

# Package ‘genomes’

September 20, 2012

**Type** Package

**Title** Genome sequencing project metadata

**Version** 2.2.0

**Date** 2012-3-23

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**License** Artistic-2.0

**Depends** R (>= 2.10), XML

**biocViews** Annotation, Genetics

**Description** Collects genome sequencing project data from NCBI using E-utility scripts (esearch, esummary, efetch and elink) or from the ENA using the Browser REST URL.

## R topics documented:

complete . . . . .	2
doublingTime . . . . .	3
efetch . . . . .	4
einfo . . . . .	5
elink . . . . .	6
enaExperiment . . . . .	7
enaFiles . . . . .	8
enaProject . . . . .	9
enaSRA . . . . .	10
enaStudy . . . . .	11
enaSubmission . . . . .	12
enaTaxonomy . . . . .	13
esearch . . . . .	14
esummary . . . . .	15
genomes . . . . .	16
genomes-lines . . . . .	16
genomes-plot . . . . .	17
genomes-subset . . . . .	18
genomes-summary . . . . .	19

genomes-update . . . . .	19
genus . . . . .	20
image2 . . . . .	21
lensv . . . . .	22
leuks . . . . .	23
like . . . . .	25
lproks . . . . .	26
ncbiGenome . . . . .	27
ncbiNucleotide . . . . .	28
ncbiProject . . . . .	29
ncbiPubmed . . . . .	30
ncbiRelease . . . . .	31
ncbiSubmit . . . . .	32
ncbiTaxonomy . . . . .	33
plotby . . . . .	34
print.genomes . . . . .	36
pub . . . . .	36
species . . . . .	37
sra . . . . .	38
table2 . . . . .	39
virus . . . . .	40
year . . . . .	41

**Index** **43**

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complete	<i>Complete microbial genome dates</i>
----------	--

---

**Description**

Dates associated with complete microbial genomes at NCBI

**Usage**

data(complete)

**Format**

A data frame with 1787 observations on the following 11 variables.

pid genome project id  
name taxonomy name  
released release date in the lproks table  
genbank genbank ID of the largest chromosome from the comma-separated list in the lproks table  
history the revision history date associated with the genbank ID  
submitted the submission date associated with the genbank ID  
pmid pubmed ID of genome paper from the comma-separated list in the lproks table.  
published the published date of the pubmed ID  
wgs the WGS accession, if previously released as an assembly  
assembled the assembly release date  
source likely source of the lproks release date

**Details**

This table was created to check release dates in the [lproks](#) table. The revision history date was added using [ncbiRelease](#), the submission date using [ncbiSubmit](#), and publication date using the [pub](#) dataset. Currently, 178 complete genomes are mislabeled with the assembly release date (out of 473 that were previously released as an assembly) and the source for 204 others is unknown. Many of the first genomes released report "published" dates.

**Source**

See <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/WGS/WGSprojectlist.cgi> for a list of the 473 assembly projects superceded by a complete genome sequence.

**Examples**

```
data(complete)
# some early genomes use published dates from the wrong paper (eg, 2nd and 4th genomes below)
complete[1:5, ]
# likely source of release dates
table2(complete$source)
# genomes previously submitted as WGS
table(is.na(complete$wgs))
subset(complete, !is.na(wgs))[1:2,]
```

---

 doublingTime

*Doubling time for genome projects*


---

**Description**

Calculates the doubling time of genome sequencing project releases

**Usage**

```
doublingTime(x, subset, time = "days", curdate=TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

x	genomes data frame with class 'genomes'
subset	logical vector indicating rows to keep
time	return doubling time in days (default), months, or years
curdate	include the current date in calculation, if false, then default is range of release dates

**Value**

the doubling time

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**Examples**

```
data(lproks)
doublingTime(lproks)
doublingTime(lproks, status == 'Complete', time='months')
```

---

efetch

*Entrez database downloads*


---

**Description**

Retrieve Entrez database records at NCBI in a variety of formats

**Usage**

```
efetch(id, db = "pubmed", rettype = "", retmode = "text", seq_stop = 700, ...)
```

**Arguments**

id	An EntrezHistory object or vector of Ids
db	An Entrez database, default pubmed
rettype	Retrieval type, see note for details
retmode	Retrieval mode, see note for details
seq_stop	Last sequence base to retrieve. The stop is set low to avoid unintentional downloads of large sequences. Set to NA or an empty string to download the entire sequence.
...	Other key-value pairs passed to the efetch url string

**Value**

A character vector for the given retrieval type and mode.

**Note**

See Table 1 [http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK25499/table/chapter4.chapter4\\_table1](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK25499/table/chapter4.chapter4_table1) for a list of valid retrieval types and modes.

If EntrezHistory results are the input, then the database listed in that object is used. If using a vector of Ids, the database option must be included. Also, do not pass more than 200 Ids to the url (use the History or see the NCBI help pages for other suggestions).

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**References**

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK25499>

## Examples

```
# abstracts from recent bioC articles - use ids to limit the number
x <- esearch("bioconductor[TITLE]", usehistory="n", retmax=5, reldate=360 )
x
efetch(x, rettype="abstract")

# Sequence default is 700 sequences
efetch( esearch( "Yersinia pestis C092[ORGN] AND refseq[FILTER] AND plasmid[Filter]", "nuccore"), rettype=

# set seq_stop = "" for full sequence
efetch(16082679, "nuccore", "fasta", seq_stop="")
```

---

einfo

*Entrez database information*

---

## Description

List all Entrez databases at NCBI or the indexing fields and available links for a specific database

## Usage

```
einfo(db, links=FALSE)
```

## Arguments

db	a valid Entrez database, if missing then all databases are listed
links	list database links, default is fields

## Details

Runs Einfo and parses XML results

## Value

A data.frame listing databases, fields, or links

## Author(s)

Chris Stubben

## References

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK25499>

## Examples

```
einfo()
einfo("bioproject")
einfo("bioproject", TRUE)
```

---

`elink`*Entrez database links*

---

**Description**

Find links between Entrez databases at NCBI

**Usage**

```
elink(id, cmd = "neighbor_history", parse = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>id</code>	An EntrezHistory object or vector of Ids
<code>cmd</code>	Command mode
<code>parse</code>	Parse results into an EntrezHistory object (default) or vector of linked Ids (if <code>cmd="neighbor"</code> ). All other <code>cmd</code> options return XML
<code>...</code>	Other key-value pairs such as <code>dbfrom</code> , <code>db</code> , <code>linkname</code> passed to the <code>elink</code> url string

**Details**

See [einfo](#) to find available links

**Value**

Same as [esearch](#)

**Note**

If EntrezHistory results are the input, then the database listed in that object is used as the `dbfrom` key.

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**References**

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK25499>

**Examples**

```
elink("15718680,157427902", dbfrom="protein", db="gene")
elink("15718680,157427902", dbfrom="protein", db="gene", cmd="neighbor")
# list linknames
einfo("genome", TRUE)[, 1:2]
x <- esearch("Nipah virus", "genome")
# dbfrom is set to "genome" and default link is "genome_nuccore"
y <- elink(x, db="nuccore")
y
# Links to reference AND genbank sequence the reference was derived from
```

```
esummary(y)
# OR link to Other genomes for Species
esummary( elink(x, db="nuccore", linkname="genome_nuccore_samespecies"))
```

---

enaExperiment	<i>ENA SRA experiment details</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

---

## Description

Return details about SRA experiments in the ENA

## Usage

```
enaExperiment(accs, batchsize = 100)
```

## Arguments

accs	a vector of SRA experiments or a range of accessions with prefix SRX, ERX, DRX, etc.
batchsize	number of accs to include in a single comma-separated url string

## Details

Parses some of the tags and values in the XML experiment report

## Value

a data.frame with platform, model and library details like name, layout, source and selection

## Author(s)

Chris Stubben

## References

[http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#sra\\_xml](http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#sra_xml)

## See Also

[sra](#) and [enaSRA](#)

## Examples

```
# compare to http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/data/view/ERX007105
enaExperiment("ERX007105")

# chimps
pan<-enaSRA(9596)
head(pan)
# first experiment in sample
pan2<-enaExperiment(substr(pan$experiment, 1,9))
head(pan2)
table2(pan2$model)
```

---

`enaFiles`*ENA SRA submitted or fastq files*

---

**Description**

Retrieve a list of SRA submitted files or generated fastq files at the ENA

**Usage**

```
enaFiles(acc, file = "submitted")
```

**Arguments**

<code>acc</code>	a vector of SRA accession numbers
<code>file</code>	return submitted (default) or fastq file names

**Value**

a data.frame with experiment details and files names

**Note**

Only a single accession number is allowed in the URL string, so retrieving files from multiple accessions will be slow

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**References**

[http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#sra\\_submitted\\_files](http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#sra_submitted_files)

**Examples**

```
enaFiles("ERP000141")  
enaFiles("ERP000141", "fastq")
```



---

`enaProject`*ENA projects*

---

**Description**

Search for projects at ENA using a taxonomy name or id

**Usage**

```
enaProject(tax, limit = 1000, refseq = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>tax</code>	a taxonomy ID or name
<code>limit</code>	total number of projects to return
<code>refseq</code>	include RefSeq projects

**Details**

Searches the project data from the taxonomy portal at ENA.

**Value**

a data.frame listing projects and submission details

**Note**

URL strings at ENA require a taxonomy ID, so searching by name uses a [ncbiTaxonomy](#) ID lookup at NCBI.

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**References**

[http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#taxonomy\\_portal\\_options](http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#taxonomy_portal_options)

**See Also**

[enaSRA](#) to search for SRA samples.

**Examples**

```
pan<-enaProject(9596)
pan
```

---

enaSRA

*ENA sequence read archive*

---

### Description

Search for SRA samples at the ENA using a taxonomy name or id

### Usage

```
enaSRA(tax, limit = 5000)
```

### Arguments

tax	a taxonomy ID or name
limit	total number of samples to return

### Details

Searches the sra\_sample data from the taxonomy portal at ENA.

### Value

a data.frame listing SRA samples

### Note

URL strings at ENA require a taxonomy ID, so searching by name uses a [ncbiTaxonomy](#) ID lookup.

### Author(s)

Chris Stubben

### References

[http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#taxonomy\\_portal\\_options](http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#taxonomy_portal_options)

### See Also

[sra](#) for all microbial SRA samples and a description of columns. Also see [enaTaxonomy](#) to check the total number of SRAs before downloading

### Examples

```
# chimps
pan<-enaSRA(9596) # or pan<-enaSRA("Pan")
head(pan)
nrow(pan)
table2(pan$center)
bases(sum(pan$bases, na.rm=TRUE))
bases(sum(pan$reads, na.rm=TRUE), round=1)
```

---

enaStudy	<i>ENA SRA study details</i>
----------	------------------------------

---

**Description**

Return details about SRA studies in the ENA

**Usage**

```
enaStudy(accs, batchsize = 100)
```

**Arguments**

accs	a vector of SRA studies or a range of accessions with prefix SRP, ERP, DRP, etc.
batchsize	number of accs to include in a single comma-separated url string

**Value**

a data.frame with study title, type, description, analysis

**Note**

only a few studies have secondary analysis

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**See Also**

[enaSRA](#)

**Examples**

```
# compare to http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/data/view/ERP000054
enaStudy("ERP000054")

# chimps
pan<-enaSRA(9596)
head(pan)
pan2 <-enaStudy(pan$study)
head( pan2, 2)
pan2[, 1:2]
table2(pan2$type)
```

enaSubmission                    *ENA SRA submission dates*

---

### Description

Return details about SRA submissions in the ENA

### Usage

```
enaSubmission(accs, batchsize = 100)
```

### Arguments

accs	a vector of SRA submissions with prefix SRA, ERA, DRA, etc, or a range of accessions
batchsize	number of accs to include in a single comma-separated url string

### Details

Parses the submission date attribute in the submission tag

### Value

a data.frame with acc number, title and submitted date

### Author(s)

Chris Stubben

### References

[http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#sra\\_xml](http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#sra_xml)

### See Also

[sra](#) and [enaSRA](#)

### Examples

```
#compare to http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/data/view/ERA000746
enaSubmission("ERA000746")
# or ranges
# enaSubmission("SRA000600-SRA000610")

# chimps
#pan<-enaSRA(9596)
#head(pan)
#enaSubmission(pan$submission)
```

---

`enaTaxonomy`*ENA taxonomy statistics*

---

**Description**

The number of linked records and total size in the taxonomy portal view at the European Nucleotide Archive (ENA)

**Usage**

```
enaTaxonomy(tax, h = TRUE, round = 0)
```

**Arguments**

<code>tax</code>	a taxonomy ID or name
<code>h</code>	return bases in human-readable format
<code>round</code>	number of digits to round bases

**Value**

a data.frame listing direct and subtree records in eight data classes: Assembled Nucleotide Sequences (release), Annotated Nucleotide Sequence update (std\_update), Whole Genome Shotgun Sequence update (wgs\_update), Genomic Contig Sequence update (con\_update), Protein-coding Sequences (cds), Trace Archive (trace), SRA samples (sra\_sample) and Projects (project).

**Note**

The ENA urls require a taxonomy ID and therefore searching by a taxonomy name will be slower since a separate query to the NCBI taxonomy database is needed.

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**References**

see [http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#taxonomy\\_portal\\_options](http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/about/browser#taxonomy_portal_options) for details

**See Also**

[ncbiTaxonomy](#)

**Examples**

```
# COMPARE to http://www.ebi.ac.uk/ena/data/view/display=html&Taxon:2
enaTaxonomy("Bacteria")
# common names
enaTaxonomy("human")
# root
enaTaxonomy(1)
```

---

esearch *Entrez database search*

---

### Description

Search Entrez databases at NCBI

### Usage

```
esearch(term, db = "pubmed", usehistory = "y", parse = TRUE, verbose=TRUE, showURL=FALSE, ...)
```

### Arguments

term	Any valid combination of Entrez search terms or a vector of accessions
db	An Entrez database, default pubmed
usehistory	Save results to History server for subsequent calls
parse	If false, the XML output is returned
verbose	Print number of results found
showURL	Print url string
...	Other key-value pairs passed to esearch url string

### Details

See `efetch()` for a list of valid Entrez database names and search fields. If `usehistory="n"`, the default number of ids returned is 20 (set a `retmax` option to increase the default limit). If a vector of accessions are input, the terms are pasted together in a comma-separated list for searching by Primary Accession.

### Value

Either an `EntrezHistory` data.frame listing the database, `query_key` and `WebEnv` (default), a vector of Ids if `usehistory="n"`, or the raw XML output if `parse=FALSE`. The default `EntrezHistory` object may be passed directly to the other E-utilities.

### Author(s)

Chris Stubben

### References

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK25499>

### Examples

```
# EntrezHistory object
esearch("bioconductor[TITLE]", showURL=TRUE)
# taxonomy IDs
esearch("mouse", db="taxonomy", usehistory="n")
esearch("AE017223 OR ACBJ000000000", db="nuccore")
# comma-separated (or vector) to search Primary accessions
esummary( esearch("AE017223,ACBJ000000000", db="nuccore"))
```

---

 esummary

*Entrez database summaries*


---

**Description**

Summaries of Entrez database records at NCBI

**Usage**

```
esummary(id, db = "pubmed", parse = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

id	An EntrezHistory object or vector of Ids
db	An Entrez database, default pubmed
parse	Parse the XML results into a data.frame
...	Other key-value pairs passed to the esummary url string

**Value**

A data.frame or XML results if parse=FALSE

**Note**

If EntrezHistory results are the input, then the database listed in that object is used. If using a vector of Ids, the database option must be included. Also, do not pass more than 200 Ids to the url (use the History or see the NCBI help pages for other suggestions).

Some records may be missing fields and then constructing a data.frame will return warnings. For example, the DOI field is missing in many Pubmed records. You can also set the version="2.0" to return the version 2.0 ESummary XML.

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**References**

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK25499>

**Examples**

```
# BioC articles published in the last year
# use entrez search field or esearch reldate key
# bioconductor[TITLE] AND 2012[Date - Publication]
x <- esearch("bioconductor[TITLE]", reldate=360)
y <- esummary(x, version="2.0")
y[, c(1, 42, 6, 3, 8, 10)]
# Y. pestis C092 refseqs
x <- esearch("Yersinia pestis C092[ORGN] AND refseq[FILTER]", "nucore")
y <- esummary(x)
y[, c(2,3,5,10)]
```

```
# Taxonomy database
esummary(esearch("Mouse[Subtree]", db="taxonomy"))
```

---

genomes                      *Introduction to the genomes package*

---

### Description

Genomes sequencing project statistics from prokaryotes, eukaryotes, and metagenomes.

### Author(s)

Chris Stubben <stubben@lanl.gov>

### Examples

```
data(lproks)
lproks
summary(lproks)
plot(lproks)
## Not run: update(lproks)
```

---

genomes-lines                      *Add lines to a genomes plot*

---

### Description

Add lines representing the cumulative number of genomes by released date to a genome plot.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'genomes'
lines(x, subset, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	genomes data frame with class 'genomes'
subset	logical vector indicating rows to keep
...	additional arguments passed to lines

### Details

Use `plotby` to plot multiple lines within the same genome table. This function adds new lines from different genome tables to the same plot.

### Author(s)

Chris Stubben



**See Also**[plotby](#)**Examples**

```

data(lproks)
data(leuks)
data(lenvs)
plot(lproks, log='y', las=1, lty=3)
lines(leuks, col="red", lty=2)
lines(lenvs, col="green3", lty=1)
legend("topleft", c("Microbes", "Eukaryotes", "Metagenomes"),
      bty='n', lty=3:1, col=c("blue", "red", "green3"))

```

genomes-plot

*Genome table plots by release date***Description**

Generic function for plotting the cumulative number of genomes by released date for genome tables

**Usage**

```

## S3 method for class 'genomes'
plot(x, subset,
     xlab = "Release Date", ylab = "Genomes",
     type = "l", col = "blue", ...)

```

**Arguments**

x	a genomes data frame with class 'genomes'
subset	logical vector indicating rows to keep
xlab	x-axis label
ylab	y-axis label
type	type of plot, default is a blue line
col	color
...	additional arguments passed to plot

**Value**

A plot of the cumulative total of genomes by release date.

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**See Also**

[plotby](#) to plot release dates by any grouping column

**Examples**

```
data(lproks)
plot(lproks)
plot(lproks, name %like% 'Yersinia*', ylab="Yersinia genomes")
```

---

genomes-subset

*Subset genome tables*

---

**Description**

Return subsets of a genome table.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'genomes'
subset(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	a genomes data.frame
...	additional arguments ignored

**Details**

Preserves the genomes class and other attributes if name and released columns are present, otherwise the subsetting operation will return a data.frame. Update methods will not work on subsets of genome tables, but the other genome functions will work

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**Examples**

```
data(lproks)
yp<-subset(lproks, name %like% 'Yersinia pest*')
yp
summary(yp)
```

---

genomes-summary	<i>Genome table summaries</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

---

**Description**

Generic function for summarizing genome tables

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'genomes'  
summary(object, subset, top = 5, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	a genomes data frame
subset	logical vector indicating rows to keep
top	number of recently released genomes to display, default is 5
...	additional arguments are currently ignored

**Value**

A list with 2 or 3 elements: the total number of genomes, counts by status (if column is present), and a table listing recent submissions.

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**See Also**

[plot.genomes](#)

**Examples**

```
data(leuks)  
summary(leuks)  
summary(leuks, group=='Fungi')
```

---

genomes-update	<i>Genome table updates</i>
----------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Generic function for updating genome tables.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'genomes'  
update(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object            a genomes data frame to update  
 ...                additional arguments are currently ignored

**Details**

update will retrieve the new genome table using the update string in `attr(object, 'update')`. The new table will replace the existing version, *but not permanently*, since reloading the dataset using `data` will restore the older version. If you have write permission, one option is to use [system.file](#) to replace the data set (see the example below).

**Value**

Returns the updated genome table and a count of the number of new IDs added and old IDs removed. Old IDs are typically assembly genomes in NCBI tables that have been released as a single complete genome.

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**See Also**

[genomes-summary](#), [genomes-plot](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run: data(lproks)
## Not run: update(lproks)

# to replace the data set permanently
x <- system.file("data", "lproks.rda", package="genomes")
x
## Not run: save(lproks, file=x)
```

---

genus

*Extract the genus name*

---

**Description**

Extracts the genus name from a scientific name (latin binomial)

**Usage**

`genus(x)`

**Arguments**

x                    A vector of scientific names

**Details**

Returns the first word in the scientific name. For candidate species labeled *Candidatus*, then the second word is returned.

**Value**

A vector of genus names

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**See Also**

[species](#)

**Examples**

```
genus("Bacillus anthracis Ames")
data(lproks)
x <- table2(genus(lproks$name))[1:10,]
dotchart(rev(x), xlab="Genomes", pch=16)
```

---

image2

*Display a matrix image*

---

**Description**

Creates a grid of colored rectangles to display a matrix

**Usage**

```
image2(x, col = rev(heat.colors(24)), breaks, log = FALSE,
       zeroNA=TRUE, sort01=FALSE, all=FALSE, border = NA, box.offset = 0.1,
       round = 3, cex, text.cex = 1, text.col = "black", mar = c(1, 3, 3, 1),
       labels = 2:3, label.offset = 0.1, label.cex = 1)
```

**Arguments**

x	A numeric matrix, typically with row and column names
col	A vector of colors for boxes
breaks	A numeric vector of break points or number of intervals into which x is to be <a href="#">cut</a> . Default is the length of col
log	Cut values in x using a log scale, default TRUE
zeroNA	Set zeros to NA (and color white)
sort01	Sort rows in descending order using the entire string of numbers
all	Display entire matrix, default is first 50 rows and columns
border	The border color for boxes, default is no borders
box.offset	Percent reduction in box size (a number between 0 and 1), default is 10% reduction

round	Number of decimal places to display values of x in each box
cex	Magnification size of text and labels, if specified this will replace values in both text.cex and label.cex
text.cex	Magnification size of text in cells only
text.col	Color of text in cells, use NA to skip text labels
mar	Margins on four sides of plot
labels	A vector giving sides of the plot (1=bottom, 2=left, 3=top, 4=right) for row and column labels
label.offset	Amount of space between label and boxes
label.cex	Magnification size of labels

### Details

Missing values (NAs) and zeroes are assigned to the color white (unless zeroNA is FALSE) and remaining values are cut into groups and colored using the assigned values.

### Value

A image plot of the matrix in x

### Author(s)

Chris Stubben

### See Also

[image](#)

### Examples

```
## top 20 Genus by year
data(lproks)
z<-table2(genus(lproks$name), year(lproks$released), n=20)
image2(z[, -ncol(z)], sort=TRUE, mar=c(1,10,3,1), cex=.8)
```

---

lenvs

*Metagenome sequencing projects at NCBI*

---

### Description

Metagenome sequencing projects from the Entrez genome project at NCBI

### Usage

```
data(lenvs)
```

**Format**

A genomes data frame with observations on the following 10 variables.

pid genome project id  
name metagenome title or taxonomy name  
released released date  
source metagenome source  
type metagenome type, environmental (E) or organismal (O)  
accession comma-separated list of accession numbers  
parent parent genome project id  
center sequencing center  
blast has blast page  
traces has traces

**Details**

This table is no longer supported by NCBI. See <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/About/news/17Nov2011.html> for details.

**Source**

downloaded from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/lenvs.cgi>

**Examples**

```
data(lenvs)
lenvs
## single row
t(lenvs[1,])
plot(lenvs)
summary(lenvs)
```

---

leuks

*Eukaryotic genome projects at NCBI*

---

**Description**

Eukaryotic genome sequencing projects at NCBI

**Usage**

```
data(leuks)
```

**Format**

A genomes data frame with observations on the following 20 variables.

pid genome project id  
 name taxonomy name  
 status sequencing status  
 released released date  
 group taxonomy group (animals, fungi, protists, or plants)  
 subgroup taxonomy subgroup  
 taxid taxonomy id  
 size genome size (Mbp)  
 chromosomes number of chromosomes  
 method sequencing method  
 depth depth or coverage  
 center pipe-separated list of sequencing centers  
 genbank has GenBank sequences  
 pubmed has PubMed  
 refseq has RefSeq sequences  
 gene has Gene link  
 traces has Traces  
 blast has Blast page  
 mapview has MapView  
 ftp comma-separated list of ftps

**Details**

This table is no longer supported by NCBI. See <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/About/news/17Nov2011.html> for details.

**Source**

downloaded from Entrez genome project at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/leuks.cgi>

**Examples**

```
data(leuks)
leuks
# single row, long format
t(leuks[1,])
plot(leuks)
summary(leuks)
dotchart(sort(table(leuks$subgroup)), pch=16, xlab="Genome projects")
```



---

like

*Pattern matching using wildcards*

---

## Description

Pattern matching using wildcards

## Usage

```
x %like% pattern
```

## Arguments

pattern	character string containing the pattern to be matched
x	values to be matched

## Details

Only wildcards matching a single character '?' or zero or more characters '\*' are allowed. Matches are case-insensitive. The pattern is first converted to a regular expression using [glob2rx](#) then matched to values in x using [grep](#).

This is a shortcut for a commonly used expression found in the [subset](#) example where `nm %in% grep("^M", nm, value=)` simplifies to `nm %like% 'M*'`.

## Value

A logical vector indicating if there is a match or not. This will mostly be useful in conjunction with the [subset](#) function.

## Author(s)

Chris Stubben

## See Also

[grep](#), [glob2rx](#), [subset](#)

## Examples

```
data(lproks)
subset(lproks, name %like% 'Yersinia*', c(name, released))
# also works with date or numeric fields
subset(lproks, released %like% '2008-01*', c(name, released))
```

---

lproks

*Microbial genome projects at NCBI*


---

**Description**

Microbial genomes from Entrez genome project at NCBI.

**Usage**

```
data(lproks)
```

**Format**

A genomes data frame with observations on the following 31 variables.

pid genome project id

name taxonomy name

status sequencing status, Complete, Assembly, or In Progress genomes

released released date, complete and WGS genomes only

refseq\_pid RefSeq project id

taxid taxonomy id

kingdom kingdom

group phylum or class

size genome size (Mbp)

GC percent GC content

chromosomes number of chromosomes, complete genomes only

plasmids number of plasmids, complete genomes only

modified modified date, complete genomes only

genbank comma-separated list of GenBank accession numbers

refseq comma-separated list of RefSeq accession numbers

publication comma-separated list of PubMed ids, complete genomes only

center pipe-separated list of sequencing centers

contigs number of genome contigs. For complete genomes, contigs are the sum of chromosomes and plasmids

cds number of coding sequences, WGS only

url sequencing center url, WGS and In Progress genomes only

gram gram stain

shape shape

arrange arrangement

endospore endospores

motility motility

salinity salinity

oxygen oxygen requirement

habitat habitat  
temp temperature preference  
range temperature range  
pathogen pathogenic in host  
disease disease

## Details

This table is constructed using all three tabs at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/lproks.cgi>. Complete genomes and In Progress tabs are combined and then joined to the Organism Info tab. A few manual updates were also added: 725 missing released dates from GenBank assemblies were added, 178 complete genomes with assembly released dates were corrected (see [complete](#)), and genome size outliers were removed.

The `update(genomes)` function downloads a recent copy of the table from NCBI. The number of new project IDs are reported as well as the number of project IDs removed (which are typically Assembly genomes that are now available as a Complete sequence).

This table is no longer supported by NCBI. See <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/About/news/17Nov2011.html> for details.

## Source

downloaded from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/lproks.cgi>

## Examples

```
data(lproks)
lproks
#single row (long format)
t(lproks[1,])
class(lproks)
## download stats
attributes(lproks)[c("stats", "date", "url")]
summary(lproks)
## check for missing release dates
table2(!is.na(lproks$released), lproks$status, dnn=list("Released Date?", "Status"))
plot(lproks)
plotby(lproks, log='y', las=1)
## download recent table from NCBI
## Not run: update(lproks)
## Yersinia genomes
yp <- subset(lproks, name %like% 'Yersinia*')
yp
summary(yp)
plotby(yp, labels=TRUE, cex=.7, lbty='n')
```

---

ncbiGenome

*NCBI Genome links to the Nucleotide database*


---

## Description

Search Entrez Genome at NCBI and retrieves linked genomes in the Nucleotide database

**Usage**

```
ncbiGenome(term, refseq=FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

term	Any valid combination of Entrez search terms
refseq	Include RefSeq genomes, default is GenBank submissions

**Details**

Searches Entrez Genome and finds linked sequences in Entrez Nucleotide using genome\_nucore (Assembly) and then finds related sequences using nucore\_nucore\_samespecies\_rsgb (Other INSDC Genome Sequences). The genome\_nucore link includes the Reference and Genbank acc that Reference was derived from (and refseq option is used to exclude duplicate RefSeq from results).

**Value**

A genomes data frame with acc, name, created, taxid, size, gi and other fields.

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**References**

A description of the Entrez programming utilities is at <http://eutils.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>.

**Examples**

```
ncbiGenome('Nipah virus[orgn]')
ncbiGenome('Nipah virus[orgn]', refseq=TRUE)
```

---

ncbiNucleotide

*NCBI Nucleotide database*

---

**Description**

Search Entrez Nucleotide at NCBI and retrieve summary tables

**Usage**

```
ncbiNucleotide(term)
```

**Arguments**

term	Any valid combination of Entrez search terms or a vector of accessions numbers
------	--

**Details**

Returns a summary from Entrez Nucleotide.

**Value**

A genomes data frame with acc, name, released, taxid, size, gi and other fields

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**References**

A description of the Entrez programming utilities is at <http://eutils.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>.

**See Also**

[ncbiGenome](#)

**Examples**

```
ncbiNucleotide("AL117189,AL109969,AL117211")[,1:6]
# Exclude Patents and Refseq
marb <- ncbiNucleotide( "Marburgvirus[ORGN] NOT gbdiv_pat[PROP] NOT srcdb_refseq[PROP]")
marb
# two peaks in size distribution (partial and complete sequences)
hist(marb$size, col="blue", br=30, main="Marburg virus sequences", xlab="Length (bp)")
```

---

ncbiProject

*NCBI BioProject database*

---

**Description**

Search the Entrez BioProject (Genome Project) at NCBI and retrieve a project summary table

**Usage**

```
ncbiProject(term, refseq = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

term	any valid combination of Entrez search terms
refseq	include RefSeq and Overview projects, if false then only primary submissions excluding RefSeq.

**Details**

Searches the new BioProject database using the ESearch utility

**Value**

A genomes data frame with 32 summary fields columns

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**References**

A description of the Entrez programming utilities is at <http://eutils.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>.

**See Also**

[ncbiGenome](#)

**Examples**

```
#ncbiProject("Pan[ORGN]")
x <- ncbiProject("Yersinia[ORGN]")
x
t(x[2,]) #second row
summary(x)
```

---

ncbiPubmed

*NCBI PubMed database*


---

**Description**

Searches the PubMed database at NCBI and returns a short citation with author, year, title, journal and published date.

**Usage**

```
ncbiPubmed(term)
```

**Arguments**

term                    Any valid combination of Entrez search terms or a vector of pubmed IDs

**Details**

The function searches the PubMed database and parses the efetch XML summary to return a short citation

**Value**

A data.frame with 9 columns

pmid	PubMed id
authors	first 3 author names
year	year journal was published
title	title
journal	journal name

volume	volume number
pages	pages
pubdate	date journal was published (from PubDate tag)
artdate	date electronic copy was available (from ArticleDate tag)

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**See Also**

[pub](#) for complete microbial genome publications

**Examples**

```
data(lproks)
yp<-subset(lproks, name %like% 'Yersinia*C092')
# comma-separated list
yp$publication
ncbiPubmed(yp$publication)
# or vector
ncbiPubmed( c(7542800, 7569993))
```

---

ncbiRelease

*NCBI revision history*


---

**Description**

Returns the date a sequence was first seen at NCBI using the revision history display.

**Usage**

```
ncbiRelease(ids, db="nuccore", common=TRUE, random=20)
```

**Arguments**

ids	A vector or comma-separated list of sequence accessions or GI numbers
db	Entrez sequence database to search, default nuccore
common	If replaced sequences are found, search for the earliest date in the common revision history
random	The number of replaced sequences to search

**Details**

Searches the revision history display and parses the line listing the date a sequence was *first seen at NCBI*. In some cases, a sequence replaces earlier IDs and if the common option is TRUE, the earliest date of the replaced sequences is returned instead. Also, since a sequence accession may replace 500 or more ids, a random sample of the replaced sequences will be checked.

**Value**

A data frame listing the accession, release date, and whether replaced sequences are found

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
#Yersinia pestis - 1 chromosome and 3 plasmids
ncbiRelease("AL590842,AL117189,AL109969,AL117211")
# or skip common revision history
ncbiRelease("AL590842", common=FALSE)

## End(Not run)
# Protein acc
ncbiRelease("CAA21395", db="protein")
```

---

ncbiSubmit

*NCBI submission dates*


---

**Description**

Returns the date a sequence was submitted to NCBI using the Direct Submission line in the GenBank file

**Usage**

```
ncbiSubmit(term, db = "nuccore")
```

**Arguments**

term	Any valid combination of Entrez search terms or a vector of accessions numbers
db	Entrez sequence database to search, default nuccore

**Details**

Searches an Entrez sequence database, downloads GenBank files and parses the JOURNAL line containing a submitted date, for example, JOURNAL Submitted (03-SEP-1999) . . . .

**Value**

a data.frame with accession, definition, and submitted date

**Note**

If more than two submitted dates are found, then the earliest date is returned. This script uses E-fetch, so retrievals to the genome and other database will not work.



**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**See Also**[ncbiRelease](#)**Examples**

```
#Yersinia pestis reference sequences
ncbiSubmit("Yersinia pestis C092[ORGN] AND refseq[FILTER]")
# Ebola virus - no patents or references
ebola<- ncbiSubmit("Ebolavirus[ORGN] NOT gbdiv_pat[PROP] NOT refseq[FILTER]")
head(ebola)
# a few early submissions may be missing
subset(ebola, is.na(submitted))
table(year(ebola$submit))
```

---

`ncbiTaxonomy`*NCBI taxonomy database*

---

**Description**

Search the Entrez taxonomy database at NCBI

**Usage**`ncbiTaxonomy(term, summary=TRUE)`**Arguments**

<code>term</code>	either a valid Entrez search term or a vector of taxonomy Ids or names
<code>summary</code>	return results using Esummary (default) or Efetch

**Details**

This function uses either Esummary or Efetch to return taxonomy data from NCBI. The Efetch XML include parent ids and lineage tags not found in Esummary XML. The term may be also be a vector of taxonomy Ids (joined using a comma) or taxonomy names (joined using "OR").

**Value**

a data.frame

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**References**NCBI taxonomy database <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/entrez?db=taxonomy>

**See Also**

[einfo](#) for a list of fields in the taxonomy database.

**Examples**

```
ncbiTaxonomy(c("Bacillus anthracis", "Yersinia pestis"))
ncbiTaxonomy("cellular organisms[Next Level]")
# new Hantavirus species added in 2012
ncbiTaxonomy("Hantavirus[subtree] AND 2012[date] AND species[rank]")
# efetch results
ncbiTaxonomy (1145238, FALSE)
# can also use Lineage field
ncbiTaxonomy("Necocli virus[Lineage]")
```

---

plotby

*Plot groups of genomes by release date*

---

**Description**

Plots the cumulative number of genomes by released date for different groups of genomes

**Usage**

```
plotby(x, groupby = "status", subset = NA, top = 5,
labels = FALSE, curdate=TRUE, abbrev = TRUE, flip = NA,
  legend = "topleft", lbty = "o", lcol = 1, ltitle = NULL, lcex = 1,
  lsort = TRUE, cex = 1, inset=0, ylim = NA, las = 1, lwd = 1, log = "",
xlab = "Release Date", ylab = "Genomes", type='l',
col = c("blue", "red", "green3", "magenta", "yellow"),
lty = 1:top, pch = c(15:18, 1:3), ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	a genomes data frame
groupby	a column name in the genomes table or a vector to group by
subset	logical vector indicating rows to keep
top	number of top groups to display
labels	plot a single line with labeled points using genome name column
curdate	include the current date on x-axis, if false, then default is range of release dates
abbrev	abbreviated genome names
flip	a number indicating where to flip labels from right to left, default is middle of plot
legend	a legend keyword or vector of x,y coordinates, defaults to top-left corner. Use NA for no legend
lbty	legend box type
lcol	number of columns in legend

ltitle	legend title
lcex	legend size expansion
inset	inset legend distances(s)
lsort	sort legend by decreasing order of genomes, default true
cex	label size expansion
ylim	y axis limits
las	rotate axis labels
lwd	line width
log	log scale
xlab	x axis label
ylab	y axis label
type	plot type
col	line or point colors
lty	line type
pch	point type
...	additional items passed to plot

### Details

Two different plot types are available. The default is to plot multiple lines, one for each group (like [matplot](#)). If `labels=TRUE`, then a single line is drawn with different labeled points for each group.

### Value

A plot of released dates by group

### Author(s)

Chris Stubben

### See Also

[plot.genomes](#)

### Examples

```
data(lproks)
# default group is status
plotby(lproks)
plotby(lproks, 'habitat', top=3)

## groupby can be a vector
plotby(lproks, genus(lproks$name), log='y', lcex=.7)
plotby(lproks, factor(lproks$pathogen %in% c("No"),
  labels=c("Pathogen", "Non-pathogen")), pathogen!="")

# OR plot labels
plotby(lproks, subset=name %like% 'Yersinia pestis*', labels=TRUE, cex=.7, lbty='n')
```

---

print.genomes                    *Print genome tables*

---

**Description**

Print method for genome tables

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'genomes'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                    a genomes data.frame  
...                  additional arguments ignored

**Details**

Prints the first four columns and first five and last row of a genomes data.frame. To view all the columns in a genome table, you can either select fewer than 7 rows or convert the object to a data.frame (data.frame(lproks) )

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**Examples**

```
data(lproks)  
lproks  
## full table printed if 6 rows or less  
lproks[1,]
```

---

pub                                *Complete microbial genome publications*

---

**Description**

Complete microbial genome publications at NCBI

**Usage**

```
data(pub)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 1000 observations on the following 10 variables.

pmid PubMed id  
 date published date  
 authors first 3 author names  
 year year journal was published  
 title title  
 journal journal name  
 volume volume number  
 pages pages  
 pubdate date journal was published (from PubDate tag)  
 artdate date electronic copy was available (from ArticleDate tag)

**Details**

This file was created by selecting 1160 complete microbial genomes with publications in the `lproks` table and downloading the unique citations using `ncbiPubmed`. The 113 genomes with two or more listed publications were checked to identify the likely genome paper from the list of comma-separated pubmed IDs (the genome paper was the first pubmed ID in 75 of the 113 projects). The published date was added by formatting the `pubdate` column, except for 237 papers with only a year listed - in these cases the `artdate` column was used.

**Source**

The `lproks` table at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/lproks.cgi>

**Examples**

```
data(pub)
pub[1:2,]
z<-table2(pub$journal, pub$year, n=15)
image2(z[, -ncol(z)], sort=TRUE, mar=c(1,10,3,1), cex=.8, log=TRUE)
```

---

species	<i>Extract the species name</i>
---------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

Extracts the species name from a scientific name

**Usage**

```
species(x, abbrev=FALSE, epithet=FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

x	A vector of scientific names
abbrev	Abbreviate the genus name
epithet	Return only the specific epithet (default is genus + specific epithet)

**Details**

Returns the species name. For candidate species labeled *Candidatus*, the qualifier is not included

**Value**

A vector of species names

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**See Also**

[genus](#)

**Examples**

```
species("Bacillus anthracis Ames")
species("Bacillus anthracis Ames", abbrev=TRUE)
species("Bacillus anthracis Ames", epithet=TRUE)
data(lproks)
x <- table2(species(lproks$name))[1:10,]
dotchart(rev(x), xlab="Genomes", pch=16)
## abbreviate genus name
x <- subset(lproks, name %like% 'Bacillus*')
x <- table2(species(x$name))[1:10, ]
names(x) <- species(names(x), TRUE)
dotchart(rev(x), xlab=expression(italic(Bacillus) ~ genomes), pch=16)
```

---

sra

*Microbial SRA samples at the ENA*

---

**Description**

Next-generation sequencing projects from microbes in the Sequence Read Archive (SRA) at the European Nucleotide Archive (ENA).

**Usage**

```
data(sra)
```

**Format**

A data frame with 18279 observations on the following 13 variables.

```
taxid taxonomy id
name scientific name (if missing, then title)
alias name qualifier from alias attribute
sample SRA sample
submission SRA submission
```

```

study SRA study
experiment SRA experiment
center sequencing center
bases number of bases
reads number of reads
submit submission date
model model of sequencer
type study type

```

### Details

Downloaded from ENA on Oct 27, 2011. Created by joining `enaSRA("Bacteria")` and `enaSRA("Archaea")` and adding submission dates using [enaSubmission](#), model using [enaExperiment](#) and study type using [enaStudy](#). Microbes represent ~6% of the total bases in the SRA.

### Source

SRA sample portal at ENA

### Examples

```

data(sra)

table2(species( sra$name))
table2(sra$center)
table2(sra$model)
table2(sra$study)

#Average read lengths by model
data.frame(read=round(tapply(sra$bases/sra$reads, list(sra$model ), mean, na.rm=TRUE), 1))

# image plot by model and year
y <- tapply(sra$bases, list(sra$model, year( sra$submit ) ), sum, na.rm=TRUE)
image2( y / 1e9, mar=c(1,11, 4,1) , log=TRUE, round=1)
title("Total microbial bases submitted per year (billions)", cex.main=1, line=2)

```

---

table2	<i>Format and sort a contingency table</i>
--------	--

---

### Description

Formats the output of [table](#) into an matrix ordered by total counts in descending order

### Usage

```
table2(..., n = 10)
```

**Arguments**

... one or more objects passed to [table](#)  
 n number of rows to display, default 10

**Details**

Currently limited to 1 or 2 dimensional table arrays.

**Value**

A matrix, sorted by total counts in descending order. Any rows or columns with zero counts are also removed from the matrix.

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**See Also**

[table](#)

**Examples**

```
data(leuks)
table(leuks$subgroup)
table2(leuks$subgroup)
## to display all rows, use NA or a large number...
table2(leuks$subgroup, n=100)
# 2-d table
table2(leuks$group, format(leuks$released, "%Y"))
```

---

virus

*Virus genomes at NCBI*

---

**Description**

Viral reference genome sequencing projects at NCBI.

**Usage**

```
data(virus)
```

**Format**

A genomes data frame with the following 10 variables.

name virus name  
 released release date  
 neighbors number of Genome Neighbors  
 segments number of segments  
 refseq RefSeq accession number



isolate isolate name  
 size genome size (nt)  
 proteins number of proteins  
 host host name  
 updated modified date

### Details

Please refer to the Viral genomes page at NCBI <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/GenomesHome.cgi?taxid=10239&hopt=aboutsites> for details on Reference genomes. One Reference genome is selected per viral species and other strains are linked as Genome Neighbors (other complete sequences for the species). See the [ncbiGenome](#) function to get a list of Genome neighbors.

Summing the number of segments in this table should return the total number of reference sequences; however, summing the number of genome neighbors will not return the number of linked GenBank sequences since many counts are duplicated or missing (eg, Dengue virus neighbors are listed 4 times, Influenza A and B neighbors are missing).

### Source

downloaded from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/GenomesGroup.cgi?taxid=10239&opt=Virus&sort=genome>

### Examples

```
data(virus)
plot(virus)
summary(virus)
sum(virus$segments)
# some neighbors repeat (others are missing)
subset(virus, name %like% 'Dengue*')
subset(virus, name %like% 'Monkey*')
# list linked neighbors
# ncbiGenome("Monkeypox virus[orgn]")

## most common phages
table2(species(grep("phage", virus$name, value=TRUE)))
```

---

year

*Parse a date string*

---

### Description

Parses the year or month from a date

### Usage

```
year(x)
month(x)
```

**Arguments**

x a date

**Details**

functions are a shortcut for `as.numeric(format.Date(x, "%Y"))`

**Value**

the year or month

**Author(s)**

Chris Stubben

**Examples**

```
data(lproks)
table(year(lproks$released))
# just complete genomes
table(year(lproks$released[lproks$status=="Complete"]))
```

# Index

- \*Topic **color**
  - image2, 21
- \*Topic **datasets**
  - complete, 2
  - lenvs, 22
  - leuks, 23
  - lproks, 26
  - pub, 36
  - sra, 38
  - virus, 40
- \*Topic **hplot**
  - genomes-lines, 16
  - genomes-plot, 17
  - plotby, 34
- \*Topic **manip**
  - like, 25
- \*Topic **methods**
  - doublingTime, 3
  - efetch, 4
  - einfo, 5
  - elink, 6
  - enaExperiment, 7
  - enaFiles, 8
  - enaProject, 9
  - enaSRA, 10
  - enaStudy, 11
  - enaSubmission, 12
  - enaTaxonomy, 13
  - esearch, 14
  - esummary, 15
  - genomes-subset, 18
  - genomes-summary, 19
  - genomes-update, 19
  - genus, 20
  - ncbiGenome, 27
  - ncbiNucleotide, 28
  - ncbiProject, 29
  - ncbiPubmed, 30
  - ncbiRelease, 31
  - ncbiSubmit, 32
  - ncbiTaxonomy, 33
  - print.genomes, 36
  - species, 37
  - table2, 39
  - year, 41
- \*Topic **package**
  - genomes, 16
- %like%(like), 25
- complete, 2, 27
- cut, 21
- doublingTime, 3
- efetch, 4
- einfo, 5, 6, 34
- elink, 6
- enaExperiment, 7, 39
- enaFiles, 8
- enaProject, 9
- enaSRA, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12
- enaStudy, 11, 39
- enaSubmission, 12, 39
- enaTaxonomy, 10, 13
- esearch, 6, 14
- esummary, 15
- genomes, 16
- genomes-lines, 16
- genomes-plot, 17
- genomes-subset, 18
- genomes-summary, 19
- genomes-update, 19
- genus, 20, 38
- glob2rx, 25
- grep, 25
- image, 22
- image2, 21
- lenvs, 22
- leuks, 23
- like, 25
- lines.genomes (genomes-lines), 16
- lproks, 3, 26, 37
- matplotlib, 35
- month (year), 41

ncbiGenome, [27](#), [29](#), [30](#), [41](#)  
ncbiNucleotide, [28](#)  
ncbiProject, [29](#)  
ncbiPubmed, [30](#), [37](#)  
ncbiRelease, [3](#), [31](#), [33](#)  
ncbiSubmit, [3](#), [32](#)  
ncbiTaxonomy, [9](#), [10](#), [13](#), [33](#)

plot.genomes, [19](#), [35](#)  
plot.genomes (genomes-plot), [17](#)  
plotby, [16–18](#), [34](#)  
print.genomes, [36](#)  
pub, [3](#), [31](#), [36](#)

species, [21](#), [37](#)  
sra, [7](#), [10](#), [12](#), [38](#)  
subset, [25](#)  
subset.genomes (genomes-subset), [18](#)  
summary.genomes (genomes-summary), [19](#)  
system.file, [20](#)

table, [39](#), [40](#)  
table2, [39](#)

update.genomes (genomes-update), [19](#)

virus, [40](#)

year, [41](#)