(rse0), rowRanges(rse1))))
stopifnot(identical(hits, findOverlaps(rse0, rowRanges(rse1))))
stopifnot(identical(hits, findOverlaps(rowRanges(rse0), rse1)))

```

inter-range-methods	<i>Inter range transformations of a RangedSummarizedExperiment object</i>
---------------------	---

Description

This man page documents the *inter range transformations* that are supported on [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.

Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
isDisjoint(x, ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
disjointBins(x, ignore.strand=FALSE)

```

Arguments

x A [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object.

ignore.strand See [?isDisjoint](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package.

Details

These transformations operate on the `rowRanges` component of the [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object, which can be a [GenomicRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object.

More precisely, any of the above functions performs the following transformation on [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object `x`:

```
f(rowRanges(x), ...)
```

where `f` is the name of the function and `...` any additional arguments passed to it.

See [?isDisjoint](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package for the details of how these transformations operate on a [GenomicRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object.

Value

See [?isDisjoint](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package.

See Also

- [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.
- The [isDisjoint](#) man page in the **GenomicRanges** package where *inter range transformations* of a [GenomicRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object are documented.

Examples

```
nrows <- 20; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(5, 15)),
                     IRanges(sample(1000L, 20), width=100),
                     strand=Rle(c("+", "-"), c(12, 8)))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
                    row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
rse0 <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
                             rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)
rse1 <- shift(rse0, 99*start(rse0))

isDisjoint(rse0) # FALSE
isDisjoint(rse1) # TRUE

bins0 <- disjointBins(rse0)
bins0
stopifnot(identical(bins0, disjointBins(rowRanges(rse0))))

bins1 <- disjointBins(rse1)
bins1
stopifnot(all(bins1 == bins1[1]))
```

intra-range-methods	<i>Intra range transformations of a RangedSummarizedExperiment object</i>
---------------------	---

Description

This man page documents the *intra range transformations* that are supported on [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
shift(x, shift=0L, use.names=TRUE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
narrow(x, start=NA, end=NA, width=NA, use.names=TRUE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
resize(x, width, fix="start", use.names=TRUE,
       ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
flank(x, width, start=TRUE, both=FALSE,
      use.names=TRUE, ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
promoters(x, upstream=2000, downstream=200)
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
terminators(x, upstream=2000, downstream=200)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
restrict(x, start=NA, end=NA, keep.all.ranges=FALSE,
        use.names=TRUE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
trim(x, use.names=TRUE)
```

Arguments

x A [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object.
shift, **use.names**, **start**, **end**, **width**, **fix**, **ignore.strand**, **both**, **upstream**,
downstream, **keep.all.ranges**
 See `?GenomicRanges::shift` in the **GenomicRanges** package.

Details

These transformations operate on the `rowRanges` component of the [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object, which can be a [GenomicRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object.

More precisely, any of the above functions performs the following transformation on [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object `x`:

```
rowRanges(x) <- f(rowRanges(x), ...)
```

where `f` is the name of the function and `...` any additional arguments passed to it.

See `?GenomicRanges::shift` in the **GenomicRanges** package for the details of how these transformations operate on a [GenomicRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object.

See Also

- [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.
- The `shift` man page in the **GenomicRanges** package where *intra range transformations* of a [GenomicRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object are documented.

Examples

```
nrows <- 20; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(5, 15)),
                     IRanges(sample(1000L, 20), width=100),
                     strand=Rle(c("+", "-"), c(12, 8)))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
                    row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
rse0 <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
                             rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)

rse1 <- shift(rse0, 1)
stopifnot(identical(
  rowRanges(rse1),
  shift(rowRanges(rse0), 1)
))

se2 <- narrow(rse0, start=10, end=-15)
stopifnot(identical(
```

```

    rowRanges(se2),
    narrow(rowRanges(rse0), start=10, end=-15)
  ))

  se3 <- resize(rse0, width=75)
  stopifnot(identical(
    rowRanges(se3),
    resize(rowRanges(rse0), width=75)
  ))

  se4 <- flank(rse0, width=20)
  stopifnot(identical(
    rowRanges(se4),
    flank(rowRanges(rse0), width=20)
  ))

  se5 <- promoters(rse0, upstream=85, downstream=50)
  stopifnot(identical(
    rowRanges(se5),
    promoters(rowRanges(rse0), upstream=85, downstream=50)
  ))

  se6 <- terminators(rse0, upstream=85, downstream=50)
  stopifnot(identical(
    rowRanges(se6),
    terminators(rowRanges(rse0), upstream=85, downstream=50)
  ))

  se7 <- restrict(rse0, start=200, end=700, keep.all.ranges=TRUE)
  stopifnot(identical(
    rowRanges(se7),
    restrict(rowRanges(rse0), start=200, end=700, keep.all.ranges=TRUE)
  ))

```

makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame

Make a RangedSummarizedExperiment from a data.frame or DataFrame

Description

makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame uses data.frame or DataFrame column names to create a [GRanges](#) object for the rowRanges of the resulting [SummarizedExperiment](#) object. It requires that non-range data columns be coercible into a numeric matrix for the [SummarizedExperiment](#) constructor. All columns that are not part of the row ranges attribute are assumed to be experiment data; thus, keeping metadata columns will not be supported. Note that this function only returns [SummarizedExperiment](#) objects with a single assay.

If metadata columns are to be kept, one can first construct the row ranges attribute by using the [makeGRangesFromDataFrame](#) function and subsequently creating the [SummarizedExperiment](#).

Usage

```
makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame(df,
```

```
...,
seqinfo = NULL,
starts.in.df.are.0based = FALSE)
```

Arguments

df A data.frame or [DataFrame](#) object. If not, then the function first tries to turn df into a data frame with `as.data.frame(df)`.

... Additional arguments passed on to [makeGRangesFromDataFrame](#)

seqinfo Either NULL, or a [Seqinfo](#) object, or a character vector of seqlevels, or a named numeric vector of sequence lengths. When not NULL, it must be compatible with the genomic ranges in df i.e. it must include at least the sequence levels represented in df.

starts.in.df.are.0based TRUE or FALSE (the default). If TRUE, then the start positions of the genomic ranges in df are considered to be *0-based* and are converted to *1-based* in the returned [GRanges](#) object. This feature is intended to make it more convenient to handle input that contains data obtained from resources using the "0-based start" convention. A notorious example of such resource is the UCSC Table Browser (<http://genome.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgTables>).

Value

A [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object with rowRanges and a single assay

Author(s)

M. Ramos

See Also

- [makeGRangesFromDataFrame](#)

Examples

```
## -----
## BASIC EXAMPLES
## -----

# Note that rownames of the data.frame are also rownames of the result
df <- data.frame(chr="chr2", start = 11:15, end = 12:16,
  strand = c("+", "-", "+", "*", "."), expr0 = 3:7,
  expr1 = 8:12, expr2 = 12:16,
  row.names = paste0("GENE", letters[5:1]))

df

exRSE <- makeSummarizedExperimentFromDataFrame(df)

exRSE

assay(exRSE)

rowRanges(exRSE)
```

makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet

Make a RangedSummarizedExperiment object from an ExpressionSet and vice-versa

Description

Coercion between [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) and [ExpressionSet](#) is supported in both directions.

For going from [ExpressionSet](#) to [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#), the `makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet` function is also provided to let the user control how to map features to ranges.

Usage

```
makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet(from,
                                           mapFun=naiveRangeMapper,
                                           ...)

## range mapping functions
naiveRangeMapper(from)
probeRangeMapper(from)
geneRangeMapper(txDbPackage, key = "ENTREZID")
```

Arguments

<code>from</code>	An ExpressionSet object.
<code>mapFun</code>	A function which takes an ExpressionSet object and returns a GRanges , or GRangesList object which corresponds to the genomic ranges used in the ExpressionSet . The rownames of the returned GRanges are used to match the featureNames of the ExpressionSet . The <code>naiveRangeMapper</code> function is used by default.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to <code>mapFun</code> .
<code>txDbPackage</code>	A character string with the Transcript Database to use for the mapping.
<code>key</code>	A character string with the Gene key to use for the mapping.

Value

`makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet` takes an [ExpressionSet](#) object as input and a *range mapping function* that maps the features to ranges. It then returns a [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object that corresponds to the input.

The range mapping functions return a [GRanges](#) object, with the [rownames](#) corresponding to the [featureNames](#) of the [ExpressionSet](#) object.

Author(s)

Jim Hester, james.f.hester@gmail.com

See Also

- `RangedSummarizedExperiment` objects.
- `ExpressionSet` objects in the **Biobase** package.
- `TxDb` objects in the **GenomicFeatures** package.

Examples

```
## -----  
## GOING FROM ExpressionSet TO SummarizedExperiment  
## -----  
  
data(sample.ExpressionSet, package="Biobase")  
  
# naive coercion  
makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet(sample.ExpressionSet)  
as(sample.ExpressionSet, "RangedSummarizedExperiment")  
as(sample.ExpressionSet, "SummarizedExperiment")  
  
# using probe range mapper  
makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet(sample.ExpressionSet, probeRangeMapper)  
  
# using the gene range mapper  
se <- makeSummarizedExperimentFromExpressionSet(  
  sample.ExpressionSet,  
  geneRangeMapper("TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene")  
)  
se  
rowData(se) # duplicate row names  
  
## -----  
## GOING FROM SummarizedExperiment TO ExpressionSet  
## -----  
  
example(RangedSummarizedExperiment) # to create 'rse'  
rse  
as(rse, "ExpressionSet")
```

```
makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom
```

Make a SummarizedExperiment from a '.loom' hdf5 file

Description

`makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom` represents a '.loom' file as a `SummarizedExperiment`. The '/matrix' and '/layers' are represented as `HDF5Array` objects; row and column attributes are parsed to `DataFrame`. Optionally, row or column attributes can be specified as row and column names.

Usage

```
makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom(file,
                                rownames_attr = NULL,
                                colnames_attr = NULL)
```

Arguments

`file` The path (as a single character string) to the HDF5 file where the dataset is located.

`rownames_attr` The name of the row attribute to be used as row names.

`colnames_attr` The name of the column attribute to be used as column names.

Value

A [SummarizedExperiment](#) object with row and column data and one or more assays.

Author(s)

Martin Morgan

See Also

<http://loompy.org/loompy-docs/format/index.html> for a specification of the .loom format.

Examples

```
## -----
## BASIC EXAMPLE
## -----

file <- system.file(
  package="SummarizedExperiment", "extdata", "example.loom"
)
se <- makeSummarizedExperimentFromLoom(file)
se
assay(se)
metadata(se)
```

nearest-methods	<i>Finding the nearest range neighbor in <code>RangedSummarizedExperiment</code> objects</i>
-----------------	--

Description

This man page documents the nearest methods and family (i.e. precede, follow, distance, and distanceToNearest methods) for [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY'
precede(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"),
  ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
precede(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"),
  ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY'
follow(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"),
```

```

        ignore.strand=FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
follow(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"),
      ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY'
nearest(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"), ignore.strand=FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
nearest(x, subject, select=c("arbitrary", "all"), ignore.strand=FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY'
distance(x, y, ignore.strand=FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
distance(x, y, ignore.strand=FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment,ANY'
distanceToNearest(x, subject, ignore.strand=FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY,RangedSummarizedExperiment'
distanceToNearest(x, subject, ignore.strand=FALSE, ...)

```

Arguments

x, subject	One of these two arguments must be a RangedSummarizedExperiment object.
select, ignore.strand	See ?nearest in the GenomicRanges package.
y	For the distance methods, one of x or y must be a RangedSummarizedExperiment object.
...	Additional arguments for methods.

Details

These methods operate on the `rowRanges` component of the [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object, which can be a [GenomicRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object.

More precisely, if any of the above functions is passed a [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object through the `x`, `subject`, and/or `y` argument, then it behaves as if `rowRanges(x)`, `rowRanges(subject)`, and/or `rowRanges(y)` had been passed instead.

See [?nearest](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package for the details of how `nearest` and family operate on [GenomicRanges](#) and [GRangesList](#) objects.

Value

See [?nearest](#) in the **GenomicRanges** package.

See Also

- [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.
- The [nearest](#) man page in the **GenomicRanges** package where the `nearest` family of methods for [GenomicRanges](#) and [GRangesList](#) objects is documented.

Examples

```

nrows <- 20; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(5, 15)),
                     IRanges(sample(1000L, 20), width=100),
                     strand=Rle(c("+", "-"), c(12, 8)))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
                     row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
rse0 <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
                             rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)
rse1 <- shift(rse0, 100)

res <- nearest(rse0, rse1)
res
stopifnot(identical(res, nearest(rowRanges(rse0), rowRanges(rse1))))
stopifnot(identical(res, nearest(rse0, rowRanges(rse1))))
stopifnot(identical(res, nearest(rowRanges(rse0), rse1)))

res <- nearest(rse0) # missing subject
res
stopifnot(identical(res, nearest(rowRanges(rse0))))

hits <- nearest(rse0, rse1, select="all")
hits
stopifnot(identical(
  hits,
  nearest(rowRanges(rse0), rowRanges(rse1), select="all")
))
stopifnot(identical(
  hits,
  nearest(rse0, rowRanges(rse1), select="all")
))
stopifnot(identical(
  hits,
  nearest(rowRanges(rse0), rse1, select="all")
))

```

RangedSummarizedExperiment-class

RangedSummarizedExperiment objects

Description

The `RangedSummarizedExperiment` class is a matrix-like container where rows represent ranges of interest (as a [GRanges](#) or [GRangesList](#) object) and columns represent samples (with sample data summarized as a [DataFrame](#)). A `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object contains one or more assays, each represented by a matrix-like object of numeric or other mode.

`RangedSummarizedExperiment` is a subclass of [SummarizedExperiment](#) and, as such, all the methods documented in `?SummarizedExperiment` also work on a `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object or any [SummarizedExperiment](#) derivative. The methods documented below are additional methods that are specific to `RangedSummarizedExperiment` objects.

Usage

```
## Constructor

# See ?SummarizedExperiment for the constructor function.

## Accessors

rowRanges(x, ...)
rowRanges(x, ...) <- value

## Subsetting

## S4 method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
subset(x, subset, select, ...)

## rowRanges access
## see 'GRanges compatibility', below
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A <code>RangedSummarizedExperiment</code> object or derivative. The <code>rowRanges</code> setter will also accept a SummarizedExperiment <i>instance</i> and will first coerce it to <code>RangedSummarizedExperiment</code> before it sets value on it.
<code>...</code>	Further arguments to be passed to or from other methods.
<code>value</code>	A GRanges or GRangesList object.
<code>subset</code>	An expression which, when evaluated in the context of <code>rowRanges(x)</code> , is a logical vector indicating elements or rows to keep: missing values are taken as false.
<code>select</code>	An expression which, when evaluated in the context of <code>rowData(x)</code> , is a logical vector indicating elements or rows to keep: missing values are taken as false.

Details

The rows of a `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object represent ranges (in genomic coordinates) of interest. The ranges of interest are described by a [GRanges](#) or a [GRangesList](#) object, accessible using the `rowRanges` function, described below. The [GRanges](#) and [GRangesList](#) classes contains sequence (e.g., chromosome) name, genomic coordinates, and strand information. Each range can be annotated with additional data; this data might be used to describe the range or to summarize results (e.g., statistics of differential abundance) relevant to the range. Rows may or may not have row names; they often will not.

Constructor

`RangedSummarizedExperiment` instances are constructed using the `SummarizedExperiment()` function documented in [?SummarizedExperiment](#).

Accessors

In the code snippets below, `x` is a `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object or derivative (e.g. a [SingleCellExperiment](#) object).

`rowRanges(x)`, `rowRanges(x) <- value`: Get or set the row data. `value` is a `GenomicRanges` object. Row names of `value` must be `NULL` or consistent with the existing row names of `x`.

GRanges compatibility (rowRanges access)

Many [GRanges](#) and [GRangesList](#) operations are supported on `RangedSummarizedExperiment` objects, using `rowRanges`.

Supported operations include: `pcompare`, `duplicated`, `end`, `end<=`, `granges`, `is.unsorted`, `match`, `mcols`, `mcols<=`, `order`, `ranges`, `ranges<=`, `rank`, `seqinfo`, `seqinfo<=`, `seqnames`, `sort`, `start`, `start<=`, `strand`, `strand<=`, `width`, `width<=`.

See also `?shift`, `?isDisjoint`, `?coverage`, `?findOverlaps`, and `?nearest` for more *GRanges compatibility methods*.

Not all [GRanges](#) operations are supported, because they do not make sense for `RangedSummarizedExperiment` objects (e.g., `length`, `name`, `as.data.frame`, `c`, `splitAsList`), involve non-trivial combination or splitting of rows (e.g., `disjoin`, `gaps`, `reduce`, `unique`), or have not yet been implemented (`Ops`, `map`, `window`, `window<=`).

Subsetting

In the code snippets below, `x` is a `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object or derivative (e.g. a [SingleCellExperiment](#) object).

`subset(x, subset, select)`: Create a subset of `x` using an expression `subset` referring to columns of `rowRanges(x)` (including `'seqnames'`, `'start'`, `'end'`, `'width'`, `'strand'`, and `names(rowData(x))`) and / or `select` referring to column names of `colData(x)`.

Extension

`RangedSummarizedExperiment` is implemented as an S4 class, and can be extended in the usual way, using `contains="RangedSummarizedExperiment"` in the new class definition.

See the [SingleCellExperiment](#) class defined in the **SingleCellExperiment** package for an example of such extension.

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See Also

- [SummarizedExperiment](#) for the parent class of `RangedSummarizedExperiment` and the `RangedSummarizedExperiment/SummarizedExperiment` constructor function.
- [shift](#), [isDisjoint](#), [coverage](#), [findOverlaps](#), and [nearest](#) for more *GRanges compatibility methods*.
- [GRanges](#) objects in the **GenomicRanges** package.
- The [SingleCellExperiment](#) defined in the **SingleCellExperiment** package, a subclass of `RangedSummarizedExperiment` specifically designed to represent single-cell sequencing data.

Examples

```
nrows <- 200; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
rowRanges <- GRanges(rep(c("chr1", "chr2"), c(50, 150)),
  IRanges(floor(runif(200, 1e5, 1e6)), width=100),
  strand=sample(c("+", "-"), 200, TRUE),
  feature_id=sprintf("ID%03d", 1:200))
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
```

```

        row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
rse <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
                           rowRanges=rowRanges, colData=colData)

rse
dim(rse)
dimnames(rse)
assayNames(rse)
head(assay(rse))
assays(rse) <- endoapply(assays(rse), asinh)
head(assay(rse))

rowRanges(rse)
rowData(rse) # same as 'mcols(rowRanges(rse))'
colData(rse)

rse[ , rse$Treatment == "ChIP"]

## cbind() combines objects with the same ranges but different samples:
rse1 <- rse
rse2 <- rse1[ , 1:3]
colnames(rse2) <- letters[1:ncol(rse2)]
cmb1 <- cbind(rse1, rse2)
dim(cmb1)
dimnames(cmb1)

## rbind() combines objects with the same samples but different ranges:
rse1 <- rse
rse2 <- rse1[1:50, ]
rownames(rse2) <- letters[1:nrow(rse2)]
cmb2 <- rbind(rse1, rse2)
dim(cmb2)
dimnames(cmb2)

## Coercion to/from SummarizedExperiment:
se0 <- as(rse, "SummarizedExperiment")
se0

as(se0, "RangedSummarizedExperiment")

## Setting rowRanges on a SummarizedExperiment object turns it into a
## RangedSummarizedExperiment object:
se <- se0
rowRanges(se) <- rowRanges
se # RangedSummarizedExperiment

## Sanity checks:
stopifnot(identical(assays(se0), assays(rse)))
stopifnot(identical(dim(se0), dim(rse)))
stopifnot(identical(dimnames(se0), dimnames(rse)))
stopifnot(identical(rowData(se0), rowData(rse)))
stopifnot(identical(colData(se0), colData(rse)))

```

SummarizedExperiment-class

SummarizedExperiment objects

Description

The SummarizedExperiment class is a matrix-like container where rows represent features of interest (e.g. genes, transcripts, exons, etc...) and columns represent samples (with sample data summarized as a [DataFrame](#)). A SummarizedExperiment object contains one or more assays, each represented by a matrix-like object of numeric or other mode.

Note that SummarizedExperiment is the parent of the [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) class which means that all the methods documented below also work on a [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object.

Usage

Constructor for RangedSummarizedExperiment/SummarizedExperiment objects

```
SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(),
                     rowData=NULL, rowRanges=NULL,
                     colData=DataFrame(),
                     metadata=list(),
                     checkDimnames=TRUE)
```

Accessors

```
assayNames(x, ...)
assayNames(x, ...) <- value
assays(x, withDimnames=TRUE, ...)
assays(x, withDimnames=TRUE, ...) <- value
assay(x, i, withDimnames=TRUE, ...)
assay(x, i, withDimnames=TRUE, ...) <- value
rowData(x, use.names=TRUE, ...)
rowData(x, ...) <- value
colData(x, ...)
colData(x, ...) <- value
#dim(x)
#dimnames(x)
#dimnames(x) <- value
```

Quick colData access

```
## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
x$name
## S4 replacement method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
x$name <- value
## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment,ANY,missing'
x[[i, j, ...]]
## S4 replacement method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment,ANY,missing'
x[[i, j, ...]] <- value
```

Subsetting

```
## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
x[i, j, ..., drop=TRUE]
## S4 replacement method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment,ANY,ANY,SummarizedExperiment'
x[i, j] <- value
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
subset(x, subset, select, ...)

## Combining

## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
rbind(..., deparse.level=1)
## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
cbind(..., deparse.level=1)
## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
combineRows(x, ..., delayed=TRUE, fill=NA, use.names=TRUE)
## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
combineCols(x, ..., delayed=TRUE, fill=NA, use.names=TRUE)

## On-disk realization

## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment'
realize(x, BACKEND=getAutoRealizationBackend())
```

Arguments

assays	A list or SimpleList of matrix-like elements, or a matrix-like object (e.g. an ordinary matrix, a data frame, a DataFrame object from the S4Vectors package, a SparseMatrix derivative from the SparseArray package, a sparseMatrix derivative from the Matrix package, a DelayedMatrix object from the DelayedArray package, etc...). All elements of the list must have the same dimensions, and dimension names (if present) must be consistent across elements and with the row names of rowRanges and colData.
rowData	NULL (the default) or a DataFrame object describing the rows. Row names, if present, become the row names of the constructed SummarizedExperiment object. The number of rows of the DataFrame must equal the number of rows of the matrices in assays.
rowRanges	NULL (the default), or a GRanges or GRangesList object describing the ranges of interest. If NULL, a SummarizedExperiment <i>instance</i> is returned. Otherwise, a RangedSummarizedExperiment <i>instance</i> is returned. Names on rowRanges, if present, become the row names of the returned object. The length of the GRanges or GRangesList must equal the number of rows of the matrices in assays.
colData	An optional DataFrame describing the samples. Row names on colData, if present, become the column names of the returned object.
metadata	An optional list of arbitrary content describing the overall experiment.
checkDimnames	By default the rownames and colnames of the supplied assay(s) are checked for consistency with those of the SummarizedExperiment or RangedSummarizedExperiment object to construct. More precisely, the rownames and colnames of each assay must be NULL or identical to those of the object. Use checkDimnames=FALSE to skip this check.
x	A SummarizedExperiment object or derivative.
...	For assay, arguments in ... are forwarded to assays. For rbind, cbind, ... contains SummarizedExperiment objects (or derivatives) to be combined. For other accessors, ignored.

value	An object of a class specified in the S4 method signature or as outlined in ‘Details’.
i, j	For <code>assay</code>, <code>assay<-</code>, <code>i</code> is an integer or numeric scalar; see ‘Details’ for additional constraints. For <code>[, SummarizedExperiment</code>, <code>[, SummarizedExperiment<-</code>, <code>i, j</code> are subscripts that can act to subset the rows and columns of <code>x</code>, that is the matrix elements of assays. For <code>[[, SummarizedExperiment</code>, <code>[[<-, SummarizedExperiment</code>, <code>i</code> is a scalar index (e.g., <code>character(1)</code> or <code>integer(1)</code>) into a column of <code>colData</code>.
name	A symbol representing the name of a column of <code>colData</code> .
withDimnames	A <code>logical(1)</code>, indicating whether the <code>dimnames</code> of the <code>SummarizedExperiment</code> object (or derivative) should be applied (i.e. copied) to the extracted assays. More precisely, setting <code>withDimnames=FALSE</code> in the <i>getter</i> returns the assays <i>as-is</i> whereas setting <code>withDimnames=TRUE</code> return them with possibly modified <code>dimnames</code>. See "Top-level <code>dimnames</code> vs assay-level <code>dimnames</code>" section in the <code>SummarizedExperiment</code> vignette for more information about this and some examples. Setting <code>withDimnames=FALSE</code> in the <i>setter</i> (<code>assays<-</code>) is required when the <code>dimnames</code> on the supplied assays are not identical to the <code>dimnames</code> on the <code>SummarizedExperiment</code> object; it does not influence actual assignment of <code>dimnames</code> to assays (they’re always stored <i>as-is</i>). Note that <pre>assays(x, withDimnames=FALSE) <- assays(x, withDimnames=FALSE)</pre> is guaranteed to always work and be a no-op. This is not the case if <code>withDimnames=TRUE</code> is used or if <code>withDimnames</code> is not specified.
use.names	For <code>rowData</code>: Like <code>mcols(x)</code>, by default <code>rowData(x)</code> propagates the <code>rownames</code> of <code>x</code> to the returned <code>DataFrame</code> object (note that for a <code>SummarizedExperiment</code> object or derivative, the <code>rownames</code> are also the names i.e. <code>rownames(x)</code> is always the same as <code>names(x)</code>). Setting <code>use.names=FALSE</code> suppresses this propagation i.e. it returns a <code>DataFrame</code> object with no <code>rownames</code>. Use this when <code>rowData(x)</code> fails, which can happen when the <code>rownames</code> contain NAs (because the <code>rownames</code> of a <code>SummarizedExperiment</code> object or derivative can contain NAs, but the <code>rownames</code> of a <code>DataFrame</code> object cannot). For <code>combineRows</code> and <code>combineCols</code>: See Combining section below.
drop	A <code>logical(1)</code> , ignored by these methods.
deparse.level	See <code>?base::cbind</code> for a description of this argument.
subset	An expression which, when evaluated in the context of <code>rowData(x)</code> , is a logical vector indicating elements or rows to keep: missing values are taken as false.
select	An expression which, when evaluated in the context of <code>colData(x)</code> , is a logical vector indicating elements or rows to keep: missing values are taken as false.
delayed, fill	See <code>combineRows</code> and <code>combineCols</code> in Combining section below.
BACKEND	NULL (the default), or a single string specifying the name of the backend. When the backend is set to NULL, each element of <code>assays(x)</code> is realized in memory as an ordinary array by just calling <code>as.array</code> on it.

Details

The `SummarizedExperiment` class is meant for numeric and other data types derived from a sequencing experiment. The structure is rectangular like a `matrix`, but with additional annotations on the rows and columns, and with the possibility to manage several assays simultaneously so long as they be of the same dimensions.

The rows of a `SummarizedExperiment` object represent features of interest. Information about these features is stored in a `DataFrame` object, accessible using the function `rowData`. The `DataFrame` must have as many rows as there are rows in the `SummarizedExperiment` object, with each row of the `DataFrame` providing information on the feature in the corresponding row of the `SummarizedExperiment` object. Columns of the `DataFrame` represent different attributes of the features of interest, e.g., gene or transcript IDs, etc.

Each column of a `SummarizedExperiment` object represents a sample. Information about the samples are stored in a `DataFrame`, accessible using the function `colData`, described below. The `DataFrame` must have as many rows as there are columns in the `SummarizedExperiment` object, with each row of the `DataFrame` providing information on the sample in the corresponding column of the `SummarizedExperiment` object. Columns of the `DataFrame` represent different sample attributes, e.g., tissue of origin, etc. Columns of the `DataFrame` can themselves be annotated (via the `mcols` function). Column names typically provide a short identifier unique to each sample.

A `SummarizedExperiment` object can also contain information about the overall experiment, for instance the lab in which it was conducted, the publications with which it is associated, etc. This information is stored as a `list` object, accessible using the `metadata` function. The form of the data associated with the experiment is left to the discretion of the user.

The `SummarizedExperiment` container is appropriate for matrix-like data. The data are accessed using the `assays` function, described below. This returns a `SimpleList` object. Each element of the list must itself be a matrix (of any mode) and must have dimensions that are the same as the dimensions of the `SummarizedExperiment` in which they are stored. Row and column names of each matrix must either be `NULL` or match those of the `SummarizedExperiment` during construction. It is convenient for the elements of `SimpleList` of assays to be named.

Accessors

In the code snippets below, `x` is a `SummarizedExperiment` object or derivative (e.g. a `RangedSummarizedExperiment` object).

`assays(x)`, `assays(x) <- value`: Get or set the assays. `value` is a `list` or `SimpleList`, each element of which is a matrix with the same dimensions as `x`.

`assay(x, i)`, `assay(x, i) <- value`: A convenient alternative (to `assays(x)[[i]]`, `assays(x)[[i]] <- value`) to get or set the *i*th (default first) assay element. `value` must be a matrix of the same dimension as `x`, and with dimension names `NULL` or consistent with those of `x`.

`assayNames(x)`, `assayNames(x) <- value`: Get or set the names of `assay()` elements.

`rowData(x, use.names=TRUE)`, `rowData(x) <- value`: Get or set the row data. `value` is a `DataFrame` object.

`colData(x)`, `colData(x) <- value`: Get or set the column data. `value` is a `DataFrame` object. Row names of `value` must be `NULL` or consistent with the existing column names of `x`.

`metadata(x)`, `metadata(x) <- value`: Get or set the experiment data. `value` is a `list` with arbitrary content.

`dim(x)`: Get the dimensions (features of interest x samples) of the `SummarizedExperiment` object.

`dimnames(x)`, `dimnames(x) <- value`: Get or set the dimension names. `value` is usually a `list` of length 2, containing elements that are either `NULL` or vectors of appropriate length for the

corresponding dimension. value can be NULL, which removes dimension names. This method implies that rownames, rownames<-, colnames, and colnames<- are all available.

Subsetting

In the code snippets below, x is a SummarizedExperiment object or derivative (e.g. a [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) object).

`x[i, j], x[i, j] <- value`: Create or replace a subset of x. i, j can be numeric, logical, character, or missing. value must be a SummarizedExperiment object with dimensions, dimension names, and assay elements consistent with the subset x[i, j] being replaced.

`subset(x, subset, select)`: Create a subset of x using an expression subset referring to columns of `rowData(x)` and / or select referring to column names of `colData(x)`.

Additional subsetting accessors provide convenient access to `colData` columns

`x$name, x$name <- value` Access or replace column name in x.

`x[[i, ...]], x[[i, ...]] <- value` Access or replace column i in x.

Combining

In the code snippets below, x, y and ... are SummarizedExperiment objects (or derivatives) to be combined.

`rbind(...)`: `rbind` combines objects with the same samples but different features of interest (rows in assays). The `colnames` in `rowData(SummarizedExperiment)` must match or an error is thrown. Duplicate columns of `colData(SummarizedExperiment)` must contain the same data.

Data in assays are combined by name matching; if all assay names are NULL matching is by position. A mixture of names and NULL throws an error.

metadata from all objects are combined into a list with no name checking.

`cbind(...)`: `cbind` combines objects with the same features of interest but different samples (columns in assays). The `colnames` in `colData(SummarizedExperiment)` must match or an error is thrown. Duplicate columns of `rowData(SummarizedExperiment)` must contain the same data.

Data in assays are combined by name matching; if all assay names are NULL matching is by position. A mixture of names and NULL throws an error.

metadata from all objects are combined into a list with no name checking.

`combineRows(x, ..., use.names=TRUE, delayed=TRUE, fill=NA)`: `combineRows` acts like more flexible `rbind`, returning a SummarizedExperiment with features equal to the concatenation of features across all input objects. Unlike `rbind`, it permits differences in the number and identity of the columns, differences in the available [rowData](#) fields, and even differences in the available [assays](#) among the objects being combined.

If `use.names=TRUE`, each input object must have non-NULL, non-duplicated column names. These names do not have to be the same, or even shared, across the input objects. The column names of the returned SummarizedExperiment will be a union of the column names across all input objects. If a column is not present in an input, the corresponding assay and `colData` entries will be filled with `fill` and NAs, respectively, in the combined SummarizedExperiment.

If `use.names=FALSE`, all objects must have the same number of columns. The column names of the returned object is set to `colnames(x)`. Any differences in the column names between input objects are ignored.

Data in assays are combined by matching the names of the assays. If one input object does not contain a named assay present in other input objects, the corresponding assay entries in the returned object will be set to `fill`. If all assay names are `NULL`, matching is done by position. A mixture of named and unnamed assays will throw an error.

If `delayed=TRUE`, assay matrices are wrapped in [DelayedArrays](#) to avoid any extra memory allocation during the matrix rbinding. Otherwise, the matrices are combined as-is; note that this may still return `DelayedMatrix`s if the inputs were also `DelayedMatrix` objects.

If any input is a `RangedSummarizedExperiment`, the returned object will also be a `RangedSummarizedExperiment`. The `rowRanges` of the returned object is set to the concatenation of the `rowRanges` of all inputs. If any input is a `SummarizedExperiment`, the returned `rowRanges` is converted into a `GRangesList` and the entries corresponding to the rows of the `SummarizedExperiment` are set to zero-length `GRanges`. If all inputs are `SummarizedExperiment` objects, a `SummarizedExperiment` is also returned.

`rowData` are combined using [combineRows](#) for `DataFrame` objects. It is not necessary for all input objects to have the same fields in their `rowData`; missing fields are filled with `NA`s for the corresponding rows in the returned object.

metadata from all objects are combined into a list with no name checking.

`combineCols(x, ..., use.names=TRUE, delayed=TRUE, fill=NA)`: `combineCols` acts like more flexible `cbind`, returning a `SummarizedExperiment` with columns equal to the concatenation of columns across all input objects. Unlike `cbind`, it permits differences in the number and identity of the rows, differences in the available [colData](#) fields, and even differences in the available [assays](#) among the objects being combined.

If `use.names=TRUE`, each input object must have non-`NULL`, non-duplicated row names. These names do not have to be the same, or even shared, across the input objects. The row names of the returned `SummarizedExperiment` will be a union of the row names across all input objects. If a row is not present in an input, the corresponding assay and `rowData` entries will be filled with `fill` and `NA`s, respectively, in the combined `SummarizedExperiment`.

If `use.names=FALSE`, all objects must have the same number of rows. The row names of the returned object is set to `rownames(x)`. Any differences in the row names between input objects are ignored.

Data in assays are combined by matching the names of the assays. If one input object does not contain a named assay present in other input objects, the corresponding assay entries in the returned object will be set to `fill`. If all assay names are `NULL`, matching is done by position. A mixture of named and unnamed assays will throw an error.

If `delayed=TRUE`, assay matrices are wrapped in [DelayedArrays](#) to avoid any extra memory allocation during the matrix rbinding. Otherwise, the matrices are combined as-is; note that this may still return `DelayedMatrix`s if the inputs were also `DelayedMatrix` objects.

If any input is a `RangedSummarizedExperiment`, the returned object will also be a `RangedSummarizedExperiment`. The `rowRanges` of the returned object is set to a merge of the `rowRanges` of all inputs, where the coordinates for each row are taken from the input object that contains that row. Any conflicting ranges for shared rows will raise a warning and all `rowRanges` information from the offending `RangedSummarizedExperiment` will be ignored. If any input is a `SummarizedExperiment`, the returned `rowRanges` is converted into a `GRangesList` and the entries corresponding to the unique rows of the `SummarizedExperiment` are set to zero-length `GRanges`. If all inputs are `SummarizedExperiment` objects, a `SummarizedExperiment` is also returned.

`colData` are combined using [combineRows](#) for `DataFrame` objects. It is not necessary for all input objects to have the same fields in their `colData`; missing fields are filled with `NA`s for the corresponding columns in the returned object.

metadata from all objects are combined into a list with no name checking.

Implementation and Extension

This section contains advanced material meant for package developers.

SummarizedExperiment is implemented as an S4 class, and can be extended in the usual way, using `contains="SummarizedExperiment"` in the new class definition.

In addition, the representation of the assays slot of SummarizedExperiment is as a virtual class Assays. This allows derived classes (`contains="Assays"`) to implement alternative requirements for the assays, e.g., backed by file-based storage like NetCDF or the `ff` package, while re-using the existing SummarizedExperiment class without modification. See [Assays](#) for more information.

Author(s)

Martin Morgan; combineRows and combineCols by Aaron Lun

See Also

- [RangedSummarizedExperiment](#) objects.
- [DataFrame](#), [SimpleList](#), and [Annotated](#) objects in the **S4Vectors** package.
- The [metadata](#) and [mcols](#) accessors in the **S4Vectors** package.
- [saveHDF5SummarizedExperiment](#) and [loadHDF5SummarizedExperiment](#) in the **HDF5Array** package for saving/loading an HDF5-based SummarizedExperiment object to/from disk.
- The [realize](#) generic function in the **DelayedArray** package for more information about on-disk realization of objects carrying delayed operations.

Examples

```
nrows <- 200; ncols <- 6
counts <- matrix(runif(nrows * ncols, 1, 1e4), nrows)
colData <- DataFrame(Treatment=rep(c("ChIP", "Input"), 3),
                     row.names=LETTERS[1:6])
se0 <- SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(counts=counts),
                           colData=colData)

se0
dim(se0)
dimnames(se0)
assayNames(se0)
head(assay(se0))
assays(se0) <- endoapply(assays(se0), asinh)
head(assay(se0))

rowData(se0)
colData(se0)

se0[, se0$Treatment == "ChIP"]
subset(se0, select = Treatment == "ChIP")

## rbind() combines objects with the same samples but different
## features of interest:
se1 <- se0
se2 <- se1[1:50,]
rownames(se2) <- letters[seq_len(nrow(se2))]
cmb2 <- rbind(se1, se2)
dim(cmb2)
dimnames(cmb2)
```

```
## cbind() combines objects with the same features of interest
## but different samples:
se1 <- se0
se2 <- se1[,1:3]
colnames(se2) <- letters[seq_len(ncol(se2))]
cmb1 <- cbind(se1, se2)
dim(cmb1)
dimnames(cmb1)

## -----
## ON-DISK REALIZATION
## -----
library(DelayedArray)
setAutoRealizationBackend("HDF5Array")
cmb3 <- realize(cmb2)
assay(cmb3, withDimnames=FALSE) # an HDF5Matrix object
```

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