

Package ‘BiocSet’

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Title Representing Different Biological Sets

Version 1.2.2

Description BiocSet displays different biological sets in a triple tibble format. These three tibbles are `element`, `set`, and `elementset`. The user has the ability to activate one of these three tibbles to perform common functions from the dplyr package. Mapping functionality and accessing web references for elements/sets are also available in BiocSet.

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AnnotationDbi, KEGGREST

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BiocSet	<i>BiocSet class</i>
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Description

character()

The BiocSet constructor, the show method, the slot accessors, and creating a BiocSet object from an element set tibble rather than character vector(s).

Usage

```
BiocSet(..., active = c("elementset", "element", "set"))
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'BiocSet'
show(object)
```

```
es_element(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'BiocSet'
es_element(x)
```

```
es_set(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'BiocSet'
es_set(x)
```

```
es_elementset(x)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'BiocSet'
es_elementset(x)
```

```
BiocSet_from_elementset(elementset, element, set)
```

Arguments

...	Named character() vectors of element sets. Each character vector is an element set. The name of the character vectors are the name of the sets.
active	A character to indicate which tibble is active. The default is "elementset".
object	A BiocSet object.
x	A BiocSet object.

elementset	A tibble with element set information.
element	A tibble with element information.
set	A tibble with set information.

Value

An S4 BiocSet object shown as a tripple tibble, where each slot is a tibble.

Slots

element	The element tibble from 'tbl_elementset'
set	The set tibble from 'tbl_elementset'
elementset	The elementset tibble created from user input
active	Character, indicates which tibble is active

Examples

```
BiocSet(set1 = letters, set2 = LETTERS)

set.seed(123)
element <-
  tibble(
    element = letters[1:10],
    v1 = sample(10),
    v2 = sample(10)
  )
set <-
  tibble(
    set = LETTERS[1:2],
    v1 = sample(2),
    v2 = sample(2)
  )
elementset <-
  tibble(
    element = letters[1:10],
    set = sample(LETTERS[1:2], 10, TRUE)
  )
BiocSet_from_elementset(elementset, element, set)
```

coerce	<i>as("BiocSet", "list")</i>
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Description

```
as("BiocSet", "list")
as("BiocSet", "GeneSetCollection")
```

Description

All of the major methods applied to a BiocSet object can be explicitly applied to the elementset tibble. These functions bypass the need to use the `es_activate` function by indicating what function should be used on the elementset tibble.

Usage

```
filter_elementset(.data, ...)
select_elementset(.data, ...)
mutate_elementset(.data, ...)
summarise_elementset(.data, ...)
arrange_elementset(.data, ...)
left_join_elementset(.data, ...)
tibble_from_elementset(.data)
data.frame_from_elementset(.data)
```

Arguments

<code>.data</code>	A BiocSet object.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to the function.

Value

A BiocSet object.
For `tibble_from_elementset`, a tibble.
For `data.frame_from_elementset`, a data.frame.

Examples

```
es <- BiocSet(set1 = letters, set2 = LETTERS)
filter_elementset(es, element == "a" | element == "A")

es %>% select_elementset(element)

es %>% mutate_elementset(pval = rnorm(1:52))

es %>% summarise_elementset(n = n())

es %>% arrange_elementset(desc(element))
```

```
tbl <- tibble(x = 5:6, y = c("set1", "set2"))
es %>% left_join_elementset(tbl, by = c(set = "y"))

tibble_from_elementset(es)

data.frame_from_elementset(es)
```

element_funs

Functions applied to elements in a BiocSet object

Description

All of the major methods applied to a BiocSet object can be explicitly applied to the element tibble. These functions bypass the need to use the `es_activate` function by indicating what function should be used on the element tibble.

Usage

```
filter_element(.data, ...)

select_element(.data, ...)

mutate_element(.data, ...)

summarise_element(.data, ...)

arrange_element(.data, ...)

left_join_element(.data, ...)

tibble_from_element(.data, how = unlist)

data.frame_from_element(.data, how = unlist)
```

Arguments

<code>.data</code>	A BiocSet object.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to the function.
<code>how</code>	Multiple entries will become a list.

Value

A BiocSet object.
For `tibble_from_element`, a tibble.
For `data.frame_from_element`, a data.frame.

Examples

```

es <- BiocSet(set1 = letters, set2 = LETTERS)
filter_element(es, element == "a")

es %>% select_element(element)

es %>% mutate_element(pval = rnorm(1:52))

es %>% summarise_element(n = n())

es %>% arrange_element(desc(element))

tbl <- tibble(x = 1:5, y = letters[1:5])
es <- BiocSet(set1 = letters[c(1,3,5)], set2 = letters[c(2,4)])
left_join_element(es, tbl, by = c(element = "y"))

tibble_from_element(es)

data.frame_from_element(es)

```

import*Importing/exporting*

Description

Importing/exporting and formatting of element sets as a BiocSet object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'GMTFile,ANY,ANY'
import(con, format, text, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'BiocSet,GMTFile,ANY'
export(object, con, format, ...)
```

Arguments

con	For import, the file name or URL the element set is loaded from. For export, the file name or URL the element set is written to.
format	For import, the format of the input. For export, the format of the output.
text	If con is missing this is a character vector directly providing the element set that should be imported.
...	Parameters to pass to the format-specific method
object	For 'export()', the object to be exported.

Value

For 'import()', a BiocSet object

For 'export()', a GMTFile object representing the location where the BiocSet object was written to

Examples

```
gmtFile <- system.file(package = "BiocSet", "extdata",
  "hallmark.gene.symbol.gmt")
tbl <- import(gmtFile)

tbl2 <- BiocSet(set1 = letters, set2 = LETTERS)
f1 <- tempfile(fileext = ".gmt")
gmt <- export(tbl2, f1)
```

intersect_single	<i>Intersect on a single BiocSet object</i>
------------------	---

Description

This function performs an intersection within a single BiocSet object.

Usage

```
intersect_single(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A BiocSet object.
...	Additional arguments passed to function.

Value

A BiocSet object with a single set 'intersect' and intersected elements from x.

Examples

```
es1 <- BiocSet(set1 = letters[c(1:10)], set2 = letters[c(4:20)])
intersect_single(es1)
```

mapping_element	<i>Functions for mapping elements in the element tibble to different id types</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Functions for dealing with unique mapping and multiple mapping. map_add_element will add the mapping as a new column instead of overwriting the current one used for the mapping.

Usage

```
map_unique(es, org, from, to)

map_multiple(
  es,
  org,
  from,
  to,
  multi = c("list", "filter", "asNA", "CharacterList")
)

map_add_element(es, org, from, add)
```

Arguments

es	The BiocSet object to map the elements on.
org	The AnnotationDbi object to identify keys/mappings from.
from	A character to indicate which identifier to map from.
to	A character to indicate which identifier to map to.
multi	How should multiple values be returned? Options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> list: This will just return a list object to the end user. filter: This will remove all elements that contain multiple matches and will therefore return a shorter vector than what came in whenever some of the keys match more than one value. asNA: This will return an NA value whenever there are multiple matches. CharacterList: This just returns a SimpleCharacterList object. FUN: A function can be supplied to the 'multiVals' argument for custom behaviors.
add	The id to add to the BiocSet object.

Value

For `map_unique`, a BiocSet object with unique elements.

For `map_multiple`, a BiocSet object with multiple mappings for certain elements.

For `map_add_element`, a BiocSet object with a new column in the element tibble with the mapping of the new id type.

Examples

```
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
es <- BiocSet(set1 = c("C5", "GANC"), set2 = c("AFM", "CGB1", "ADAM32"))
map_unique(es, org.Hs.eg.db, "SYMBOL", "ENTREZID")

map_multiple(es, org.Hs.eg.db, "SYMBOL", "ENSEMBLTRANS", "asNA")

map <- map_add_element(es, org.Hs.eg.db, "SYMBOL", "ENTREZID")
es %>% mutate_element(entrez = map)
```

`mapping_set`*Functions for mapping sets in the set tibble to different id types*

Description

Functions for creating BiocSet objects from GO sets and KEGG sets, and creating a new set mapping from a current BiocSet object. `map_add_set` will add the mapping as a new column instead of overwriting the current one used for the mapping.

Usage

```
go_sets(org, from, go = c("GO", "GOID"), evidence = NULL, ontology = NULL)
```

```
kegg_sets(species)
```

```
map_set(.data, from, to)
```

```
map_add_set(.data, org, from, add)
```

Arguments

<code>org</code>	The AnnotationDbi object to identify keys/mappings from.
<code>from</code>	A character to indicate which identifier to map from.
<code>go</code>	A character to indicate the column name for the GO ids. Default is "GO".
<code>evidence</code>	A character to indicate the evidence codes for GO associations with a gene of interest. Default is all possible evidence codes.
<code>ontology</code>	A character to indicate which Gene Ontology to use. Default is BP, CC, and MF.
<code>species</code>	Which species the pathways are from.
<code>.data</code>	The BiocSet object that contains the set tibble being mapped.
<code>to</code>	A character to indicate which identifier to map to.
<code>add</code>	The id to add to the BiocSet object.

Value

For `go_sets`, a BiocSet object with GO ids as the set ids.

For `kegg_sets`, a BiocSet object with Entrez IDs reported as elements (default from KEGGREST) and KEGG pathways as sets.

For `map_set`, a BiocSet object with the mapped set present in the set tibble.

For `map_add_set`, a BiocSet object with a new column in the set tibble with the mapping of the new id type.

Examples

```
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
go <- go_sets(org.Hs.eg.db, "ENSEMBL")

kegg_sets("hsa")
```

```
es <- BiocSet(set1 = letters, set2 = LETTERS)
es %>% map_set("set1", "foo")

library(GO.db)
map <- map_add_set(go, GO.db, "GOID", "DEFINITION")
go %>% mutate_set(definition = map)
```

set_funs

Functions applied to sets in a BiocSet object

Description

All of the major methods applied to a BiocSet object can be explicitly applied to the set tibble. These functions bypass the need to use the `es_activate` function by indicating what function should be used on the element tibble.

Usage

```
filter_set(.data, ...)

select_set(.data, ...)

mutate_set(.data, ...)

summarise_set(.data, ...)

arrange_set(.data, ...)

left_join_set(.data, ...)

tibble_from_set(.data, how = unlist)

data.frame_from_set(.data, how = unlist)
```

Arguments

<code>.data</code>	A BiocSet object.
<code>...</code>	Additional argument passed to the function.
<code>how</code>	Multiple entries will become a list.

Value

A BiocSet object.
For `tibble_from_set`, a tibble.
For `data.frame_from_set`, a data.frame.

Examples

```
es <- BiocSet(set1 = letters, set2 = LETTERS)
filter_set(es, set == "set1")

es %>% select_set(set)

es %>% mutate_set(pval = rnorm(1:2))

es %>% summarise_set(n = n())

es %>% arrange_set(desc(set))

tbl <- tibble(x = 10:11, y = c("set1", "set2"))
es <- BiocSet(set1 = letters[c(1,3,5)], set2 = letters[c(2,4)])
left_join_set(es, tbl, by = c(set = "y"))

tibble_from_set(es)

data.frame_from_set(es)
```

union_single

Union on a single BiocSet object

Description

This function performs a union within a single BiocSet object.

Usage

```
union_single(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A BiocSet object.
...	Additional arguments passed to function.

Value

For union_single, a BiocSet object with a single set union and unioned elements from x.

Examples

```
es3 <- BiocSet(set1 = letters[c(1:10)], set2 = letters[c(4:20)])
union_single(es3)
```

`url_ref`*Functions to access reference urls for different identifiers*

Description

Functions to access reference urls for different identifiers

Usage

```
url_ref_element(es)
```

```
url_ref_set(es)
```

```
url_ref(es)
```

Arguments

`es` A BiocSet object that the reference urls should be added to.

Value

For `url_ref_element`, a BiocSet object with the `url` column added to the element tibble.

For `url_ref_set`, a BiocSet object with the `url` column added to the set tibble.

For `url_ref`, a BiocSet object with the `url` column added to both the element and set tibbles.

Examples

```
es <- BiocSet("GO:0000002" = c("TP53", "TNF"), "GO:0000003" = c("IL6"))  
url_ref_element(es)
```

```
url_ref_set(es)
```

```
url_ref(es)
```

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