

Package ‘specL’

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Type Package

Title specL - Prepare Peptide Spectrum Matches for Use in Targeted Proteomics

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Description provides a functions for generating spectra libraries that can be used for MRM SRM MS workflows in proteomics. The package provides a BiblioSpec reader, a function which can add the protein information using a FASTA formatted amino acid file, and an export method for using the created library in the Spectronaut software. The package is developed, tested and used at the Functional Genomics Center Zurich <<https://fgcz.ch>>.

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URL <http://bioconductor.org/packages/specL/>

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annotate.protein_id *Annotate protein_id*

Description

This function assigns the protein identifier for a list of tandem mass specs having a peptide sequence assigned.

Usage

```
annotate.protein_id(data, file = NULL, fasta = read.fasta(file = file,
  as.string = TRUE, seqtype = "AA"), digestPattern = "(([[RK]]|^)|(^M))")
```

Arguments

data	list of records containing mZ and peptide sequences.
file	file name of a FASTA file.
fasta	a fasta object as returned by the seqinr::read.fasta(...) method.
digestPattern	a regex pattern which can be used by the grep command. the default regex pattern assumes a tryptic digest.

Details

The protein sequences a read by the `read.fasta` function of the `seqinr` package. The protein identifier is written to the protein `proteinInformation` variable.

If the function is called on a multi-core architecture it uses `mclapply`.

It is recommended to load the FASTA file prior to running `annotate.protein_id` using `myFASTA <- read.fasta(file = file, as.string = TRUE, seqtype = "AA")` instead of providing the FASTA file name to the function.

Value

it returns a list object.

Author(s)

Jonas Grossmann and Christian Panse, 2014

See Also

?`read.fasta` of the `seqinr` package.

<http://www.uniprot.org/help/fasta-headers>

Examples

```
# annotate.protein_id

# our Fasta sequence
irtFASTAseq <- paste(">zz|ZZ_FGCZCont0260|",
  "iRT_Protein_with_AAAK_spacers concatenated Biognosys\n",
  "LGGNEQVTRAAAAKAGSSEPVTGLDAKAAAAKVEATFGVDESNKAAAAKYILAGVENS",
  "KAAAAKTPVISGGPYEYRAAAKTPVITGAPYEYRAAAKDGLDAAASYAPVRAAAKAD",
  "VTPADFSEWSKAAAAKGTFIIDPGGVIRAAAAKGTFIIDPAAVIRAAAAKLFQFGAQS",
  "PFLK\n")

# be realistic, do it from file
Tfile <- file(); cat(irtFASTAseq, file = Tfile);

#use read.fasta from seqinr
fasta.irtFASTAseq <-read.fasta(Tfile, as.string=TRUE, seqtype="AA")
close(Tfile)

#annotate with proteinID
# -> here we find all psm from the one proteinID above
peptideStd <- specL::annotate.protein_id(peptideStd,
  fasta=fasta.irtFASTAseq)

#show indices for all PSMs where we have a proteinInformation
which(unlist(lapply(peptideStd,
  function(x){nchar(x$proteinInformation)>0}))))
```

`cdsw`*Generate Dynamic SWATH Window*

Description

This function computes dynamic SWATH windows (`cdsw`) for a given vector of numeric values, an `psmSet` class, or an `specLSet` class. The input R data object can be generated using the `read.bibliospec` function.

Usage

```
cdsw(x, n=20, overlap=1, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Numeric vector or <code>psmSet</code> class.
<code>n</code>	Number of desired SWATH windows. Default is set to 20.
<code>overlap</code>	Overlap of SWATH windows. The default is 1 Dalton.
<code>...</code>	pass arguments to <code>hist</code> function.

Details

The function determines the SWATH windows using the quantile function.

Value

The output is `data.frame` having the attributes `from`, `to`, `mid`, `width`, and `counts`. In the ideal output all bins should contain the same number of numeric values. This requirement is violated because the window borders are rounded with no digit after the comma.

Author(s)

Christian Panse, Christian Trachsel, 2015, 2016

See Also

The S3 class definition: `showClass("psmSet")`

Examples

```
# do not plot histogram
cdsw(peptideStd, plot = FALSE, overlap = 0)

# plot hist
cdsw(peptideStd, freq = TRUE)

# pre-filtering
## cdsw(x=q1[350 <= q1 & q1 <= 1250], n=20, overlap = 0, freq=TRUE)
```

genSwathIonLib *Spectrum library generator for SWATH analysis*

Description

This function generates an ion library for SWATH analysis. It takes a R data object which contains a peak list. The R data object can be generated using the `read.bibliospec` function.

Usage

```
genSwathIonLib(data,
  data.fit = data,
  mascotIonScoreCutOFF=20,
  proteinIDPattern='',
  max.mZ.Da.error = 0.1,
  ignoreMascotIonScore = TRUE,
  topN = 10,
  fragmentIonMzRange = c(300, 1800),
  fragmentIonRange = c(4, 100),
  fragmentIonFUN = .defaultSwathFragmentIon,
  iRT = specL::iRTpeptides,
  AminoAcids = protViz::AA,
  breaks=NULL,
  NORMALIZE=.normalize_rt)
```

Arguments

`data` data set containing mZ and peptide sequence.

`mascotIonScoreCutOFF`
 a value for filtering the specs.

`proteinIDPattern`
 a filter for protein.

`max.mZ.Da.error`
 the mZ error in Dalton on ms2 level.

`ignoreMascotIonScore`
 Boolean if mascot score is considered or not.

`topN` returns the most N intense fragment ion only.

`fragmentIonMzRange`
 mZ range filter of fragment ion.

`fragmentIonRange`
 range filter of the number of identified fragment ion which are assigned in the spectrum library set in `fragmentIonTyp`. Use this option to generate a library with a minimum of five transitions for all peptides using `c(5, 100)`, all peptides where at least not five transmissions found were omitted.

<code>fragmentIonFUN</code>	function (b, y) which derives all requested fragment ion out a given tuple of b and y ion. If the parameter is not specified the method uses an internal function similar as the example below.
<code>iRT</code>	optional table which contains iRT peptides. If an iRT table is provided (default) a <code>lm</code> is applied to normalize the <code>rt</code> in data. See also <code>?iRT</code> . A necessary condition is that data contains at least two iRT peptides.
<code>AminoAcids</code>	a list containing of 1-letter code and mono-isotopic mass of the amino acids. Default uses the <code>protViz::AA</code> data set.
<code>data.fit</code>	data set containing <code>mZ</code> and peptide sequence which is used for normalizing <code>rt</code> using a linear model <code>lm(formula = rt ~ aggregateInputRT * fileName, data)</code> . The <code>rt</code> aggregation for the model uses median.
<code>breaks</code>	provides a vector of SWATH windows. If <code>q1</code> (precursor mass) and <code>q3</code> (fragment ion) fall into the same SWATH window the fragment ion is ignored in the resulting ion library. The following code shows an example <code>breaks=seq(400, 2000, by=25)</code> .
<code>NORMALIZE</code>	is a function(<code>data, data.fit, iRT, plot=FALSE</code>) normalizing the <code>rt</code> . The default is a internal R helper function using <code>lm</code> .

Details

The function is the main contribution of the `specL` package. It generates the spectra library used in a SWATH analysis workflow out of a mass spectrometric measurement.

`genSwathIonLib` uses the core functions `protViz::findNN`, `protViz::fragmentIon`, and `protViz::aa2mass`.

The input is read by using `read.bibliospec` function of this package and passed by the `data` function parameter. If no `BiblioSpec` files are available also `Mascot DAT` files can be read using scripts contained in the `protViz` package `exec` folder.

If the protein information is lost you can benefit for the `specL::annotate.protein_id.Rd` method.

The function first appear in the `protViz 0.1.45` package. It has been removed in `protViz 0.2.6` to avoid package dependencies.

Value

The output is a data structure defined as `specLSet` object. The generic method `ionlibrary` returns a list of `specL` objects, `specLSet` also stores the input and normalized retention times.

Author(s)

Christian Panse, Christian Trachsel, and Jonas Grossmann 2012, 2013, 2014, 2016

See Also

The S4 class definition: `showClass("specL") showClass("specLSet")`
and the package vignette file. `vignette('specL')`

Examples

```
myFragmentIon <- function (b, y) {
  Hydrogen <- 1.007825
  Oxygen <- 15.994915
  Nitrogen <- 14.003074

  b1_ <- (b )
  y1_ <- (y )

  b2_ <- (b + Hydrogen) / 2
  y2_ <- (y + Hydrogen) / 2

  b3_ <- (b + 2 * Hydrogen) / 3
  y3_ <- (y + 2 * Hydrogen) / 3

  return( cbind(b1_, y1_, b2_, y2_, b3_, y3_) )
}

peptideStd.ionLib <- genSwathIonLib(data=peptideStd,
  data.fit=peptideStd.redundant,
  fragmentIonFUN=myFragmentIon)

summary(peptideStd.ionLib)

idx<-40

op <- par(mfrow = c(2,1))

plot(peptideStd.ionLib)

text(rt.input(peptideStd.ionLib)[idx],
  rt.normalized(peptideStd.ionLib)[idx],
  "X", cex=1.5)

plot(ionlibrary(peptideStd.ionLib)[[idx]])

## Not run:
write.spectronaut(peptideStd.ionLib,
  file="peptideStd.ionLib.csv")

## End(Not run)
```

Description

iRTpeptides data are used for genSwathIonLib rt normalization assuming.

iRTpeptides first appear in the protViz 0.1.45 package. It has been removed in protViz 0.2.10 to avoid package dependencies.

Format

contains a table

Author(s)

Jonas Grossmann and Christian Panse 2013

References

Using iRT, a normalized retention time for more targeted measurement of peptides. Escher C, Reiter L, MacLean B, Ossola R, Herzog F, Chilton J, MacCoss MJ, Rinner O. Source Proteomics. 2012 Apr;12(8):1111-21. doi: 10.1002/pmic.201100463.

Examples

```
plot(sort(iRTpeptides$rt))
```

```
plot(pim<-protViz::parentIonMass(as.character(iRTpeptides$peptide)) ~ iRTpeptides$rt)
```

ms1.p2069

ms1 mass

Description

ms1.p2069 contains 11830 peptide precursor m/z values of human proteins.

Format

contains a numeric vector

Author(s)

Christian Panse

peptideStd	<i>Peptide standard</i>
------------	-------------------------

Description

This dataset is a list of a peptide spectrum matches (protein identification result) from two standard runs.

Format

contains a list of peptide spectrum assignments.

Details

These standard runs (LCMS experiments) are routinely run on well maintained instruments. In this case a standard run consists of a digest of the FETUIN_BOVINE protein (400 amol) and iRT peptides.

Author(s)

Christian Panse, Christian Trachsel and Jonas Grossmann 2014

See Also

<http://fgcz-data.uzh.ch/~cpanse/specL/data/>

Examples

```
peakplot(peptideStd[[40]]$peptideSequence, peptideStd[[40]])

## Not run:

download.file("http://fgcz-data.uzh.ch/~cpanse/specL/data/peptideStd.blib",
  destfile="peptideStd.blib")

download.file("http://fgcz-data.uzh.ch/~cpanse/specL/data/peptideStd.redundant.blib",
  destfile="peptideStd.redundant.blib")

# checksum

if (require(tools)){
  md5sum(c("peptideStd.blib", "peptideStd.redundant.blib")) ==
  c("3f231931e54efd6516d7aa302073b17f",
    "8bab829d9e99344136613a17c0374b90")
}

peptideStd <- read.bibliospec("peptideStd.blib")
peptideStd.redundant <- read.bibliospec("peptideStd.redundant.blib")
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

plot-methods	<i>Method for Function plot in Package specL</i>
--------------	--

Description

This method has no additional arguments.

Value

The method plots on the current device.

Methods

signature(x = "specL") Plots the specL determined ions.

signature(x = "specLSet") Plots retention time versus retention time.

read.bibliospec	<i>BiblioSpec Reader</i>
-----------------	--------------------------

Description

This function reads a BiblioSpec generated file and returns a list of tandem mass specs (psm objects), peptide assignments, retention times, and modifications records. The type of the data structure which is returned is called psmSet.

Usage

```
read.bibliospec(file)
```

Arguments

file the name of the BiblioSpec generated SQLite file.

Details

The function performs a SQL query on the SQLite files generated by bibliospec using the RSQLite package. The function is required for generating spec libraries used in a SWATH workflow.

BiblioSpec files are generated by using Skyline.

Value

It returns a list which can be read by the genSwathIonLib function and the protViz:::peakplot function.

Author(s)

Christian Panse, 2014, 2015

See Also

<https://skyline.gs.washington.edu/labkey/project/home/software/Skyline/begin.view>

<https://skyline.gs.washington.edu/labkey/project/home/software/BiblioSpec/begin.view>

<http://www.sqlite.org/>

?SQLite

Examples

```
read.bibliospec
```

show-methods

*Methods for Function show in Package **specL** ~~*

Description

Methods for function show in package **specL** ~~ writes specL or specLSet objects to a file or console.

Methods

signature(x = "specL") Prints specL object data to the console.

signature(x = "specLSet") Prints specL object data to the console.

specL-class

Class "specL"

Description

This class is used to store, print, and plot the generated results of the package.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("specL", ...)`.

Slots

group_id: Object of class "character" just an id
peptide_sequence: Object of class "character" AA sequence
proteinInformation: Object of class "character" a string contains the protein identifier.
q1: Object of class "numeric" peptide weight m/Z as measured by the MS device
q1.in_silico: Object of class "numeric" peptide weight m/Z computed in-silico.
q3: Object of class "numeric" measured fragment ions.
q3.in_silico: Object of class "numeric" in-silico derived fragment ions.
score: Object of class "numeric" taken from bibliospec - psm score
prec_z: Object of class "numeric" pre-cursor charge.
frg_type: Object of class "character" fragment ion type, e.g., b or y ion.
frg_nr: Object of class "numeric" fragment ion number
frg_z: Object of class "numeric" fragment ion charge.
relativeFragmentIntensity: Object of class "numeric" percentage base peaks of fragment ions.
irt: Object of class "numeric" independent retention time in seconds.
peptideModSeq: Object of class "numeric" a vector contains the mass diff between AA and mod AA.
mZ.error: Object of class "numeric" a string contains the protein identifier.
filename: Object of class "character" a string contains the filename of the ions.

Methods

plot signature(x = "specL"): plots the fragment ions of specL object.
show signature(x = "specL"): shows the content of specL object.
write.spectronaut signature(x = "specL"): writes the specL object to a ASCII file.

Note

No notes yet.

Author(s)

Christian Panse 2014

See Also

[genSwathIonLib](#)

Examples

```
showClass("specL")
```

specLSet-class	Class "specLSet"
----------------	------------------

Description

This class is used to store, show, and write generated results of the package.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("specLSet", ...)`.

Slots

`input.parameter`: A list of parameter values.

`ionlibrary`: A list of "specL" objects.

`rt.normalized`: A numeric vector of normalized retention time values.

`rt.input`: A numeric vector of retention time values.

Methods

show signature(`x = "specLSet"`): shows the object content.

summary signature(`x = "specLSet"`): print summary of object content.

plot signature(`x = "specLSet"`): plots normalized versus input rt.

write.spectronaut signature(`x = "specLSet"`): writes object to ASCII file.

generate.consensus signature(`x = "specLSet"`): generates consensus specLSet object by combining all specL objects having a redundant `group_id` which is defined by `paste(x@q1.in_silico, x@peptideModSeq, sep='_')`.

merge.specLSet signature(`x = "specLSet"`): merges two specLSet objects.

ionlibrary signature(`x = "specLSet"`): returns a list of specL objects.

rt.input signature(`x = "specLSet"`): returns a numeric vector of input rt values.

rt.normalized signature(`x = "specLSet"`): returns a numeric vector of normalized rt values.

getProteinPeptideTable signature(`x = "specLSet"`): returns table of peptide protein mappings.

Note

No notes yet.

Author(s)

Christian Panse 2014

See Also

[genSwathIonLib](#)

Examples

```
showClass("specL")
showClass("specLSet")
```

write.spectronaut-methods

*Methods for Function write.spectronaut in Package **specL***

Description

Methods for function write.spectronaut in package **specL** ~~ writes specL objects to a file in a format which can be read by the 'Spectronaut' software. additional arguments are

file A file name. default is file='spec.txt'.

Methods

signature(x = "specL") Prints specL object data to to a file.

signature(x = "specLSet") Prints specL object data to to a file.

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