

Package ‘Summix’

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Version 2.6.0

LazyData false

Title Summix: A method to estimate and adjust for population structure in genetic summary data

Description This package contains the Summix method for estimating and adjusting for ancestry in genetic summary allele frequency data. The function `summix` estimates reference ancestry proportions using a mixture model. The `adjAF` function produces ancestry adjusted allele frequencies for an observed sample with ancestry proportions matching a target person or sample.

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RoxygenNote 7.1.1

Suggests rmarkdown, markdown, knitr

biocViews StatisticalMethod, WholeGenome, Genetics

VignetteBuilder knitr

Encoding UTF-8

Depends R (>= 4.1)

Imports nloptr, methods

BugReports <https://github.com/Bioconductor/Summix/issues>

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R topics documented:

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adjAF *Ancestry adjusted allele frequencies*

Description

Adjusts allele frequencies for heterogeneous populations in genetic data given proportion of reference ancestry groups

Usage

```
adjAF(data, reference, observed, pi.target, pi.observed)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|--|
| data | dataframe of unadjusted allele frequency for observed group, K-1 reference ancestry allele frequencies for N SNPs |
| reference | character vector of the column names for K-1 reference ancestry groups. The name of the last reference ancestry group is not included as that group is not used to estimate the adjusted allele frequencies. |
| observed | character value for the column name of observed data group |
| pi.target | numeric vector of the mixture proportions for K reference ancestry groups in the target sample or subject. The order must match the order of the reference columns with the last entry matching the missing reference group. |
| pi.observed | numeric vector of the mixture proportions for K reference ancestry groups for the observed group. The order must match the order of the reference columns with the last entry matching the missing reference group. |

Value

pi: table of input reference ancestry groups, pi.observed, and pi.target
 observed.data: name of the data column for the observed group from which adjusted ancestry allele frequency is estimated
 Nsnps: number of SNPs for which adjusted AF is estimated
 adjusted.AF: data frame of original data with an appended column of adjusted allele frequencies

Author(s)

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See Also

[summix](#) for estimating the proportion of reference ancestry groups and <https://github.com/hendriau/Summix> for further documentation

Examples

```
data(ancestryData)
tmp.aa<-adjAF(data = ancestryData,
  reference = c("ref_AF_eur_1000G"),
  observed = "gnomad_AF_afr",
  pi.target = c(0, 1),
  pi.observed = c(.15, .85))
tmp.aa$adjusted.AF[1:5,]
```

ancestryData

Example allele frequency data

Description

reference data is 1000 Genomes and NAM. 1000 Genomes data was downloaded from <ftp://ftp.1000genomes.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/ftp/> on May 31, 2018 The IAM Affymetrix 6.0 data were downloaded from <ftp.1000genomes.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/ftp/technical/working/> (data accessed October 2018) and had been previously harmonized with the 1000 Genomes data. Observed data is from gnomAD. gnomAD v2 data was downloaded from <https://gnomad.broadinstitute.org/downloads> on Oct. 11, 2018

Usage

```
data(ancestryData)
```

Format

Chromosome, SNP, base pair, reference and alternate alleles, reference allele frequencies, observed allele frequencies

Examples

```
data("ancestryData")
```

summix

Summix: estimating mixture proportions of reference group

Description

Summix: estimating mixture proportions of reference groups from large (N SNPs>10,000) genetic AF data

Usage

```
summix(data, reference, observed, pi.start = c())
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|--|
| data | a dataframe of the observed and reference allele frequencies for N genetic variants. See data formatting document at https://github.com/hendriau/Summix for more information. |
| reference | a character vector of the column names for the reference ancestries. |
| observed | a character value that is the column name for the observed group. |
| pi.start | length K numeric vector of the starting guess for the ancestry proportions. If not specified, this defaults to 1/K where K is the number of reference ancestry groups. |

Value

data frame with the following columns
 objective: least square value at solution
 iterations: number of iterations for SLSQP algorithm
 time: time in seconds of SLSQP algorithm
 filtered: number of SNPs not used in estimation due to missing values
 K columns of mixture proportions of reference ancestry groups input into the function

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See Also

[adjAF](#) for adjusting allele frequencies and <https://github.com/hendriau/Summix> for further documentation. [slsqp](#) function in the [nloptr](#) package for further details on Sequential Quadratic Programming <https://www.rdocumentation.org/packages/nloptr/versions/1.2.2.2/topics/slsqp>

Examples

```
# load the data
data("ancestryData")

# Estimate 5 reference ancestry proportion values for the gnomAD African/African American group
# using a starting guess of .2 for each ancestry proportion.
summix( data = ancestryData,
        reference=c("ref_AF_afr_1000G",
                    "ref_AF_eur_1000G",
                    "ref_AF_sas_1000G",
                    "ref_AF_iam_1000G",
                    "ref_AF_eas_1000G"),
        observed="gnomad_AF_afr",
        pi.start = c(.2, .2, .2, .2, .2) )
```

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